THONBURI HEALTHCARE GROUP PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED

CONSOLIDATED AND SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 DECEMBER 2023

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Shareholders and the Board of Directors of Thonburi Healthcare Group Public Company Limited

My opinion

In my opinion, the consolidated financial statements and the separate financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of Thonburi Healthcare Group Public Company Limited ("the Company") and its subsidiaries ("the Group") and the separate financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2023, and its consolidated and separate financial performance and its consolidated and separate cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards ("TFRS").

What I have audited

The consolidated financial statements and the separate financial statements comprise:

- the consolidated and separate statements of financial position as at 31 December 2023;
- the consolidated and separate statements of comprehensive income for the year then ended;
- the consolidated and separate statements of changes in equity for the year then ended;
- the consolidated and separate statements of cash flows for the year then ended; and
- the notes to the consolidated and separate financial statements, which include significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Basis for opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with Thai Standards on Auditing (TSAs). My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements section of my report. I am independent of the Group and the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants including Independence Standards issued by the Federation of Accounting Professions (TFAC Code) that are relevant to my audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements, and I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the TFAC Code. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in my professional judgement, were of most significance in my audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements of the current period. I determine two key audit matters: Revenue recognition and Acquisition of Trang Medical Trading Co., Ltd. The matters were addressed in the context of my audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements as a whole, and in forming my opinion thereon, and I do not provide a separate opinion on the matter.

Key audit matter

How my audit addressed the key audit matter

Revenue recognition

Refer to Note 4.23 'Accounting policies - Revenue recognition' to the consolidated and separate financial statements

There are various types of revenue from the hospital business of the Group, such as medical treatments, doctors' fees, in-patient room, and sales of medicines and medical supplies. There are also different discount conditions applied for each agreement signed. The Group recognises revenues from the hospital business when services are rendered or when medicines and medical supplies are delivered.

I focussed on this area because the amount of revenue from the hospital business was material to the financial statements. And there were a large number of various revenue transactions occurring every day. I also focussed on the internal controls over revenue cycle testing to support the audit of accuracy and completeness of revenue from the hospital business.

I assessed the overall risks in the revenue cycle and applied the following procedures by:

- Understanding the information and technology systems for the hospital business operation and accounting systems
- Understanding and testing a sample of the Group's internal controls that it had designed over the revenue cycle
- Testing a sample of revenue from sales and services transactions for each type of revenue carried out during the year, together with their related documents, and
- Testing the journal entries relating to revenue transactions from sales and services to determine any unusual revenue transactions.

Based on the procedures above, I found that the Group complied with its internal controls as designed. The revenue recognition was in accordance with the accounting policy and the available evidence.

Acquisition of Trang Medical Trading Co., Ltd.

Referring to Note 7 'Critical accounting estimates, and judgements', Note 19 'Investments in subsidiaries' and Note 40 'Business Acquisition'.

On 22 November 2022, the Group acquired Trang Medical Trading Co., Ltd. which operate the hospital in Southern part of Thailand in the proportion of 55 percent with the consideration paid of Baht 658.53 million. The difference between fair value of net identifiable assets and consideration paid resulted in goodwill totaling of Baht 147.50 million. The investment is considered as a business combination under TFRS 3-Business Combinations.

The management engaged an independent valuer to prepare purchase price allocation to evaluate fair value of net assets acquired.

I focused on this matter because the nature of transaction is complex and the significant amounts of goodwill from business acquisition. The allocation exercise which involves management judgement on the inputs and assumptions in the valuation model as well as discount rates applied.

I assessed the management's consideration of whether the acquisition should be accounted for as a business combination under TFRS 3 and applied the following procedures by:

- Assessed the appropriateness of the identification of assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the acquisition date. I also evaluated the valuer's competency, independence and objectivity.
- In testing the fair valuation method, I engaged an auditor's expert to review the appropriateness and reasonableness of the methodology used in the valuation, the estimation of the discount rate and discount factor, and the model's logic and calculations, comparing with market practice in a comparable industry.
- Evaluated the reasonableness of key assumptions applied in purchase price allocation by comparing to the relative contracts, the subsidiaries' historical data, market data in a comparable industry and the business plan of the subsidiaries.
- Tested the calculation of the goodwill from business acquisition arisen from the acquisition being the difference between the total purchase consideration and the fair value of the net identifiable assets, and
- Evaluated the appropriateness of the accounting treatment and the adequacy of the disclosures made in notes to the financial statements.

From the above procedures performed, I noted that the acquisition was a business combination in accordance with TFRS 3 and management's key assumptions used in assessing the fair value of the net assets acquired were reasonable based on available evidence.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the consolidated and separate financial statements and my auditor's report thereon. The annual report is expected to be made available to me after the date of this auditor's report.

My opinion on the consolidated and separate financial statements does not cover the other information and I will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with my audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements, my responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated and separate financial statements or my knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When I read the annual report, if I conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, I am required to communicate the matter to the audit committee.

Responsibilities of the directors for the consolidated and separate financial statements

The directors are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated and separate financial statements in accordance with TFRS, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated and separate financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated and separate financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's and the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group and the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The audit committee assists the directors in discharging their responsibilities for overseeing the Group's and the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated and separate financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with TSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated and separate financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with TSAs, I exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated and separate financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness
 of the Group's and the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's and the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated and separate financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated and separate financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated and separate financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business
 activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. I am responsible
 for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. I remain solely responsible for my audit opinion.

I communicate with the audit committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

I also provide the audit committee with a statement that I have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on my independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the audit committee, I determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. I describe these matters in my auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, I determine that a matter should not be communicated in my report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

PricewaterhouseCoopers ABAS Ltd.

Krit ChatchavalwongCertified Public Accountant (Thailand) No. 5016
Bangkok
22 February 2024

		Conso	lidated	Separate			
		financial s	statements	financial s	tatements		
			(Restated)				
		2023	2022	2023	2022		
	Notes	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht		
Assets							
Current assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	10	939,767,007	2,585,971,501	645,760,766	2,139,183,263		
Short-term investments at							
financial institutions		39,215	37,230	-	-		
Financial assets measured at fair value							
through profit or loss	11	141,680,963	205,920,445	15,545,298	15,341,060		
Financial assets measured at fair value							
through other comprehensive income	11	4,970,600	5,553,850	4,970,600	5,553,850		
Trade and other accounts receivable (net)	12	1,855,295,858	2,210,558,047	851,169,115	761,490,685		
Short-term loans to related parties	41 c)	22,848,931	-	3,789,427,831	3,579,578,900		
Current portion of long-term loans							
to related companies	41 e)	-	-	21,000,000	21,000,000		
Inventories (net)	14	1,026,934,211	1,084,050,139	132,691,018	122,840,804		
Cost of developing holistic care project	15	840,389,408	840,389,408	-	-		
Value added tax (net)		21,782,029	21,816,989	-	-		
Asset held for sale		-	13,377,252	-	-		
Other current assets		19,294,704	21,203,628	14,588,782	7,096,360		
Total current assets		4,873,002,926	6,988,878,489	5,475,153,410	6,652,084,922		
Non-current assets							
Restricted deposits at financial institutions	16	15,598,811	15,593,700	-	-		
Financial assets measured at fair value							
through other comprehensive income	17	1,047,019,509	1,070,879,164	981,943,743	1,006,084,648		
Long-term loans to related companies	41 e)	-	-	149,500,000	170,500,000		
Investments in associates (net)	18	1,039,702,627	945,505,025	624,010,868	624,010,868		
Investments in subsidiaries (net)	19	-	-	8,021,935,167	7,959,435,167		
Investments in joint ventures (net)	20	863,559,424	783,212,024	898,012,168	898,012,168		
Investment properties (net)	21	1,649,064,524	1,723,340,273	-	-		
Property, plant and equipment (net)	22	11,140,037,977	10,818,868,320	4,343,330,416	4,177,860,890		
Right-of-use assets (net)	23	1,955,808,987	2,040,398,091	166,254,681	137,266,257		
Advance payment for fixed assets		177,528,734	63,260,382	87,404,604	6,601,396		
Intangible assets (net)	24	353,459,381	297,457,271	125,332,131	66,081,875		
Goodwill	40	147,501,890	147,501,890	-	-		
Down payment for land leasehold rights		4,000,000	4,000,000	4,000,000	4,000,000		
Deferred tax assets (net)	25	184,646,504	90,567,095	-	-		
Other non-current assets (net)		98,700,464	67,580,977	33,358,400	29,608,600		
Total non-current assets		18,676,628,832	18,068,164,212	15,435,082,178	15,079,461,869		
Total assets		23,549,631,758	25,057,042,701	20,910,235,588	21,731,546,791		

		Consol	lidated	Separate		
		financial s	tatements	financial s	tatements	
			(Restated)			
		2023	2022	2023	2022	
	Notes	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	
Liabilities and equity						
Current liabilities						
Bank overdrafts and short-term loans						
from financial institutions	26	4,657,338,514	4,525,329,801	3,813,374,166	4,040,000,000	
Trade and other accounts payable	27	1,629,800,292	1,497,661,189	822,894,970	796,106,702	
Short-term loans from a related party	41 d)	-	-	583,000,000	244,000,000	
Short-term loans from others		6,191,000	6,191,000	-	-	
Current portion of						
- Long-term loans from financial institutions	28	3,155,049,530	1,580,844,650	1,766,048,260	1,173,641,143	
- Lease liabilities (net)	29	78,072,208	21,613,429	11,431,177	8,672,198	
- Liabilities from purchase of medical tools						
and equipment		41,948,283	48,873,913	-	-	
Accrued income tax		70,586,560	186,602,551	46,804,105	126,280,169	
Value added tax (net)		32,132,730	22,294,760	3,661,114	4,462,147	
Other current liabilities		27,589,728	26,977,354	14,656,937	13,353,483	
Total current liabilities		9,698,708,845	7,916,388,647	7,061,870,729	6,406,515,842	
Non-current liabilities						
Long-term loans from financial institutions	28	2,091,266,803	4,967,071,657	2,028,711,072	3,463,014,302	
Lease liabilities (net)	29	192,687,165	186,039,810	145,381,128	115,077,722	
Liabilities from purchase of medical tools						
and equipment		33,071,789	47,221,562	-	-	
Long-term payable from purchase of						
intangible asset		-	3,103,000	-	-	
Deferred tax liabilities (net)	25	309,820,810	318,831,033	100,936,863	96,058,583	
Employee benefit obligations	30	434,401,186	452,015,781	311,481,936	327,530,765	
Other non-current liabilities		13,451,193	7,387,204	8,923,250	2,798,249	
Total non-current liabilities		3,074,698,946	5,981,670,047	2,595,434,249	4,004,479,621	
Total liabilities		12,773,407,791	13,898,058,694	9,657,304,978	10,410,995,463	
		,,	. 5,555,555,555	5,55.,551,510		

		Consol	lidated	Sepa	Separate			
		financial s	tatements	financial s	tatements			
			(Restated)					
		2023	2022	2023	2022			
	Notes	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht			
Liabilities and equity (Cont'd)								
Equity								
Share capital								
Authorised share capital								
847,467,400 ordinary shares								
of Baht 1 each		847,467,400	847,467,400	847,467,400	847,467,400			
Issued and fully paid-up share capital								
847,467,400 ordinary shares								
of Baht 1 each		847,467,400	847,467,400	847,467,400	847,467,400			
Share premium on issue of ordinary shares (net)		6,861,242,864	6,861,242,864	6,861,242,864	6,861,242,864			
Share premium on treasury shares		34,558,923	34,558,923	34,558,923	34,558,923			
Retained earnings								
Appropriated - legal reserve	32	112,524,039	112,524,039	112,524,039	112,524,039			
Unappropriated		2,440,342,530	2,909,232,976	2,953,444,275	2,995,309,664			
Reserve for share-based payment		14,366,841	-	-	-			
Surplus (deficit) from additional								
investments in subsidiaries		(1,069,394,001)	(1,080,983,133)	-	-			
Other components of equity		467,878,850	494,164,054	443,693,109	469,448,438			
Equity attributable to owners of the Company		9,708,987,446	10,178,207,123	11,252,930,610	11,320,551,328			
Non-controlling interests	34	1,067,236,521	980,776,884	-	-			
Total equity		10,776,223,967	11,158,984,007	11,252,930,610	11,320,551,328			
Total Bakilistan and any		00 540 004 750	05 057 040 704	00 040 005 500	04 704 540 704			
Total liabilities and equity		23,549,631,758	25,057,042,701	20,910,235,588	21,731,546,791			

		Consolidated		Separate			
		financial s	tatements	financial st	atements		
		2023	2022	2023	2022		
	Notes	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht		
Revenues							
Revenue from hospital operations		8,742,167,422	10,210,613,543	5,592,866,319	6,832,822,297		
Revenue from sales of goods		206,223,915	284,138,537	2,711,967	9,534,823		
Revenue from other services		794,886,365	643,355,351	209,034,990	190,637,955		
Revenue from sales of condominium unit		100,274,207	443,788,482	-	-		
Cost of hospital operations		(6,474,575,568)	(7,022,486,111)	(3,952,169,373)	(4,798,599,209)		
Cost of goods sold		(140,472,138)	(216,580,493)	(2,256,548)	(6,887,220)		
Cost of other services		(760,880,699)	(588,722,926)	(188,604,711)	(185,238,551)		
Cost of condominium unit sold		(62,703,892)	(268,515,216)	-	-		
Gross profit		2,404,919,612	3,485,591,167	1,661,582,644	2,042,270,095		
Other income	35	143,726,803	444,395,457	339,080,815	380,358,081		
Profit before expense		2,548,646,415	3,929,986,624	2,000,663,459	2,422,628,176		
Selling expenses		(229,598,729)	(210,065,426)	(76,650,237)	(69,501,163)		
Administrative expenses		(1,581,233,052)	(1,509,984,925)	(722,773,975)	(754,317,056)		
Loss from impairment of investment							
in subsidiaries	19 b)	-	-	-	(71,014,473)		
Other gains (losses)							
- Net gains (loss) on exchange rate		197,563	(45,320)	(238,584)	(768,857)		
Other expenses		(9,805,154)	(25,068,694)	(1,991,617)	(5,243,927)		
Finance costs	37	(449,476,813)	(304,846,573)	(342,585,131)	(257,747,380)		
Share of profit from investments							
in associates	18 b)	133,194,759	126,163,561	-	-		
Share of profit from investments							
in joint ventures	20 b)	80,327,469	24,800,438	-	-		
Profit before income tax		492,252,458	2,030,939,685	856,423,915	1,264,035,320		
Income tax	38	(100,115,602)	(354,404,513)	(132,642,323)	(226,652,391)		
moomo tax	50	(100,110,002)	(00-,-0-,010)	(102,042,020)	(220,002,001)		
Profit for the year		392,136,856	1,676,535,172	723,781,592	1,037,382,929		

		Conso	lidated	Separate			
		financial s	tatements	financial s	tatements		
	,	2023	2022	2023	2022		
	Notes	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht		
Other comprehensive income							
Item that will not be subsequently reclassified							
to profit or loss							
- Remeasurements of employee							
benefit obligations	30	(2,896,242)	_	(3,397,849)	-		
- Unrealised gain (loss) on measurement		,		,			
fair value of financial assets	11, 17	(33,043,624)	41,462,063	(33,043,624)	47,314,716		
- Share of other comprehensive income of		,		,			
joint ventures accounted for using the							
equity method	20 b)	19,931	17,412,433	_	-		
- Income tax relating to components	,	,	, ,				
of other comprehensive income	25	6,896,428	(9,462,943)	7,288,295	(9,462,943)		
Other comprehensive income (expense)							
for the year - net of tax	,	(29,023,507)	49,411,553	(29,153,178)	37,851,773		
Total comprehensive income (expense)							
for the year		363,113,349	1,725,946,725	694,628,414	1,075,234,702		
Profit (loss) attributable to:							
Owners of the parent		295,406,825	1,601,694,626	723,781,592	1,037,382,929		
Non-controlling interests		96,730,031	74,840,546	-			
		392,136,856	1,676,535,172	723,781,592	1,037,382,929		
Total comprehensive income (expense)							
attributable to:							
Owners of the parent		267,073,482	1,651,106,179	694,628,414	1,075,234,702		
Non-controlling interests		96,039,867	74,840,546	-	-		
		363,113,349	1,725,946,725	694,628,414	1,075,234,702		
Designations was about							
Basic earnings per share							
Basic earnings per share to attributable to							
owners of the parent (Baht)	39	0.35	1.89	0.85	1.22		
Weighted average number of							
ordinary shares (shares)	:	847,467,400	847,349,579	847,467,400	847,349,579		

Consolidated financial statements (Baht)

							Attributable	to owners of the pare	incial statements (E	sant)						
							Attributable	to owners of the pare	ent		Other compon	ents of equity				
										Other c	omprehensive inc					
										- Other C	Share of other					
										Measurement of		Income tou				
									Cumlus		•	Income tax				
				Retained earnings						equity investments	income of	relating to				
	Authorised,	Share						Share premium	(deficit) from	at fair value	joint ventures	components				
	issued and	premium		Appropriated		_	Reserve for	account/	additional	through other	accounted for	of other	Total other	Total	Non-	
	fully paid-up	on ordinary	Appropriated -	- treasury		Treasury	sharebase	(Discount)	investments in	comprehensive	•	comprehensive	components of	owners of	controlling	Total
	share capital	shares	legal reserve	shares reserve	Unappropriated	shares	payment	on treasury shares	subsidiaries	income	equity method	income	equity	the parent	interests	equity
Opening balance as at 1 January 2022	849,080,000	6,861,242,864	112,524,039	97,072,047	1,973,186,963	(97,072,047)	6,345,557	_	(1,099,805,884)	521,559,232	14,755,874	(91,562,605)	444,752,501	9,147,326,040	470,658,888	9,617,984,928
Changes in equity for the year																
Dividend payment (Note 33)	-	-		-	(762,720,660)	-	-		-		_	_	-	(762,720,660)	-	(762,720,660)
Reissuance of treasury shares (Note 31)	-	-		-	- '	97,072,047	28,213,366		-		_	_	-	125,285,413	-	125,285,413
Capital reduction (Note 31)	(1,612,600)	-		-	-	-	-							(1,612,600)	-	(1,612,600)
Appropriated - treasury shares reserve (Note 31)		-		(97,072,047)	97,072,047	-	-		-		_	_	-		-	_
Increase (Decrease) in non-controlling interests																
from dividend payment of subsidiaries	-	_	-	-	-	-		-	-	_	-	-	-	-	(16,677,937)	(16,677,937)
from investment in subsidiary - restated	-	-		-	-	-	-		(5,521,383)		_	_	-	(5,521,383)	387,638,210	382,116,827
from change in shareholding in subsidiary	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		(9,180,817)		-	-	-	(9,180,817)	(27,157,872)	(36,338,689)
from capital increase of subsidiary	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		33,524,951		-	-	-	33,524,951	91,475,049	125,000,000
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-	1,601,694,626			-	-	41,462,063	17,412,433	(9,462,943)	49,411,553	1,651,106,179	74,840,546	1,725,946,725
Closing balance as at 31 December 2022	847,467,400	6,861,242,864	112,524,039	-	2,909,232,976	-	34,558,923		(1,080,983,133)	563,021,295	32,168,307	(101,025,548)	494,164,054	10,178,207,123	980,776,884	11,158,984,007
Opening balance as at 1 January 2023 - as previous report	847,467,400	6,861,242,864	112,524,039	-	2,909,232,976		34,558,923	-	(1,080,983,133)	563,021,295	32,168,307	(101,025,548)	494,164,054	10,178,207,123	997,802,306	11,176,009,429
Adjustment from purchase price allocation	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	-	(17,025,422)	(17,025,422)
Opening balance as at 1 January 2023 - restated	847,467,400	6,861,242,864	112,524,039		2,909,232,976	-	34,558,923		(1,080,983,133)	563,021,295	32,168,307	(101,025,548)	494,164,054	10,178,207,123	980,776,884	11,158,984,007
Changes in equity for the year																
Dividend payment (Note 33)	-	-			(762,704,758)	-	-							(762,704,758)	-	(762,704,758)
Reissuance of treasury shares (Note 31)	-	-			-	-	-								-	
Capital reduction (Note 31)	-														-	-
Appropriated - treasury shares reserve (Note 31)		-				-						-				-
Realised gain on sale of financial asset																
measured at fair value	-	-	-	-	455,626	-		-	-		-	-	-	455,626		455,626
Increase (Decrease) in non-controlling interests																
from dividend payment of subsidiaries	-	-											-	-	(47,312,558)	(47,312,558)
from investment in subsidiary	-	-											-	-	7,506,749	7,506,749
from capital increase of subsidiary	-	-	-	-	-			14,366,841	11,589,132		-	-	-	25,955,973	30,225,579	56,181,552
Total comprehensive income for the year	_	-	-	-	293,358,686			-	-	(33,043,624)	19,931	6,738,489	(26,285,204)	267,073,482	96,039,867	363,113,349
•										, , , , ,			, ,			
Closing balance as at 31 December 2023	847,467,400	6,861,242,864	112,524,039	-	2,440,342,530	-	34,558,923	14,366,841	(1,069,394,001)	529,977,671	32,188,238	(94,287,059)	467,878,850	9,708,987,446	1,067,236,521	10,776,223,967

Separate financial statements (Baht)

•	Other components of equity										
								Other comprehe	nsive income		
								Measurement of	Income tax		
								equity investments	relating to		
	Authorised,	Share	Retained earnin	igs			Share premium	at fair value	components		
	issued and	premium		Appropriated			account/	through other	of other	Total other	
	fully paid-up	on ordinary	Appropriated -	- treasury			(Discount)	comprehensive	comprehensive	components of	Total
	share capital	shares	legal reserve	shares reserve	Unappropriated	Treasury shares	on treasury shares	income	income	equity	equity
Opening balance as at 1 January 2022	849,080,000	6,861,242,864	112,524,039	97,072,047	2,623,575,348	(97,072,047)	6,345,557	521,528,920	(89,932,255)	431,596,665	10,884,364,473
Changes in equity for the year											
Dividend payment (Note 33)	-	-	-	-	(762,720,660)	-	-	-	-	-	(762,720,660)
Reissuance of treasury shares (Note 31)	-	-	-	-	-	97,072,047	28,213,366	-	-	-	125,285,413
Capital reduction (Note 31)	(1,612,600)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,612,600)
Appropriated - treasury shares reserve (Note 31)	-	-	-	(97,072,047)	97,072,047	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year		-			1,037,382,929			47,314,716	(9,462,943)	37,851,773	1,075,234,702
Closing balance as at 31 December 2022	847,467,400	6,861,242,864	112,524,039		2,995,309,664		34,558,923	568,843,636	(99,395,198)	469,448,438	11,320,551,328
Opening balance as at 1 January 2023	847,467,400	6,861,242,864	112,524,039	-	2,995,309,664	-	34,558,923	568,843,636	(99,395,198)	469,448,438	11,320,551,328
Changes in equity for the year											
Dividend payment (Note 33)	-	-	-	-	(762,704,758)	-	-	-	-	-	(762,704,758)
Reissuance of treasury shares (Note 31)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Realised gain on sale of financial asset											
measured at fair value	-	-	-	-	455,626	-	-	-	-	-	455,626
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-	720,383,743	-	-	(33,043,624)	7,288,295	(25,755,329)	694,628,414
Closing balance as at 31 December 2023	847,467,400	6,861,242,864	112,524,039	-	2,953,444,275	-	34,558,923	535,800,012	(92,106,903)	443,693,109	11,252,930,610

		Consolidated		Separate			
		financial st	atements	financial st	atements		
	•	2023	2022	2023	2022		
	Notes	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht		
Cash flows from operating activities							
Profit before income tax		492,252,458	2,030,939,685	856,423,915	1,264,035,320		
Adjustments							
Allowance for (reversal of)							
- expected credit loss in trade and other accounts receivable	12	5,925,524	(13,619,840)	9,581,513	2,626,641		
- expected credit loss in short-term loans to related parties	41 c)	-	-	-	15,000,000		
- expected credit loss in advance payment for vaccine		-	171,633,600	-	171,633,600		
- obsolete inventories	14	1,818,293	75,381,526	-	65,560,059		
- impairment of investment properties	21	-	16,997,580	-	-		
- impairment of property, plant and equipment	22	(4,997,899)	(4,222,377)	-	-		
- impairment of intangible assets	24	-	(18,153)	-	-		
- impairment of investments in subsidiaries	19 a)	-	-	-	71,014,473		
Gain on disposal of financial assets measured at fair value							
through profit or loss	11	(1,234,497)	-	-	-		
Realised gain on measurement of financial assets							
measured at fair value through profit or loss	11	(1,904,672)	(423,849)	(204,238)	(53,131)		
Unrealised loss (gain) on exchange rate from							
cash and cash equivalents		593,285	1,111,285	593,285	1,111,285		
Gain on disposal of investments in subsidiaries	19 f)	-	(4,683,733)	-	-		
Gain on transfer of investment in associates	18 b)	-	(13,174,748)	-	(13,174,748)		
Share of profit from investments in associates	18 b)	(133,194,759)	(126,163,561)	-	-		
Share of (profit) loss from investment in joint ventures	20 b)	(80,327,469)	(24,800,438)	-	-		
Depreciation	21, 22, 23	1,076,016,629	953,755,447	429,239,695	376,407,930		
Amortisation	24	61,860,750	52,095,763	16,768,402	15,516,397		
Net (gain) loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment		2,976,847	979,142	533,212	729,570		
Gain on disposal of investment properties	35	(17,758,446)	(109,320,490)	-	-		
Gain on disposal of intangible assets	24	(67,364)	-	(67,364)	-		
Loss on write-off of property, plant and equipment	22	9,953,509	11,197,178	13,906	4,514,355		
Gain on cancellation rental agreement of right-of-use assets		(15,466)	(8,502,554)	(15,466)	(544,797)		
Loss on write-off of intangible assets	24	1,641,650	154,759	1,444,500	-		
Employee benefit obligations	30	40,878,949	39,766,357	27,038,046	27,319,287		
Share-based payment expense		16,281,552	-	-	-		
Dividend income	11, 17, 18 b), 19 a)	(48,320,623)	(85,501,046)	(147,105,222)	(149,340,328)		
Interest income	35	(6,059,453)	(14,374,577)	(146,607,426)	(172,426,272)		
Finance costs	37	449,476,813	304,846,573	342,585,131	257,747,380		
		1,865,795,611	3,254,053,529	1,390,221,889	1,937,677,021		
	·						

		Consol	idated	Separate			
		financial s	tatements	financial st	tatements		
		2023	2022	2023	2022		
	Note	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht		
Changes in operating assets and liabilities							
(excluding the effects of acquisition and disposal of subsidiaries)							
Trade and other accounts receivable		339,454,880	897,361,518	22,837,911	864,094,235		
Inventories		55,297,635	272,808,334	(9,850,214)	(4,941,604)		
Cost of developing holistic care project		-	375,164	-	-		
Other current assets		(210,372)	(685,356)	(7,492,422)	(1,968,793)		
Other non-current assets		(3,434,729)	(28,114,530)	(299,800)	(29,102,000)		
Trade and other accounts payable		93,707,610	(1,150,611,658)	(27,392,311)	(1,167,479,744)		
Value added tax		9,872,930	5,731,400	(801,032)	(2,834,463)		
Other current liabilities		1,139,985	(5,707,693)	1,303,454	1,010,555		
Other non-current liabilities		2,613,989	3,474,672	2,675,001	2,626,249		
Employee benefit obligations paid	30	(61,389,786)	(43,679,225)	(44,015,029)	(33,384,041)		
Cash generated from operating activities		2,302,847,753	3,205,006,155	1,327,187,447	1,565,697,415		
Interest income received		16,951,946	2,956,463	27,667,486	94,619,799		
Finance cost paid		(443,056,799)	(292,091,496)	(335,533,596)	(251,660,615		
Income tax paid		(334,554,172)	(420,682,019)	(200,065,720)	(285,994,951		
Net cash generated from operating activities		1,542,188,728	2,495,189,103	819,255,617	1,122,661,648		
One before the second or and the							
Cash flows from investing activities		(4.005)	440.400				
Increase in short-term investments at financial institutions		(1,985)	148,130	-	-		
Decrease (Increase) in restricted deposits at financial institutions		(5,111)	(155,211)	-	-		
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss - proceeds		206,378,651	(77,000,000)	-	-		
- payments		(139,000,000)	(77,000,000)	-	-		
Financial assets measured at fair value through		2.054.204		2.054.204			
other comprehensive income - proceeds		2,054,291	(400,000)	2,054,291	- (400,000		
- payments	40 h)	(9,522,977)	(160,000)	(9,522,977)	(160,000		
Investment in associates - payments	18 b)	-	(300,000)	-	(300,000)		
Investment in subsidiaries - proceeds	19 b)	-	18,114,406	- (62 500 000)	61,000,000		
- payments	19 b), 40 17		(605,151,906)	(62,500,000)	(671,433,501		
Other long-term investments - payments	17	(562,500)	(18,018,006)	(281,250)	(18,018,006		
Investment properties - payments		(187,500)	(4.274.000)	-	- (0.274.000		
Liabilities under land leasehold rights - payments		-	(1,374,088)	-	(9,374,088		
Cash payments for purchase of - property, plant and equipment		(1,282,970,759)	(1 222 245 462)	(616,078,577)	(460 000 120		
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(1,232,345,463)	, , , ,	(460,088,128		
- intangible assets		(110,328,399)	(37,196,839)	(74,256,394)	(11,070,365		
Proceeds from disposal of land under non-current assets classified as held-for-sale		40 077 050					
		13,377,252	-	-	-		
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and		5.040.040	0.440.400	4 004 700	0.004.070		
equipment (net) and intangible assets (net)		5,340,610	2,412,168	1,394,723	2,934,873		
Proceeds from disposal of investment properties		92,065,887	253,323,955	-	-		
Short-term loans to related companies	44.5	05.000.000		050 500 000	0.404.400.040		
- proceeds	41 c)	85,000,000	-	950,500,000	2,194,480,342		
- payments	41 c)	(107,848,931)	-	(1,160,348,931)	(575,100,000		
Short-term loans to other companies - payments		-	(46,000,000)	-	-		
Long-term loans to related companies	44.5			04 000 000	0.500.000		
- proceeds	41 e)	-	-	21,000,000	3,500,000		
- payments	41 e)	-	-	-	(195,000,000)		
Dividend receipts from investments in subsidiaries, associates, other companies and investments in equity securities	11, 17, 18 b), 19 a)	86,326,900	119,772,665	146,114,342	154,294,728		
assessates, other companies and investments in equity securities	11, 11, 10 bj, 10 aj	00,020,000	110,772,000	170,117,072	107,207,120		

		Consol	idated	Separate			
		financial s	tatements	financial s	tatements		
		2023	2022	2023	2022		
	Notes	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht		
Cash flows from financing activities							
Increase in bank overdrafts and							
short-term loans from financial institutions	26	132,008,713	549,610,301	(226,625,834)	270,000,000		
Short-term loans from related companies							
- proceeds	41 d)	_	200,000,000	402,000,000	409,000,000		
- payments	41 d)	_	(200,000,000)	(63,000,000)	(211,000,000)		
Short-term loans from related individual - proceeds		_	6,191,000	-	-		
Long-term loans from financial institutions							
- proceeds	28	710,000,000	1,660,322,850	700,000,000	460,322,850		
- payments	28	(2,013,473,206)	(1,333,033,559)	(1,542,469,435)	(905,000,000)		
Cash payments for front-end fee		(500,000)	(6,212,890)	(500,000)	(943,000)		
Lease liabilities payments - principle		(29,776,476)	(38,912,871)	(12,437,149)	(12,881,907)		
- interest		(11,251,357)	(10,249,044)	(7,400,349)	(4,635,155)		
Liabilities from purchase of medical tools and equipment - payments		(55,274,943)	(55,327,419)	-	-		
Cash proceeds from reissuance of treasury shares	31		123,672,813	_	123,672,813		
Additional investment in a subsidiary - payments	19 g)	_	(12,899,934)	_	-		
Cash proceeds from non-controlling interests	10 9)		(12,000,004)				
from additional investment in subsidiaries		47,406,750	125,000,000	_	_		
Dividends paid		(759,727,289)	(757,764,723)	(759,727,289)	(757,764,723)		
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests		(47,327,558)	(16,863,611)	(133,121,203)	(131,104,123)		
Dividende para to non controlling interests		(47,027,000)	(10,000,011)				
Net cash generated from (used in) financing activities		(2,027,915,366)	233,532,913	(1,510,160,056)	(629,229,122)		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(1,645,611,209)	1,104,791,827	(1,492,829,212)	969,098,381		
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		2,585,971,501	1,482,290,959	2,139,183,263	1,171,196,167		
Unrealised gain (loss) on exchange rate from cash ad cash equivalents		(593,285)	(1,111,285)	(593,285)	(1,111,285)		
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year		939,767,007	2,585,971,501	645,760,766	2,139,183,263		
,							
Non-cash transactions:							
Receivable from disposals of fixed assets		22,500	22,500	2,167,034	-		
Accrued dividends		990,880	-	990,880	-		
Payables from purchase of property,							
plant and equipment during the year	27	147,981,410	133,538,008	102,825,944	64,999,994		
Payables for down payment for land leasehold rights		-	-	-	4,000,000		
Payables for land leasehold rights		-	-	-	4,000,000		
Payables from purchase of intangible assets during the year	27	23,855,553	12,001,589	3,250,000	40,000		
Dividend payable	27	23,701,825	20,739,356	23,701,825	20,724,356		
Retention payable	27	88,281,230	77,475,308	26,726,069	17,606,468		
Transfer from investment in subsidiaries to financial assets							
measured at fair value	17	-	14,000,000	-	14,000,000		
Transfer from right-of-use assets to property,							
plant and equipment (net)	22, 23	-	2,707,298	-	-		
Transfer cost of developing holistic care project to							
property, plant and equipment (net)	22	13,377,252	-	-	-		
Transfer advance payment for fixed assets to							
- property, plant and equipment	22	81,252,324	26,666,306	10,822,927	-		
- intangible assets	24	-	37,450	-	-		
Liabilities from purchase of medical tools and equipment during the year		30,574,146	37,525,914	-	-		

1 General information

Thonburi Healthcare Group Public Company Limited ("the Company") is a public company which listed in the Stock Exchange of Thailand. The Company is incorporated and domiciled in Thailand. The addresses of the Company's registered offices are as follows:

Head office : 34/1, Issaraphap Road, Banchanglor, Bangkoknoi, Bangkok 10700

Branch 1 : 43/4, Borommaratchachonnani Road, Salathamasop, Thawiwatthana, Bangkok 10170

Branch 2 : 8/21, Soi Saphanhin, Taladyai, Mueang Phuket, Phuket 83000 Branch 3 : 261/40 Moo 10, Nongprue, Banglamung, Chonburi 20150

The Company's principal business operation is to provide hospital operations. The Company's subsidiaries' principal business operations are described in Note 19. For reporting purpose, the Company and its subsidiaries are referred as "the Group".

The consolidated and separate financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 22 February 2024.

2 Basis of preparation

The consolidated and separate financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards ("TFRS") and the financial reporting requirements issued under the Securities and Exchange Act.

The consolidated and separate financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except where otherwise disclosed in the accounting policies.

The preparation of the consolidated and separate financial statements in conformity with Thai generally accepted accounting principles requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, and areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated and separate financial statements are disclosed in Note 7.

An English version of the consolidated and separate financial statements have been prepared from the statutory financial statements that are in the Thai language. In the event of a conflict or a difference in interpretation between the two languages, the Thai language statutory financial statements shall prevail.

3 New and amended financial reporting standards

- 3.1 New and amended financial reporting standards that are effective for accounting period beginning on or after 1 January 2023 and relevant to the Group
 - a) Amendment to TAS 16 Property, plant and equipment clarified to prohibit entities from deducting from the cost of an item of PP&E any proceeds received from selling any items produced while the entity is preparing that asset for its intended use.
 - b) Amendment to TAS 37 Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets clarified that, in considering whether a contract is onerous, the direct costs of fulfilling a contract include both the incremental costs of fulfilling the contract and an allocation of other costs directly related to fulfilling the contract. Before recognising a separate provision for an onerous contract, the entity must recognise any impairment losses that have occurred on the assets used in fulfilling the contract.
 - c) Amendment to TFRS 3 Business combinations clarified some minor amendments to update its references to the Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting and added a consideration for the recognition of liabilities and contingent liabilities acquired from business combinations. The amendments also confirmed that contingent assets shouldn't be recognised at the acquisition date.
 - d) Amendment to TFRS 9 Financial Instruments clarified which fees should be included in the 10% test for the derecognition of financial liabilities. It should only include fees between the borrower and lender.

The amended financial reporting standards do not have material impact to the Group.

3.2 Amended financial reporting standards that are effective for accounting period beginning or after 1 January 2024 and relevant to the Group

Certain amended TFRSs have been issued that are not mandatory for the current reporting period and have not been early adopted by the Group and the Company.

- a) Amendment to TAS 1 Presentation of financial statements revised the disclosure from 'significant accounting policies' to 'material accounting policies'. The amendment also provides guidelines on identifying when the accounting policy information is material. Consequently, immaterial accounting policy information does not need to be disclosed. If it is disclosed, it should not obscure material accounting information.
- b) Amendment to TAS 8 Accounting policies, changes in accounting estimates and errors revised to the definition of 'accounting estimates' to clarify how companies should distinguish between changes in accounting policies and changes in accounting estimates. The distinction is important because changes in accounting estimates are applied prospectively to transactions, other events and conditions from the date of that change. Whereas changes in accounting policies are generally applied retrospectively to past transactions and other past events as well as the current period as if the new accounting policy had always been applied.
- c) Amendments to TAS 12 Income taxes
 - c.1) Companies must recognise any deferred tax related to assets and liabilities arising from a single transaction that, on initial recognition, gives rise to equal amounts of taxable and deductible temporary differences. Example transactions are leases and decommissioning obligations.

The amendment should be applied to transactions on or after the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented. In addition, entities should recognise deferred tax assets (to the extent that they can probably be utilised) and deferred tax liabilities at the beginning of the earliest comparative period for all deductible and taxable temporary differences associated with:

- right-of-use assets and lease liabilities, and
- decommissioning, restoration and similar liabilities, and the corresponding amounts recognised as part of the cost of the related assets.

The cumulative effect of recognising these adjustments is recognised at the beginning of retained earnings or any other component of equity, as appropriate.

c.2) Companies must apply all income taxes arising from the tax law enacted or substantively enacted to implement the Pillar Two model rules published by the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD), an international organisation.

In December 2021, the OECD released the Pillar Two model rules to apply the Global Anti-Base Erosion Proposal, or 'GloBE') to reform international corporate taxation. Large multinational enterprises within the rules' scope must calculate the GloBE effective tax rates for each territory in which they operate and pay a top-up tax for the differences between these and the 15% minimum rate.

In December 2023, the amendments to TAS 12 provide a temporary relief from the requirement to recognise and disclose deferred taxes arising from enacted or substantively enacted tax law that implements the Pillar Two model rules, including tax law that implements qualified domestic minimum top-up taxes described in those rules. The amendments also require affected companies to disclose:

- the fact that they have applied the exception to recognising and disclosing information about deferred tax assets and liabilities related to Pillar Two income taxes
- their current tax expense (if any) related to the Pillar Two income taxes, and
- during the period between the legislation being enacted or substantially enacted and the legislation becoming effective, known or reasonably estimable information that would help users of financial statements to understand an entity's exposure to Pillar Two income taxes arising from that legislation.
 If this information is not known or reasonably estimable, entities are instead required to disclose a statement to that effect and information about their progress in assessing the exposure.

Earlier application is permitted.

d) Amendment to Accounting Guidance related to financial instruments and disclosures applicable to insurance business revised the disclosures in 'material accounting policies' to align with Amendment to TAS 1 - Presentation of financial statements.

The Group's management considers that the impact of adoption of these standards is not significant to the Group.

3.3 Amended financial reporting standards that are effective for accounting period beginning on or after 1 January 2025 and relevant to the Group

Certain amended TFRSs have been issued that are not mandatory for the current reporting period and have not been early adopted by the Group and the Company.

TFRS 17 Insurance Contracts TFRS 17 has replaced TFRS 4 Insurance Contracts.

It requires a current measurement model where estimates are remeasured in each reporting period. Contracts are measured using the building blocks of:

- discounted probability-weighted cash flows
- · an explicit risk adjustment, and
- a contractual service margin (CSM) representing the unearned profit of the contract which is recognised as revenue over the coverage period.

The standard allows a choice between recognising changes in discount rates either in the statement of profit or loss or directly in other comprehensive income. The choice is likely to reflect how insurers account for their financial assets under TFRS 9.

An optional, simplified premium allocation approach is permitted for the liability for the remaining coverage for eligible groups of insurance contracts, which are often written by non-life insurers.

There is a modification of the general measurement model called the 'variable fee approach' for certain contracts written by life insurers where policyholders share in the returns from underlying items. When applying the variable fee approach, the entity's share of the fair value changes of the underlying items is included in the CSM. The results of insurers using this model are therefore likely to be less volatile than under the general model.

Adopting TFRS 17, the Group can choose to recognise any cumulative negative impacts from insurance contract liabilities in retained earnings by applying the straight-line method, using no more than a three-year period from the transition date.

The new rules will affect the financial statements and key performance indicators of all entities that issue insurance contracts or investment contracts with discretionary participation features.

The Group's management considers that the impact of adoption of these standards is not significant to the Group.

4 Accounting policies

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these consolidated and separate financial statements are set out below:

4.1 Foreign currency translation

a) Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements are presented in Thai Baht, which is the Group's and the Company's functional and presentation currency.

b) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are re-measured.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the profit or loss.

When a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognised in other comprehensive income, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income. Conversely, when a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognised in profit or loss, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognised in the profit or loss.

c) Group companies

The results and financial position of all the Group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyper-inflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- Assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that statement of financial position
- Income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates and
- All resulting exchange differences are recognised as a separate component of equity in the statement of comprehensive income.

4.2 Cash and cash equivalents

In the consolidated and separate statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less from date of acquisition and are not used as collateral.

In the consolidated and separate statement of financial position, bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

4.3 Trade accounts receivable

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for goods sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. They are generally due for settlement within 30 - 120 days and therefore are all classified as current.

Trade receivables are recognised initially at the amount of consideration that is unconditional unless they contain significant financing components, they are recognised at fair value. The Group holds the trade receivables with the objective to collect the contractual cash flows and therefore measures them subsequently at amortised cost.

The impairment of trade receivables are disclosed in Note 4.9 e)

4.4 Inventories

Inventories are stated in the statement of financial position on the following basis:

- Medicines and medical supplies and medical equipment are stated at the lower of weighted average cost or net realisable value.
- Supplies are stated at weighted average cost and recognised in cost of hospital operations whenever consumed.
- Finished goods are stated at the lower of weighted average cost or net realisable value.
- Condominium unit for sales are stated at the lower of specific cost method or net realisable value.

The cost of purchase comprises both the purchase price, construction cost and other direct cost which related to construction and costs directly attributable to the acquisition of the inventory, such as import duties and transportation charges, less all attributable discounts, allowances or rebate from discount coupon. Net realisable value is the estimate of the selling price in the ordinary course of business less cost of completions and selling expenses. Allowance is made, where necessary, for obsolete, slow-moving and defective inventories and recognised within cost of hospital operations, cost of goods sold and cost of condominium unit sold.

4.5 Cost of developing holistic care project

Cost of developing holistic care project is stated at cost less allowance for loss on projects. Costs include cost of land, cost of land development, costs of constructions of real estate projects and infrastructure and related borrowing costs.

The Group recognises the transfer from cost of developing holistic care project into inventories when the construction is completed.

4.6 Non-current assets classified as held-for-sale

Non-current assets are classified as assets held-for-sale when their carrying amount is to be recovered principally through a sale transaction and a sale is considered highly probable. They are stated at the lower of the carrying amount and fair value less cost to sell.

4.7 Principles of consolidation and equity accounting

a) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group until the date that control ceases.

In the separate financial statements, investments in subsidiaries are accounted for using cost method.

b) Associates

Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control or joint control. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting.

In the separate financial statements, investments in associates are accounted for using cost method.

c) Joint arrangements

Investments in joint arrangements are classified as either joint operations or joint ventures depending on the contractual rights and obligations of each investor, rather than the legal structure of the joint arrangements.

Joint ventures

A joint venture is a joint arrangement whereby the Group has rights to the net assets of the arrangement. Interests in joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method.

In the separate financial statements, investments in joint ventures are accounted for using cost method.

d) Equity method

The investment is initially recognised at cost which is consideration paid and directly attributable costs.

The Group's subsequently recognises shares of its associates and joint ventures' profits or losses and other comprehensive income in the profit or loss and other comprehensive income, respectively. The subsequent cumulative movements are adjusted against the carrying amount of the investment.

When the Group's share of losses in associates and joint ventures equals or exceeds its interest in the associates and joint ventures together with any long-term interests, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the associates and joint ventures.

e) Changes in ownership interests

The Group treats transactions with non-controlling interests that do not result in a loss of control as transactions with equity owners of the Group. A difference between the amount of the adjustment to non-controlling interests to reflect their relative interest in the subsidiary and any consideration paid or received is recognised within equity.

If the ownership interest in associates and joint ventures is reduced but significant influence and joint control is retained, only a proportionate share of the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss or retained earnings where appropriate. Profit or loss from reduce of the ownership interest in associates and joint ventures is recognise in profit or loss.

When the Group losses control, joint control or significant influence over investments, any retained interest in the investment is remeasured to its fair value, with the change in carrying amount recognised in profit or loss. The fair value becomes the initial carrying amount of the retained interest which is reclassified to investment in an associate, or a joint venture or a financial asset accordingly.

f) Intercompany transactions on consolidation

Intra-group transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions are eliminated. Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and its associates and joint ventures are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associates and joint ventures. Unrealised losses are also eliminated in the same manner unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred.

4.8 Business combination

The Group applies the acquisition method to account for business combinations with an exception on business combination under common control. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary comprises.

- fair value of the assets transferred.
- liabilities incurred to the former owners of the acquiree
- equity interests issued by the Group

Identifiable assets and liabilities acquired and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date.

On an acquisition-by-acquisition basis, the Group initially recognises any non-controlling interest in the acquiree either at fair value or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the acquiree's net assets.

The excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest recognised and the acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree (for business combination achieved in stages) over the fair value of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. In the case of a bargain purchase, the difference is recognised directly in profit or loss.

Acquisition-related cost

Acquisition-related cost are recognised as expenses in consolidated financial statements.

Step-up acquisition

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date carrying value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is re-measured to fair value at the acquisition date; any gains or losses arising from such re-measured are recognised in profit or loss.

Changes in fair value of contingent consideration paid/received

Subsequent changes to the fair value of the contingent consideration that is an asset or liability is recognised in profit or loss. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not re-measured.

Business combination under common control

The Group accounts for business combination under common control by measuring acquired assets and liabilities of the acquiree at their carrying values presented in the highest level of the consolidation. The Group retrospectively adjusted the business combination under common control transactions as if the combination had occurred on the later of the beginning of the preceding comparative period and the date the acquiree has become under common control.

Consideration of business combination under common control are the aggregated amount of fair value of assets transferred, liabilities incurred and equity instruments issued by the acquirer at the date of which the exchange in control occurs.

The difference between consideration under business combination under common control and the acquirer's interests in the carrying value of the acquiree is presented as "surplus arising from business combination under common control" in equity and is derecognised when the investment is disposed of by transferred to retained earnings.

4.9 Financial assets

a) Classification

The Group classifies its debt instrument financial assets in the following measurement categories depending on i) business model for managing the asset and ii) the cash flow characteristics of the asset whether they represent solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI).

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income or through profit or loss); and
- those to be measured at amortised cost.

The Group reclassifies debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

For investments in equity instruments, the Group has an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL) or at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) except those that are held for trading, they are measured at FVPL.

b) Recognition and derecognition

Regular way purchases, acquires and sales of financial assets are recognised on trade-date, the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership.

Measurement

At initial recognition, the Group measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at FVPL, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at FVPL are expensed in profit or loss.

Financial assets with embedded derivatives are considered in their entirety when determining whether the cash flows are solely payment of principal and interest.

c) Debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Group's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. There are three measurement categories into which the Group classifies its debt instruments:

- Amortised cost: Financial assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows
 represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. Interest income from
 these financial assets is included in other income using the effective interest rate method. Any gain or loss
 arising on derecognition is recognised directly in profit or loss and presented in other gains/(losses)
 together with foreign exchange gains and losses. Impairment losses are presented as a separate line item
 in the statement of comprehensive income.
- FVOCI: Financial assets that are held for i) collection of contractual cash flows; and ii) for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at FVOCI. Movements in the carrying amount are taken through other comprehensive income (OCI), expect for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest income using the effective interest method, and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognised in profit or loss. When the financial assets is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from equity to profit or loss and recognised in other gains/(losses). Interest income is included in other income. Impairment expenses are presented separately in the statement of comprehensive income.
- FVPL: Financial assets that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or FVOCI are measured at FVPL.
 A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at FVPL is recognised in profit or loss and presented net within other gains/(losses) in the period in which it arises.

d) Equity instruments

The Group measures all equity investments at fair value. Where the Group has elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity instruments in OCI, there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Dividends from such investments continue to be recognised in profit or loss as other income when the right to receive payments is established.

Changes in the fair value of financial assets at FVPL are recognised in other gains/(losses) in the statement of comprehensive income.

Impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses) on equity investments are reported together with changes in fair value.

e) Impairment

The Group applies the TFRS 9 simplified approach in measuring the impairment of trade receivables, which applies lifetime expected credit loss, from initial recognition, for all trade receivables.

To measure the expected credit losses, trade accounts receivable have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due. The expected credit loss rates are based on payment profiles, historical credit losses and factors that may affect the ability of the customers to settle the outstanding balances.

For other financial assets carried at amortised cost, the Group applies TFRS 9 general approach in measuring the impairment of those financial assets. Under the general approach, the 12-month or the lifetime expected credit loss is applied depending on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk since the initial recognition.

The significant increase in credit risk (from initial recognition) assessment is performed every end of reporting period by comparing i) expected risk of default as of the reporting date and ii) estimated risk of default on the date of initial recognition.

The Group assesses expected credit loss by taking into consideration forward-looking information and past experiences. The expected credit loss is a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses (probability-weighted present value of estimated cash shortfall). The cash shortfall is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group and all cash flows expected to receive, discounted at the original effective interest rate.

When measuring expected credit losses, the Group reflects the following:

- · probability-weighted estimated uncollectible amounts
- time value of money: and
- supportable and reasonable information as of the reporting date about past experience, current conditions and forecasts of future situations.

Impairment (and reversal of impairment) losses are recognised in profit or loss as a separate line item.

4.10 Investment Property

Property that is held for long-term rental yields or for capital appreciation or both, and that is not occupied by the companies in the Group, is classified as investment property. Investment property also includes property that is being constructed or developed for future use as investment property.

Investment property is measured initially at cost, including directly attributable costs and borrowing costs.

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised to the asset's carrying amount only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance costs are expensed when incurred. When part of an investment property is replaced, the carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised.

After initial recognition, investment property is carried at cost less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Land is not depreciated. Depreciation on other investment properties is calculated using the straight line method to allocate their cost to their residual values over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Buildings 20 Years

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

4.11 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Initial cost included other direct cost related to assets acquisition.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Land and unutilised land in operation have not been depreciated. Depreciation of other assets is calculated using the straight-line method to write off the cost of each asset to their residual value over the estimate useful lives as follows:

Buildings	10 - 50 Years
Building improvement and utilities systems	5 - 20 Years
Medical tools and equipment	2 - 20 Years
Tools and equipment	5 - 10 Years
Furniture and office equipment	3 - 10 Years
Computer	3 - 10 Years
Motor vehicles	5 - 10 Years

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

Where the carrying amount of an asset is greater than its estimated recoverable amount, it is written down immediately to its recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposal of property, plant and equipment are calculated by comparing net proceeds from disposal of assets with assets' carrying amount and are taken into the profit or loss.

4.12 Goodwill

Goodwill is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that it might be impaired. It is carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to cash-generating units or groups of cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the business combination in which the goodwill arose. The units or groups of units are identified at the lowest level at which goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes.

4.13 Intangible assets

Computer software

Costs associated with maintaining computer software programmes are recognised as an expense as incurred. Development costs that are directly attributable to the design and testing of identifiable and unique software products controlled by the Group are recognised as intangible assets when the following criteria are met:

- It is technically feasible to complete the software product so that it will be available for use;
- Management intends to complete the software product and use or sell it;
- There is an ability to use or sell the software product;
- It can be demonstrated how the software product will generate probable future economic benefits;
- Adequate technical, financial and other resources to complete the development and to use or sell the software product are available; and
- The expenditure attributable to the software product during its development can be reliably measured.

Directly attributable costs that are capitalised as part of the software product include the software development employee costs and an appropriate portion of relevant overheads.

Other development expenditures that do not meet these criteria are recognised as an expense as incurred. Development costs previously recognised as an expense are not recognised as an intangible asset in a subsequent period.

Computer software development costs recognised as intangible assets are amortised using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives, which does not exceed 3 to 10 years.

Customer relationships

Customer relationships is recognised as intangible assets separately from goodwill from acquisition of a subsidiary and is amortised using the straight-line method over its estimated useful lives, which does not exceed 10 to 13 years.

4.14 Impairment of assets

Assets that have an indefinite useful life are tested annually for impairment, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that it might be impaired. Assets that are subject to amortisation are reviewed for impairment whenever there is an indication of impairment. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the carrying amount of the assets exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use.

Where the reasons for previously recognised impairments no longer exist, the impairment losses on the assets concerned other than goodwill is reversed.

4.15 Leases

Leases - where the Group is the lessee

Leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group. Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to profit or loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period. The right-of-use asset is depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis.

Contracts may contain both lease and non-lease components. The Group allocates the consideration in the contract to the lease and non-lease components based on their relative stand-alone prices. However, for leases of real estate for which the group is a lessee, it has elected not to separate lease and non-lease components and instead accounts for these as a single lease component.

Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the following lease payments:

- fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable
- variable lease payment that are based on an index or a rate
- amounts expected to be payable by the lessee under residual value guarantees
- the exercise price of a purchase option if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise that option, and
- payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising that option.

Lease payments to be made under reasonably certain extension options are also included in the measurement of the liability.

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be determined, the lessee's incremental borrowing rate is used, being the rate that the lessee would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value in a similar economic environment with similar terms and conditions.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the following:

- the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received
- any initial direct costs, and
- restoration costs.

Payments associated with short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised on a straight-line basis as an expense in profit or loss. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less. Low-value assets comprise some of office equipment and computer.

Leases - where the Group is the lessor

When assets are leased out under a finance lease, the present value of the lease payments is recognised as a receivable. The difference between the gross receivable and the present value of the receivable is recognised as unearned finance income. Lease income is recognised over the term of the lease which reflects a constant periodic rate of return. Initial direct costs are included in initial measurement of the finance lease receivable and reduce the amount of income recognised over the lease term.

Rental income under operating leases (net of any incentives given to lessees) is recognised on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Initial direct costs incurred in obtaining an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the underlying asset and recognised as expense over the lease term on the same basis as lease income. The respective leased assets are included in the statement of financial position based on their nature.

4.16 Financial liabilities

a) Classification

Financial instruments issued by the Group are classified as either financial liabilities or equity securities by considering contractual obligations.

- Where the Group has an unconditional contractual obligation to deliver cash or another financial asset to another entity, it is considered a financial liability unless there is a predetermined or possible settlement for a fixed amount of cash in exchange of a fixed number of the Group's own equity instruments.
- Where the Group has no contractual obligation or has an unconditional right to avoid delivering cash or another financial asset in settlement of the obligation, it is considered an equity instrument.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date.

b) Measurement

Financial liabilities are initially recognised at fair value and are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

c) Derecognition and modification

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled, or expired.

Where the terms of a financial liability are renegotiated/modified, the Group assesses whether the renegotiation / modification results in the derecognition of that financial liability. Where the modification results in an extinguishment, the new financial liability is recognised based on fair value of its obligation. The remaining carrying amount of financial liability is derecognised. The difference as well as proceed paid is recognised as other gains/(losses) in profit or loss.

Where the modification does not result in the derecognition of the financial liability, the carrying amount of the financial liability is recalculated as the present value of the renegotiated / modified contractual cash flows discounted at its original effective interest rate. The difference is recognised in other gains/(losses) in profit or loss.

4.17 Borrowing costs

General and specific borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

The capitalisation rate used to determine the amount of borrowing cost to be capitalised is a weighted average interest rate applicable to the outstanding borrowings during the year. Where funds are borrowed specifically for the acquisition, construction or production of assets, the amount of borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation on the asset is determined at the actual borrowing cost incurred on the borrowing during the period less any investment income on the temporary investments of those borrowings.

4.18 Current and deferred income taxes

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current tax

The current income tax is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of reporting period. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. The Group establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Deferred income tax

Deferred income tax is recognised on temporary differences arising from differences between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements.

However, deferred income tax is not recognised for temporary differences arise from:

- Initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss is not recognised.
- Investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint arrangements where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred income tax is measured using tax rates of the period in which temporary difference is expected to be reversed, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income tax assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

4.19 Employee benefits

a) Short-term employee benefits

Liabilities for short-term employee benefits such as wages, salaries, and medical care that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period are recognised in respect of employees' service up to the end of the reporting period. They are measured at the amount expected to be paid.

b) Defined contribution plans

The Group established a contributory registered provident fund, in accordance with the Provident Fund Act B.E. 2530 by joining a registered - pooled fund which was approved by Ministry of Finance. The fund is held in a separate trustee - administered fund. The Group has no legal or constructive obligations to pay further contributions once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are recognised as employee benefits expense once the amount is due.

Under the provident fund plan, the employees must contribute 3%, 4% and 5% of their basic salary and the Group also contributes 3%, 4% and 5% of the employees' basic salary. The fund appointed a fund manager to manage the fund in accordance with the terms and conditions prescribed in the Ministerial Regulations issued under the Provident Fund Act B.E. 2530

The Group's contributions to the provident fund are charged to profit or loss in the year to which they relate.

c) Defined benefit plans

Amount of retirement benefits is defined by the agreed benefits the employees will receive after the completion of employment. It usually depends on factors such as age, years of service and an employee's latest compensation at retirement.

The defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by an independent actuary using the projected unit credit method. The present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows using market yield of government bonds that matches the terms and currency of the expected cash outflows.

Remeasurement gains and losses are recognised directly to other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise. They are included in retained earnings in the statements of changes in equity.

Past-service costs are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

4.20 Provisions - general

The Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount has been reliably estimated.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

Provisions exclude the employee benefit obligations. The accounting policy for employee benefit obligations are mentioned in Note 4.19.

4.21 Share capital

Ordinary shares with discretionary dividends are classified as equity.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options (net of tax) are shown as a deduction in equity.

Treasury share

Where any companies within the Group repurchases its shares, the consideration paid, including any directly attributable incremental costs (net of taxes) is deducted from equity until the shares are cancelled or reissued. Where such shares are subsequently reissued, any consideration received, net of any directly attributable incremental transaction costs and the related income tax effects, is included in equity.

4.22 Share-based payment

The company receives services from employees as consideration for equity instruments (options). The fair value of the options is recognised as an expense over the vesting period, with a corresponding increase in equity.

4.23 Revenue recognition

Revenue include all revenues from ordinary business activities. All ancillary income in connection with the delivery of goods and rendering of services in the course of the Group's ordinary activities is also presented as revenue.

Revenue are recorded net of value added tax. They are recognised in accordance with the provision of goods or services, provided that collectibility of the consideration is probable.

Multiple element arrangements involving delivery or provision of multiple products or services are separated into distinct performance obligations. Total transaction price of the bundled contract is allocated to each performance obligation based on their relative standalone selling prices or estimated standalone selling prices. Each performance obligation is recognised as revenue on fulfillment of the obligation to the customer.

Revenue from hospital operations of the Group, consisting of medical fees, hospital room sales, and medicine sales, are recognised as revenue when services have been rendered or medicine delivered.

Revenue from sale of goods are recognised when control of the products has transferred which is when the products are shipped to the specific location.

Revenue from services of the Group is recognised based on the lastest estimate of the total value of the contract and actual completion rate determined by reference to the physical state of progress of the works.

Revenue of subsidiary from development of hospital operation software. For fixed-price contracts, revenue is recognised based on the actual service provided to the end of the reporting period as a proportion of the total services to be provided, because the customer receives and uses the benefits. This is determined based on the actual labour hours spent relative to the total expected labour hours.

Some contracts include multiple deliverables, such as the sale of hardware and related installation services. However, the installation is simple, does not include an integration service and could be performed by another party. It is therefore accounted for as a separate performance obligation.

Where the contracts include multiple performance obligations, the transaction price will be allocated to each performance obligation based on their relative stand-alone selling prices. Where these are not directly observable, they are estimated based on expected cost plus margin. If contracts include the installation of hardware, revenue for the hardware is recognised at a point in time when the hardware is delivered, the legal title has passed and the customer has accepted the hardware.

Estimates of revenues, costs or extent of progress toward completion are revised if circumstances change. Any resulting increases or decreases in estimated revenues or costs are reflected in profit or loss in the period in which the circumstances that give rise to the revision become known by management.

Revenue of subsidiary from sales of condominium units are recognised upon the control of the title ships to buyer. Installment under the contract is shown as deposits and advance received from customers.

Other revenues are recognised on the following bases:

- Consultation and management income is recognised on an accrual basis in accordance with the substance of the relevant agreement.
- Dividend income is recognised when the Group's right to receive dividend is established.
- Interest income is recognised on a time proportion basis, taking into account of the principal outstanding and the effective rate over the period to maturity, when it is determined that such income will accrue to the Group.
- Rental income is recognised by using straight line method over the contractual period.
- Membership income is recognised on an accrual basis in accordance with the substance of the relevant agreement.
- Other income is recognised when the Group has right to received.

4.24 Finance costs

Finance costs comprise interest expense from borrowings from financial institutions, borrowings from related parties, interest expense from lease liabilities and front-end fee.

4.25 Dividend payment

Dividend distributed to the Company's shareholders is recognised as a liability when interim dividends are approved by the Board of Directors, and when the annual dividends are approved by the shareholders.

4.26 Segment reporting

Consolidated financial statements

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as Board of Directors that makes strategic decisions.

The Group's business operations are in the same geographic area which is in Thailand. These has been presented segment information by business only.

5 Financial risk management

5.1 Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: liquidity risk, credit risk, foreign exchange risk and interest rate risk.

5.1.1 Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities, and the ability to close out market positions. Due to the dynamic nature of the underline business, the Group Treasury aims at maintaining flexibility in funding by keeping committed credit lines available.

5.1.2 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party will fail to fulfill the obligations specified in the contract and caused the other party financial damage.

The Group's revenue mainly is medical service. To manage credit risk, the Group has set the threshold level of reliability of customers. In addition, trade receivables are mostly insurance companies who are stable and doing business together for a long time. Therefore, the management considered that the credit risk on trade receivables is low.

5.1.3 Foreign exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market foreign exchange rate.

The Group has exposure to foreign currency exchange fluctuations on import purchasing of goods. The Group has made forward exchange contracts to hedge the risk of fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates as appropriate with situation at the moment.

5.1.4 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates.

The interest rate risk is the risk that future movements in market interest rates will affect the results of the Group's operations and its future cash flow. The Group has no significant interest-bearing assets. Hence, the management consider that the Group has low interest rate risk. However, the Group has entered into long-term borrowing agreements with financial institutions bearing floating interest rates. The Group use floating to fixed interest rate swaps to reduce this risk when necessary. The management believe that effect of interest rate fluctuation on long-term borrowing agreements with financial institutions will not materially affect the Group. Outstanding balance of significant financial assets and financial liabilities and their interest rates as at 31 December 2023 and 2022 are disclosed in Note 13.

5.2 Accounting for derivative financial instruments and hedging activities

The Group is party to foreign currency forward contracts to protect the Group from movements in exchange rates by establishing the rate at which a foreign currency asset will be realised or a foreign currency liability settled enters into foreign currency forward contracts to protect the Group from movements in exchange rates by establishing the rate at which a foreign currency asset will be realized or a foreign currency liability settled. Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently measured to their fair value at the end of each reporting period. The changes in fair value is recognised to profit or loss. Any increase or decrease in the amount required to realise the asset or settle the liability is offset by a corresponding movement in the value of the forward exchange contract. The gains and losses on the derivative instruments and the underlying financial asset or liability are therefore offset for financial reporting purposes.

6 Fair value

The table below presents financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value, excluding where its value is approximating the carrying amount.

The different levels have been defined as follows:

- Level 1: The fair of financial instruments is based on the current bid price by reference to security market.
- Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments is determined using significant observable input and, as little as possible, entity-specific estimates.
- Level 3: The fair value of financial instruments is not based on observable market data

			Fair value						
		·	Conso financial s		Separate financial statements				
	Note	Level	2023 Baht	2022 Baht	2023 Baht	2022 Baht			
Financial assets measured at fair value Financial assets measured at fair value	11, 17 17	1 3	814,577,043 379,094,029	903,821,930 378,531,529	688,441,378 314,018,263	713,242,545 313,737,013			

During the year, there was no transfer between levels of fair value.

The Group discloses fair value of investment properties and long-term loans from financial institutions in Note 21 and 28, respectively.

7 Critical accounting estimates, assumptions and judgements

Estimates, assumptions and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Employee benefit obligations

The present value of employee benefit obligations depends on a number of factors that are determined on an actuarial basis using a number of assumptions. Any changes in these assumptions will have an impact on the carrying amount of employee benefit obligations.

The Group determines the appropriate discount rate at the end of each year. This is the interest rate that should be used to determine the present value of estimated future cash outflows expected to be required to settle the employee benefit obligations. In determining the appropriate discount rate, the Group considers the market yield of government bonds that are denominated in the currency in which the benefits will be paid, and that have terms to maturity approximating the terms of the related employee benefit liability.

Other key assumptions for employee benefit obligations are based in part on current market conditions. Additional information is disclosed in Note 30.

Expected credit losses

The Group applies the TFRS 9 simplified approach to measure expected credit losses, which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance for all trade accounts receivable.

To measure the expected credit losses, trade accounts receivable have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the day past due. The expected loss rates are based on the payment profiles and the corresponding historial credit losseds experienced in the past, including factors that may affect the payment of accounts receivable.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax assets come from the estimation of some temporary difference effects which is probable to utilise tax benefit. Management's estimation comes from an assumption based on an available future income and any factors or external exposures which might affect the projected future performance. The Group also considered the utilisation of the past tax losses and assessed the estimation on a conservative basis.

Allowance for impairment of investment

In determining an allowance for impairment of investment, the managements need to make judgements and estimates the impairment loss when the indications of impairment arise by considering the estimated future cash flow to be generated. The management need to judgement define significant assumptions used (Note 18, 19 and 20).

Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

In determining depreciation of plant and equipment, the management is required to make estimates of the useful lives and salvage values of the plant and equipment and to review estimate useful lives and salvage values when there are any changes.

In addition, the management is required to review property, plant and equipment for impairment on a periodical basis and record impairment loss in the period when it is determined that their recoverable amount is lower than the carrying amount. This requires judgements regarding forecast of future revenue and expenses relating to the assets subject to the review.

Goodwill and intangible assets

The initial recognition and measurement of goodwill and intangible assets, and subsequent impairment testing, require management to make estimates of cash flows to be generated by the asset or the cash generating units and to choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows.

Provisions

The Group has liabilities that may arise from being sued for damages. The management uses judgment to assess the outcome of the case in which the Group has been charged. If the management considers that there may be damage occurred, the Group recorded a provision for losses that might arise in such circumstances. If management determines and believes that the group will not be damaged, the Group does not record contingent liabilities as at the end of the accounting period.

8 Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, and issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

9 Segment information

The Group's business operations involve five principle segments: (1) hospital operations (2) hospital management (3) healthcare solution provider (4) development and sales of hospital operation software and (5) property development. Below is a certain part of the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022:

	-		Ce	ertain part of the	e consolidated	statements of o	omprehensive in	ncome for the v	ears ended 31	December 202	3 and 2022 (Bah	nt)		
	-				Healthcar		Development				,	•		
	Hospital operations		Hospital management		provider		hospital operation software		Property development		Elimination		Total	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Revenue from hospital operations Revenue from sale of goods	8,792,033,002 2,711,967	10,357,677,000 9,534,823	401,194	33,398,127	- 211,407,111	- 284,217,216	-	:	-	-	(50,266,774) (7,895,163)	(180,461,584) (9,613,502)	8,742,167,422 206,223,915	10,210,613,543 284,138,537
Revenue from other services	27,377,984	14,813,903	730,698,485	549,027,089	85,986,938	36,221,159	24,821,651	25,050,477	-	-	(73,998,693)	(24,146,701)	794,886,365	600,965,927
Revenue from sales of condominium unit Cost of hospital operations	(6,491,705,029)	(7,129,542,370)	(1,472,017)	(16,101,786)	100,274,207	443,788,482	-		-	-	18,601,478	123,158,045	100,274,207 (6,474,575,568)	443,788,482 (7,022,486,111)
Cost of goods sold	(2,261,048)	(6,887,220)	(1,472,017)	(10,101,700)	(146,186,640)	(212,118,077)	-		-	-	7,975,550	2,424,804	(140,472,138)	(216,580,493)
Cost of other services	(17,657,693)	(9,804,086)	(645,438,967)	(493,737,794)	(125,781,612)	(47,122,584)	(14,820,530)	(14,343,140)	-	-	42,818,103	18,674,102	(760,880,699)	(546,333,502)
Cost of condominium unit sold		-	-	-	(63,645,014)	(272,862,995)	-		-	-	941,122	4,347,779	(62,703,892)	(268,515,216)
Segment income	2,310,499,183	3,235,792,050	84,188,695	72,585,636	62,054,990	232,123,201	10,001,121	10,707,337	-	-	(61,824,377)	(65,617,057)	2,404,919,612	3,485,591,167
Unallocated revenues and expenses : Other income Selling and administrative expenses Net gain (loss) on exchange rate Other expenses Finance costs Share of profit (loss) from investment in													143,726,803 (1,810,831,781) 197,563 (9,805,154) (449,476,813)	444,395,457 (1,720,050,351) (45,320) (25,068,694) (304,846,573)
- associates - joint ventures Income tax												_	133,194,759 80,327,469 (100,115,602)	126,163,561 24,800,438 (354,404,513)
Net profit for the year												_	392,136,856	1,676,535,172
Timing of revenue recognition:														
At a point in time Overtime	2,711,967 8,819,410,986	9,534,823 10,372,490,903	- 731,099,679	- 582,425,216	310,786,839 86,881,417	726,772,670 37,454,187	- 24,821,651	25,050,477	-	- -	(7,895,163) (124,265,467)	(9,613,502) (204,608,285)	305,603,643 9,537,948,266	726,693,991 10,812,812,498
	8,822,122,953	10,382,025,726	731,099,679	582,425,216	397,668,256	764,226,857	24,821,651	25,050,477	-	-	(132,160,630)	(214,221,787)	9,843,551,909	11,539,506,489

For separate financial statements, the Company's revenue are recognised overtime.

	Certain part of the consolidated statements of financial position as at 31 December 2023 and 2022 (Baht)								_			
					Healthcare solution		Development and sales of					
	Hospital operations		Hospital management		provider		hospital operation software		Property development		Total	
	(Restated)										(Restated)	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
												_
Segment assets Investments at equity method Unallocated assets	15,397,563,665 1,903,262,051	16,271,355,021 1,728,717,052 -	630,596,140 - -	413,379,157 - -	3,809,226,712 - -	3,961,203,216 - -	29,485,839 - -	28,401,541 - -	1,652,944,469 - -	1,724,857,243 - -	21,519,816,825 1,903,262,051 126,552,882	22,399,196,178 1,728,717,052 929,129,469
Total assets	17,300,825,716	18,000,072,073	630,596,140	413,379,157	3,809,226,712	3,961,203,216	29,485,839	28,401,541	1,652,944,469	1,724,857,243	23,549,631,758	25,057,042,699
Segment liabilities Unallocated liabilities	4,845,229,743	4,659,711,424 -	251,502,207	175,317,099 -	3,779,956,013	3,681,789,211	24,234,643	28,465,384	546,335 -	19,327,696 -	8,901,468,941 3,871,938,850	8,578,052,400 5,333,447,880
Total liabilities	4,845,229,743	4,659,711,424	251,502,207	175,317,099	3,779,956,013	3,681,789,211	24,234,643	28,465,384	546,335	19,327,696	12,773,407,791	13,898,058,694

The Group's borrowings are unallocated liabilities, due to that borrowings are managed by the centralised function.

10 Cash and cash equivalents

		lidated statements	Separate financial statements			
	2023	2022	2023	2022		
	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht		
Cash on hand Cheque on hand Cash at banks - savings accounts - current accounts - 3-month fixed deposit	12,280,505	7,375,857	7,164,239	4,517,999		
	109,752,433	52,725,436	1,257,907	218,346		
	528,285,094	1,933,230,061	362,922,251	1,600,160,961		
	286,042,469	588,348,089	271,730,797	531,614,969		
	3,406,506	4,292,058	2,685,572	2,670,988		
	939,767,007	2,585,971,501	645,760,766	2,139,183,263		

As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, cash at banks carry interest at the rates as follows:

	Conso financial s		Separate financial statements		
	2023	2022	2023	2022	
	% per annum	% per annum	% per annum	% per annum	
Cash at banks - savings accounts - 3-month fixed deposit	0.15 to 0.60	0.05 to 0.50	0.15 to 0.60	0.05 to 0.35	
	0.85 to 1.00	0.35 to 0.45	1.00	0.35	

11 Financial assets measured at fair (current asset)

Financial assets measured at fair value of the Group represent the short-term investments in debt and equity securities issued by financial institutions.

The movements of financial assets measured at fair for the year ended 31 December 2023 are as follows:

	Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss Baht		Separate financial statements Financial assets Financial assets measured at fair value fair value through other through comprehensive profit or loss income Baht Baht			
Cost as at 1 January 2023 Add Additions during the year Less Disposals during the year	204,251,916	6,408,671	14,194,831	6,408,671		
	139,000,000	-	-	-		
	(205,144,153)	-	-	-		
Cost as at 31 December 2023 Unrealised gain (loss) on measurement at fair value	138,107,763	6,408,671	14,194,831	6,408,671		
	3,573,200	(1,438,071)	1,350,467	(1,438,071)		
Book value as at 31 December 2023	141,680,963	4,970,600	15,545,298	4,970,600		

The movements of financial assets measured at fair for the year ended 31 December 2022 are as follows:

		lidated	Separate financial statements				
	tinanciai s	statements Financial assets	financiai s	Statements Financial assets			
	Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss Baht	measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss Baht	measured at fair value through other comprehensive income Baht			
Cost as at 1 January 2022 Add Additions from acquisition	47,313,533	6,248,671	14,194,831	6,248,671			
of a subsidiary Add Additions during the year Less Disposals during the year	79,938,383 77,000,000 	160,000 -	- - -	160,000 -			
Cost as at 31 December 2022 Unrealised gain (loss) on measurement	204,251,916	6,408,671	14,194,831	6,408,671			
at fair value	1,601,884	(854,821)	1,146,229	(854,821)			
Unrealised gain on measurement at fair value - additions from acquisition of a subsidiary	66,645	-	-	<u>-</u>			
Book value as at 31 December 2022	205,920,445	5,553,850	15,341,060	5,553,850			

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group and the Company recognised gain on measured fair value of financial assets through profit or loss in the consolidated and separate financial statement of Baht 1,904,671 and Baht 204,238, respectively (2022: the Group and the Company recognised gain through profit or loss in the consolidated and separate financial statement of Baht 423,849 and Baht 53,131, respectively) (Note 35).

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group and the Company recognised loss on measured fair value of financial assets through other comprehensive income in the consolidated and separate financial statement of Baht 583,250 (2022: the Group and the Company recognised gain through other comprehensive income in the consolidated and separate financial statement of Baht 213,750).

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group recognised gain on disposal of financial assets amounting to Baht 1,234,497 (For the year ended 31 December 2022: Nil) (Note 35).

During the year 2023, the Group and the Company received dividend income from investments in equity securities amounting to Baht 130,350 (2022: Baht 112,725) (Note 35).

The fair values are based on security market using the rate at the end of accounting period. The fair values are within level 1 of the fair value hierarchy.

12 Trade and other accounts receivable (net)

	-	Consolidated financial statements (Restated)		Sepa financial s	
	-	2023	2022	2023	2022
	Note	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht
Trade accounts receivable					
other companies (net)related companies	41 a)	1,753,898,363 8,337,709	2,129,404,098 6,012,248	383,728,197 85,208,853	434,051,810 81,291,651
		1,762,236,072	2,135,416,346	468,937,050	515,343,461
Other accounts receivable					
other companies (net)related companies	41 a)	13,864,744 8,585,761	23,152,280 1,001,745	5,616,845 34,331,156	5,236,040 25,293,043
	- / <u>-</u>	22,450,505	24,154,025	39,948,001	30,529,083
		22, 100,000	21,101,020	00,010,001	00,020,000
Fixed assets receivable - related companies	41 a)	-		2,167,034	-
Interests receivable - other companies	,	19,230	11,421,436	5,973	1,562
- related companies	41 a)	1,031,027	521,314	323,392,136	204,456,607
	_	1,050,257	11,942,750	323,398,109	204,458,169
Dividend receivable					
- related company	41 a)	990,880	4 470 004	990,880	-
Advance payment for goods Advance payments		16,174,410	1,472,864	2,919,045	1,434,285
- other companies/individual	44.0\	7,569,854	4,610,471	1,761,580	1,340,348
 a related company Prepaid expenses 	41 a)	-	-	1,141,079	-
- other companies (net)	44.5\	43,213,996	32,961,591	9,904,722	8,383,724
- related company	41 a)	1,609,884	-	1,615	1,615
	_	1,855,295,858	2,210,558,047	851,169,115	761,490,685

Outstanding balance of trade accounts receivable classified by aging are as follows:

		lidated	Sepa	
	tinancial s	statements	financial s	tatements
	2023	(Restated)	2023	2022
	2023 Baht	2022 Baht	2023 Baht	2022 Baht
			24.11	
Trade accounts receivable - other companies (net)				
Not yet due	409,517,490	318,450,791	174,758,565	123,364,176
Overdue	265 770 762	170 040 057	20 200 624	EE 062 040
1 - 90 days 91 - 180 days	265,779,762 138,378,313	172,248,257 293,238,884	38,390,624 8,014,339	55,962,049 35,855,258
181 - 365 days	65,416,404	705,652,570	16,872,957	25,281,026
Over 365 days	610,983,507	335,133,185	161,759,879	197,930,995
Over 500 days	010,000,001	000,100,100	101,700,070	137,300,330
	1,490,075,476	1,824,723,687	399,796,364	438,393,504
<u>Less</u> Allowance for expected credit loss	(96,866,303)	(84,598,835)	(81,852,555)	(72,271,042)
	1,393,209,173	1,740,124,852	317,943,809	366,122,462
Unbilled trade accounts receivable	360,709,645	395,641,645	65,784,388	67,929,348
Less Allowance for expected credit loss	(20,455)	(6,362,399)	-	-
	360,689,190	389,279,246	65,784,388	67,929,348
Trade accounts receivable - other companies (net)	1,753,898,363	2,129,404,098	383,728,197	434,051,810
		olidated	Sepa	
		statements 2022	financial s 2023	
	2023 Baht	2022 Baht	2023 Baht	2022 Baht
Trade account receivable - related companies				
Not yet due	607,337	211,716	11,180,869	16,953,862
Overdue	001,001	211,710	11,100,000	10,000,002
1 - 90 days	2,052,286	104,326	9,513,115	9,706,652
91 - 180 days	-,,	-	8,910,118	8,474,752
181 - 365 days	26,740	-	19,104,338	15,074,635
Over 365 days	5,515,965	5,560,825	35,228,980	29,810,317
	8,202,328	5,876,867	83,937,420	80,020,218
Unbilled trade accounts receivable	135,381	135,381	1,271,433	1,271,433
Less Allowance for expected credit loss	-	-	-	
	135,381	135,381	1,271,433	1,271,433
Trade account receivable - related companies	8,337,709	6,012,248	85,208,853	81,291,651

Due to the nature of trade accounts receivable are current assets, their carrying amount is considered to be the same as their fair value.

Allowance for expected credit loss for trade accounts receivable - other companies as at 31 December 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

	Consol financial s		Separate financial statements		
	2023 Baht	2022 Baht	2023 Baht	2022 Baht	
Gross carrying amount - trade receivables					
Not yet due	(2,438)	(31,568)	-	(31,568)	
Overdue					
1 - 90 days	(1,542,535)	(1,269,574)	(1,514,144)	(846,245)	
91 - 180 days	(1,339,313)	(835,882)	(538,325)	(459,048)	
181 - 365 days	(7,946,640)	(4,980,708)	(4,846,686)	(2,582,354)	
Over 365 days	(86,035,377)	(77,481,103)	(74,953,400)	(68,351,827)	
Unbilled trade accounts receivable	(20,455)	(6,362,399)	-	-	
Allowance for expected credit loss	(96,886,758)	(90,961,234)	(81,852,555)	(72,271,042)	

The movements of the allowance for expected credit loss for trade accounts receivable - other companies for the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022 comprise the following:

		lidated statements	Separate financial statements			
	2023 2022 Baht Baht				2022 Baht	
Allowance at the beginning of the year Add Addition during the year Add Addition from acquisition of a subsidiary Less Written off during the year Less Reversal during the year - repayments	(90,961,234) (37,114,453) - 2,544,318 28,644,611	(100,797,055) (18,856,484) (3,784,019) - 32,476,324	(72,271,042) (18,617,282) - - 9,035,769	(69,644,401) (14,164,690) - - 11,538,049		
Allowance at the end of the year	(96,886,758)	(90,961,234)	(81,852,555)	(72,271,042)		

During the year ended 31 December 2023 and 2022, the Group and the Company have written off bad debt of Baht 2,544,318.

13 Financial assets and financial liabilities

Outstanding balances of financial assets and financial liabilities and interest rates as at 31 December 2023 and 2022 as follows:

								2023	1						
		-		Consoli	dated financial sta	tements					Separa	ate financial statem	nents		
		Fi	xed interest rate						Fix	red interest rate					
		Within	1 - 5	Over	Floating	Non-interest		_	Within	1 - 5	Over	Floating	Non-interest		
		1 year	years	5 years	Interest rate	Bearing rate	Total	Interest	1 year	years	5 years	Interest rate	Bearing rate	Total	Interest
	Measurement categories	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	(%)	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	(%)
Financial assets															
Cash and cash equivalents	Amortised cost	3,406,506	-	-	528,285,093	408,075,408	939,767,007	0.05 - 1.00	2,685,572	-	-	362,922,250	280,152,944	645,760,766	0.05 - 1.00
Short-term investments															
at financial institutions	Amortised cost	-	-	-	-	39,215	39,215	0.95 - 1.23	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Financial assets - investment															
in debt securities	FVPL	•	-	-	-	141,680,963	141,680,963	•	•	-	-	-	15,545,298	15,545,298	-
Financial assets - investment															
in equity securities	FVOCI	-	-	-	-	1,051,990,109	1,051,990,109	-	-	-	-	-	986,914,343	986,914,343	-
Trade and other accounts receivable (net)	Amortised cost	74.040.004	•	-	-	1,786,727,713	1,786,727,713			-	-	-	835,441,074	835,441,074	
Short-term loans to related parties	Amortised cost	74,848,931 15,598,811	-	-	-	-	74,848,931 15,598,811	As agreed 0.25 - 1.23	3,841,427,832	-	-	-	-	3,841,427,832	As agreed
Restricted deposits at financial institutions	Amortised cost	15,598,611			<u> </u>		15,596,611	0.25 - 1.23							-
		93.854.248	_	_	528,285,093	3.388.513.408	4,010,652,749		3,844,113,404		_	362.922.250	2.118.053.659	6.325.089.313	
		93,034,240			320,203,093	3,300,313,400	4,010,002,749	_	3,044,113,404			302,922,230	2,110,000,009	0,323,009,313	
Financial liabilities															
Bank overdrafts and short-term loans															
from financial institutions	Amortised cost	4,622,449,800	_	-	34,888,714	-	4,657,338,514	Interest rate in	3,813,374,166	-	_	_	_	3,813,374,166	Interest rate in
		.,,			- 1,,		,,,,	Financial Market	-,,,					-,,,	Financial Market
								and MLR,							and MLR
								MOR and							
								AFMRR							
Trade and other accounts payable	Amortised cost	-	-	-	-	1,496,423,165	1,496,423,165	-	-	-	-	-	801,526,948	801,526,948	-
Short-term loan from other individual	Amortised cost	-	-	-	-	6,191,000	6,191,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Short-term loan from a related party	Amortised cost	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	583,000,000	-	-	-	-	583,000,000	As agreed
Liabilities from purchase of medical	A	41,948,283	22.074.700				75 000 070	Fixed rate							
tools and equipment Long-term payable from purchase of	Amortised cost	41,946,263	33,071,789	-	-	-	75,020,072	rixed rate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
intangible asset	Amortised cost	_				_						_			
Long-term loans from financial institutions	Amortised cost	2,640,000	3,680,000	-	5,246,976,179	-	5,253,296,179	Interest rate in	•	-	-	3.797.853.415	-	3.797.853.415	Interest rate in
Long-term loans from illiancial institutions	Amortised cost	2,040,000	3,000,000		3,240,370,173		3,233,230,173	Financial Market				3,737,033,413		3,737,030,413	MLR and THOR
								THOR MLR							WER and THOR
								BIBOR							
								and Prime rate							
Lease liabilities (net)	Amortised cost	78,072,208	100,772,151	91,915,014	-	-	270,759,373	2.55 - 6.69	11,431,177	34,456,490	110,924,638	-	-	156,812,305	3.13 - 4.84
				•	-			_			•		-		
		4,745,110,291	137,523,940	91,915,014	5,281,864,893	1,502,614,165	11,759,028,303	_	4,407,805,343	34,456,490	110,924,638	3,797,853,415	801,526,948	9,152,566,834	

								2022 (Re:	stated)						
				Consol	lidated financial st	atements		•	•		Sepai	ate financial stater	nents		
		F	ixed interest rate						F	xed interest rate					
		Within	1 - 5	Over	Floating	Non-interest		-	Within	1 - 5	Over	Floating	Non-interest		
		1 year	years	5 years	Interest rate	Bearing rate	Total	Interest	1 year	years	5 years	Interest rate	Bearing rate	Total	Interest
	Measurement categories	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	(%)	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	(%)
Financial assets															
Cash and cash equivalents	Amortised cost	4,292,058	-	-	1,933,230,061	648,449,382	2,585,971,501	0.05 - 0.50	2,670,988	-	-	1,600,160,961	536,351,314	2,139,183,263	0.05 - 0.38
Short-term investments															
at financial institutions	Amortised cost	37,230	-	-	-	-	37,230	0.50 - 0.73	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Financial assets - investment								-							
in debt securities	FVPL	-	-	-	-	205,920,445	205,920,445	-	-	-	-	-	15,341,060	15,341,060	-
Financial assets - investment															
in equity securities	FVOCI	-	-	-	-	1,076,433,014	1,076,433,014	-	-	-	-	-	1,011,638,498	1,011,638,498	-
Trade and other accounts receivable (net)	Amortised cost	-	-	-	-	2,171,513,121	2,171,513,121	-	-	-	-	-	750,330,713	750,330,713	-
Short-term loans to related parties	Amortised cost	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,631,578,902	-	-	-	-	3,631,578,902	As agreed
Current portion of long-term loans	Amortised cost	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-		-		Interest rate in
to related companiess								-				21,000,000		21,000,000	Financial Market
													-		Interest rate in
Long-term loans to related companies	Amortised cost	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	170,500,000	-	170,500,000	Financial Market
Restricted deposits at financial institutions	Amortised cost	15,593,700	-	-	-	-	15,593,700	0.15 - 0.73	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		19.922.988	_	_	1.933.230.061	4.102.315.962	6.055.469.011		3.634.249.890	_	_	1.791.660.961	2.313.661.584	7.739.572.435	
		10,022,000			1,500,200,001	4,102,010,002	0,000,400,011	-	0,004,240,000			1,731,000,301	2,010,001,004	1,100,012,400	•
Financial liabilities															
								Interest rate in							
								Financial Market							
Bank overdrafts and short-term loans								and MLR and							Interest rate in
from financial institutions	Amortised cost	4,518,918,637	-	-	6,411,164	-	4,525,329,801	MOR	4,040,000,000	-	-	-	-	4,040,000,000	Financial Market
Trade and other accounts payable	Amortised cost	-	-	-	-	1,369,321,594	1,369,321,594	-	-	-	-	-	775,428,299	775,428,299	-
Short-term loan from other individual	Amortised cost	6,191,000	-	-	-	-	6,191,000	As agreed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Short-term loan from a related party	Amortised cost	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	244,000,000	-	-	-	-	244,000,000	As agreed
Liabilities from purchase of medical															
tools and equipment	Amortised cost	48,873,913	47,221,562	-	-	-	96,095,475	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Long-term payable from purchase of									-	-	-	-	-	-	
intangible asset	Amortised cost	-	3,103,000	-	-	-	3,103,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
								Interest rate in							Interest rate in
Long-term loans from financial institutions	Amortised cost	2,640,000	6,320,000	-	6,547,809,384	-	6,556,769,384	Financial Market	-	-	-	4,640,322,850	-	4,640,322,850	Financial Market
Lease liabilities (net)	Amortised cost	21,613,429	61,766,075	124,273,735	-	-	207,653,239	3.00 - 8.57	8,672,198	21,811,342	93,266,380	-	-	123,749,920	3.13 - 5.28
							. <u></u>	-		<u> </u>		<u> </u>			
		4,598,236,979	118,410,637	124,273,735	6,554,220,548	1,369,321,594	12,764,463,493	_	4,292,672,198	21,811,342	93,266,380	4,640,322,850	775,428,299	9,823,501,069	

Cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments at financial institutions, trade and other accounts receivable, short-term loan to related parties are characterised as current assets. Carrying value of these financial assets approximated fair values. For non-current assets, its fair values are not significantly different from carrying values.

14 Inventories (net)

		lidated statements	Separate financial statements		
	2023	2023 2022		2022	
	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	
Medicines and medical supplies	288,442,038	277,261,155	201,987,606	191,337,786	
Medical equipment	91,893,325	96,819,456	-	-	
Supplies	14,699,497	14,746,231	6,317,998	7,117,604	
Condominium unit for sale	735,379,646	790,112,334	-	-	
Less Allowance for obsolete inventories					
 medicines and medical supplies 	(81,943,545)	(79,074,753)	(75,560,059)	(75,560,059)	
 medical equipment 	(21,483,048)	(22,533,547)	-	-	
- supplies	(54,527)	(54,527)	(54,527)	(54,527)	
Goods in transit - medical equipment	825	6,773,790	-	-	
	1,026,934,211	1,084,050,139	132,691,018	122,840,804	

- Allowance for obsolete inventories-medicine and medical supplies and supplies are recognised as cost of hospital
 operations in profit or loss.
- Allowance for obsolete inventories-medical equipment are recognised as cost of goods sold in profit or loss.

15 Cost of developing holistic care project

Cost of developing holistic care project as at 31 December 2023 and 2022 comprise the following:

	lidated statements
2023 Baht	2022 Baht
Danii	Dani
840,389,408	840,389,408

Land under development

16 Restricted deposits at financial institutions

Cash at banks - savings account
- 3-month fixed deposit
- 12-month fixed deposit

Cash at banks - savings account

- 3-month fixed deposit- 12-month fixed deposit

Conso	lidated	Sepa	arate
financial s	statements	financial s	statements
2023	2022	2023	2022
Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht
8,100,000	8,250,000	-	-
1,980,000	1,980,000	-	-
5,518,811	5,363,700	-	-
15,598,811	15,593,700	-	-

_								
	Interest rate (% per annum)							
	Conso	lidated	Sepa	arate				
	financial s	statements	financial s	statements				
	2023	2022	2023	2022				
	0.25 to 0.60	0.25 to 0.38	-	-				
	0.95 to 1.00	0.40 to 0.45	-	-				
	0.60 to 1.23	0.15 to 0.73	-	-				

As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, restricted deposits at financial institutions of the Group are deposits of the subsidiaries in Baht currency. The Group pledged these deposits as collateral against bank overdrafts, borrowings from financial institutions and bank guarantees (Note 26, 28 and 44).

17 Financial assets measured at fair (non-current assets)

Financial assets measured at fair of the Group - non-current represent the investments in equity securities which have the movements for the year ended 31 December 2023 as follows:

	Consolidated financial statements Financial assets measured at fair through other comprehensive income Baht	Separate financial statements Financial assets measured at fair through other comprehensive income Baht
Cost as at 1 January 2023 Addition during the year Less Disposal during the year Unrealised gain on measurement at fair value	923,634,965 10,085,477 (1,484,758) 114,783,825	858,840,449 9,804,227 (1,484,758) 114,783,825
Book value as at 31 December 2023	1,047,019,509	981,943,743

Financial assets measured at fair of the Group - non-current represent the investments in equity securities which have the movements for the year ended 31 December 2022 as follows:

	Consolidated financial statements Financial assets measured at fair through other comprehensive income Baht	Separate financial statements Financial assets measured at fair through other comprehensive income Baht
Cost as at 1 January 2022 Additions during the year	918,134,963 18,018,006	863,987,794 18,018,006
Additions from acquisition of a subsidiary	16,500,000	-
Reclassification from investment in a subsidiary (Note 19) Remeasurement of fair value of investment before reclassification to	14,000,000	14,000,000
investments in associates (Note 18)	83,233,012	89,085,665
Less reclassification to investments in associates (Note 18)	(126,251,016)	(126,251,016)
Unrealised gain on measurement at fair value	147,244,199	147,244,199
Book value as at 31 December 2022	1,070,879,164	1,006,084,648

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group and the Company recognised gain on measured the fair value of financial assets through other comprehensive income in the consolidated and separate financial statement of Baht 32,460,374 (2022 : recognised gain of Baht 41,248,313 and Baht 47,100,966, respectively).

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group and the Company have recognised gain on disposals of long-term investments in equity securities amounting to Baht 569,533. (2022: the Group and the Company did not dispose any long-term investments in equity securities).

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group and the Company received dividend income from long-term investments in equity securities amounting to Baht 48,190,273 and Baht 46,690,273, respectively (2022: Baht 85,388,321 and Baht 77,888,321, respectively) (Note 35).

The Group and the Company measure the fair value of investment in marketable equity securities based on the last bid price reference from the securities market. This fair value is within the level 1 of the fair value hierarchy. For investment in non-marketable equity securities, the Group and the Company measure the fair value by using significant observable input and entity-specific estimates. This fair value is within the level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

18 Investments in associates (net)

a) As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, investments in associates (net) comprise the following:

						lidated tatements	•	arate statements
	Place of business/			ntage of nolding		ments method)		ments nethod)
Company name	country of incorporation	Nature of business	2023 Percentage	2022 Percentage	2023 Baht	2022 Baht	2023 Baht	2022 Baht
Ubonrak Co., Ltd. Sirivej Chanthaburi Public	Thailand	Private hospital activities	34.52	34.52	431,398,022	386,873,637	272,762,500	272,762,500
Company Limited	Thailand	Private hospital activities	31.92	31.92	446,723,029	405,642,638	211,522,604	211,522,604
Phatara Hospital Co., Ltd.	Thailand	Private hospital activities	21.47	21.47	161,285,754	152,692,405	139,425,764	139,425,764
Thonburi Rangsit Hospital Co., Ltd.	Thailand	Private hospital activities	30.00	30.00	295,822	296,345	300,000	300,000
					1,039,702,627	945,505,025	624,010,868	624,010,868

The management has reviewed allowance for impairment of investments in associates by considering from the past performance and are expected to occur in the future including other factors.

b) The movements in book value of investments in associates (net) for the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022 comprise the following:

	Consol financial s Equity r	tatements	Separate financial statements Cost method		
	2023 2022		2023	2022	
	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	
Beginning book value of the year (net) Additions during the year	945,505,025	708,932,919 300,000	624,010,868	484,285,104 300,000	
Transfer from financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (Note17)	_	126,251,016	_	126,251,016	
Gain on reclassification of investment	- -	13,174,748	-	13,174,748	
Share of profit during the year (net) Dividend income during the year	133,194,759 (38,997,157)	126,163,561 (29.317.219)	-	-	
Dividend income during the year	(30,337,137)	(23,317,213)	_		
Ending book value of the year (net)	1,039,702,627	945,505,025	624,010,868	624,010,868	

c) Reclassification of financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income to investments in associates

At the Executive Committee's Meeting of the Company No. 3/2022 on 3 May 2022, it was resolved to approve the Company's additional investment in the ordinary shares of Phatara Hospital Co., Ltd. amounting to Baht 18.02 million (720,000 ordinary shares at the price of Baht 25.00 per share), resulting that the Company's shareholding interest increased from 16.67% to 21.47% which made the Company has significant influence on operations. Therefore, the investment in such company is reclassified from financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income to investments in associates.

At the date of reclassification, the Group and the Company recognised gain on measurement of fair value of financial assets through other comprehensive income in the consolidated and separate financial information amounting to Baht 83,233,012 and Baht 89,085,665, respectively. The Group and the Company also recognised gain from reclassification of investment in profit or loss in the consolidated and separate financial information of Baht 13,174,748.

d) Increase in investments in associates - Thonburi Rangsit Hospital Company Limited

In July 2022, The Company together with other companies and related companies established Thonburi Rangsit Hospital Company Limited with registered share capital of Baht 1.00 million (10,00 ordinary shares at par value Baht 100.00 per share). The Company held 30% shareholding interest and paid for shares in November 2022.

Summarised financial information for significant associates

Set out below are the summarised financial information for Ubonrak Co., Ltd. and Sirivej Chanthaburi Public Company Limited which are accounted for using the equity method.

	Ubonrak As at 31 [,	Sirivej Chantl Company As at 31 D	/ Limited
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	Million Baht	Million Baht	Million Baht	Million Baht
Current assets Non-current assets Current liabilities Non-current liabilities	441	358	334	434
	666	654	1,891	1,601
	(146)	(157)	(281)	(212)
	(135)	(158)	(592)	(599)
Net assets	826	697	1,352	1,224
Revenue	1,082	964	1,113	942
Net profit	191	152	163	189
Other comprehensive income	-	-	3	-
Total comprehensive income	191	152	166	189

The information above reflects the amounts presented in the financial statements of the associates (and not the Group's share of those amounts) adjusted for the differences in accounting policies between the Group and the associates for the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022.

Reconciliation of summarised financial information

Reconciliation of the summarised financial information presented to the carrying amount of its interest in associates.

Summarised financial information		Co., Ltd. December	Sirivej Chanthaburi Public Company Limited As at 31 December		
	2023 Million Baht	2022 Million Baht	2023 Million Baht	2022 Million Baht	
Net assets as at 1 January Profit for the year Other comprehensive income Dividends	697 191 - (62)	596 152 - (51)	1,224 163 3 (37)	1,072 189 - (37)	
Net assets as at 31 December	826	697	1,353	1,224	
Interest in associates (%) Equity in associates Excess of fair value to cost of investments prior to the change in shareholding interest Goodwill	34.52 285 (34) 180	34.52 241 (34) 180	31.92 432 - 15	31.92 391 - 15	
Net book value	431	387	447	406	
Carrying amount of investments in associates using the equity method (Note 18 a))	431	387	447	406	

Summarised financial information for immaterial associates

The table below is the carrying amount of its interests, in aggregate, all individually immaterial associates that are accounted for using equity method.

	As at 31 I	December
	2023 Million Baht	2022 Million Baht
Aggregate carrying amount of individually immaterial associates		
Aggregate amounts of the Group's share of: Profit from continuing operations	67	62
Total comprehensive income	67	62

19 Investments in subsidiaries (net)

As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, the subsidiaries included in consolidated financial statement are listed below. The subsidiaries have only ordinary shares in which the Group directly holds those shares. The proportion of ownership interests held by the Group is equal to voting rights in subsidiaries held by the Group. Investments in subsidiaries (net) comprise the investments in ordinary shares of companies as following:

									Separate finan					
									Cost n	nethod				
						-		2023			2022		Dividend	lincome
								Allowance for			Allowance for		For the ye	ear ended
			Paid-up share	capital (Amount)	Shareholdir	ng interest		impairment of	Investments		impairment of	Investments	31 December	er (Note 35)
			2023	2022	2023	2022	Investments	Investments	(net)	Investments	Investments	(net)	2023	2022
Direct Subsidiaries	Incorporated in	Nature of business	Baht	Baht	Percentage	Percentage	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht
Rajyindee Hospital Public Company Limited	Thailand	Private hospital activities	430,000,000	430,000,000	57.41	57.41	251,818,721	-	251,818,721	251,818,721	-	251,818,721	37,032,442	22,026,063
Thonburi Sermrath Co., Ltd.	Thailand	Hospital heart center	113,300,000	100,000,000	88.24	99.98	249,880,000	-	249,880,000	249,880,000	-	249,880,000	-	19,996,000
Thonburi Wellbeing Co., Ltd.	Thailand	Senior medical service												
		and residences	1,500,000,000	1,500,000,000	99.99	99.99	1,500,000,000	-	1,500,000,000	1,500,000,000	-	1,500,000,000	-	-
DS All Co., Ltd.	Thailand	Retail sale of pharmaceutical												
		and medical goods in												
		specialised stores	31,932,650	31,932,650	99.43	99.43	144,526,240	(144,526,240)	-	144,526,240	(144,526,240)	-	-	-
Rajthanee Realty Co., Ltd.	Thailand	Land and property development	1,960,000,000	1,960,000,000	100.00	100.00	2,311,597,350	-	2,311,597,350	2,311,597,350	-	2,311,597,350	-	-
Thonburi Realty Development Co., Ltd.	Thailand	Land and property development	1,270,000,000	1,270,000,000	99.86	99.86	1,268,256,400	(798,256,400)	470,000,000	1,268,256,400	(798,256,400)	470,000,000	-	-
Modular Software Expertise Co., Ltd.	Thailand	Consulting and writing												
		computer programs	18,000,000	18,000,000	70.00	70.00	12,600,000	(4,600,000)	8,000,000	12,600,000	(4,600,000)	8,000,000	-	-
Healthiva Co., Ltd.	Thailand	Private hospital activities	90,000,000	90,000,000	99.99	99.99	90,000,000	-	90,000,000	90,000,000	-	90,000,000	-	-
(2022: Uttradit Thonburi Hospital Co., Ltd.)		•												
Thonburi Bamrungmuang Hospital Co., Ltd.	Thailand	Private hospital activities	1,285,676,700	1,285,676,700	95.14	95.14	2,111,913,029	-	2,111,913,029	2,111,913,029	-	2,111,913,029	-	-
Thanarad Thung Song Co. Ltd	Thailand	Private hospital activities	600,000,000	600,000,000	51.12	51.12	306,692,500	-	306,692,500	306,692,500	-	306,692,500	-	-
TH Health Co., Ltd.	Thailand	Central procurement	21,000,000	1,000,000	100.00	100.00	21,000,000	-	21,000,000	1,000,000	-	1,000,000	-	-
Trang Medical Trading Co., Ltd.	Thailand	Private hospital activities	294,000,000	294,000,000	55.00	55.00	658,533,567	-	658,533,567	658,533,567	-	658,533,567	24,255,000	-
Telehealth Care Co., Ltd.	Thailand	Health care service and												
		telemedicine	50,000,000	-	85.00	-	42,500,000	-	42,500,000	-	-	-	-	-
							8.969.317.807	(947,382,640)	8,021,935,167	8.906.817.807	(947,382,640)	7.959.435.167	61.287.442	42,022,063
						_	0,909,317,807	(941,382,840)	0,021,935,107	0,900,817,807	(341,382,640)	1,909,435,167	01,287,442	42,022,003

		•	Paid-up share capital (Amount)		Shareholdir	ng interest
			2023	2022	2023	2022
Indirect Subsidiary	Incorporated in	Nature of business	Baht	Baht	Percentage	Percentage
Thonburi Property Management Co., Ltd.	Thailand	Real estate services and property				
(held by Thonburi Wellbeing Co., Ltd.)		management	4,000,000	4,000,000	99.99	99.99
Thung Song 888 Co., Ltd.						
(held by Thanarad Thung Song Co. Ltd.)	Thailand	Production and sale of electricity	10,000,000	1,000,000	99.99	99.99
Lanta Vechakit Co., Ltd.						
(held by Trang Medical Trading Co., Ltd.)	Thailand	Private hospital activities	45,000,000	22,500,000	99.97	99.97

Summarised financial statements of subsidiaries with material non-controlling interests

The summarised financial statements for each subsidiary that has non-controlling interests that are material to the Group as at 31 December 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

Summarised statements of financial position

	Rajyindee Hospital Public Company Limited			
	2023 Thousand Baht	2022 Thousand Baht		
Current Assets Liabilities	319,121 (119,564)	352,178 (120,696)		
Total net current assets (liabilities)	199,557	231,482		
Non-current Assets Liabilities	734,824 (86,624)	624,673 (82,362)		
Total net non-current assets (liabilities)	648,200	542,311		
Net assets (liabilities)	847,757	773,793		

Summarised statements of comprehensive income

	Rajyindee Hospital Public Company Limited		
	2023 Thousand Baht	2022 Thousand Baht	
Revenue Profit (loss) before income tax	912,979 175,865	877,104 180,115	
Income tax (expenses) Post-tax profit (loss) from continuing operations	(36,731) 139,134	(35,840) 144,275	
Other comprehensive income	(672)		
Total comprehensive income	138,462	144,275	
Proportion of non-controlling interests (%)	42.59	42.59	
Total comprehensive income allocated to non-controlling interests Change in proportion of non-controlling interests	58,972 -	62,043 (3,718)	
Dividend paid to non-controlling interests	(27,468)	(16,674)	
Cumulative balance of non-controlling interests	361,064	329,560	

Summarised statements of cash flow

	2,2	Rajyindee Hospital Public Company Limited			
	2023 Thousand Baht	2023 Thousand Baht			
Cash flow from operating activities Cash generated from operation Interest received Interest paid Income tax paid	208,502 2,854 (944) (38,298)	244,200 2,154 (684) (29,764)			
Net cash generated from operating activities	172,114	215,906			
Net cash used in investing activities Net cash used in financing activities	(209,519) (59,340)	(120,179) (45,134)			
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	(96,745) 151,247	50,593 100,654			
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	54,502	151,247			

The information as above is the amount of subsidiaries that included in consolidated financial statements before elimination.

b) The movements of investments in subsidiaries (net) for the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022 comprise the following:

	Separate financial statements Cost method		
	2023 Baht	2022 Baht	
Beginning net book value of the year Increase in investments in subsidiaries during the year Disposal of investments in subsidiaries during the year Reclassification to financial assets measured at fair value through other	7,959,435,167 62,500,000 -	7,434,016,139 671,433,501 (61,000,000)	
comprehensive income (Note 17) Loss from impairment of investments	-	(14,000,000) (71,014,473)	
Ending net book value of the year	8,021,935,167	7,959,435,167	

c) Consolidation preparation

- Subsidiaries are fully consolidated as from the date of acquisition, (being the date on which the Group obtains control), and continue to be consolidated until the date when such control ceases.
- The subsidiaries have the same accounting period end as that of the Company, for which the accounting period used in consolidation preparation was from 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 (2022 : from 1 January 2022 to 31 December 2022).
- Non-controlling interests represent the portion of net income or loss and net assets of the subsidiaries that are not held by the Group and are presented separately in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income and within equity in the consolidated statement of financial position.

d) Disposal of investment in a subsidiary - Thonburi Canabiz Public Company Limited

2022

At the Board of Director's Meeting No. 4/2022 of the Company on 8 March 2022, the Board of Directors approved the disposal of investment in Thonburi Canabiz Public Company Limited by disposing 610,000 ordinary shares at the price of Baht 100.00 per share (par value at Baht 100.00 each) to a company amounting to Baht 61,000,000. The Company recognised gain on disposal of investment in the consolidated financial information of Baht 4,683,733. The Company received the share payment on 29 March 2022. Such disposal resulted in the decrease in the shareholding interest from 75.00% to 14.00%. As a results, the Company considered to reclassify the remaining book value of investment amounting to Baht 14,000,000 to financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income.

	Baht
Book value of investment at the date of disposal Non-controlling interest at the date of disposal	70,316,267 23,438,755
	93,755,022
Cash proceeds from disposal of investment in a subsidiary <u>Less</u> Book value of proportion of investment	61,000,000 (56,316,267)
Gain from disposal of investment in a subsidiary	4,683,733
Cash proceeds from disposal of investment in a subsidiary Less Cash in the subsidiary at the date of disposal	61,000,000 (42,885,594)
Net cash proceeds from disposal of investment in a subsidiary (presented in statement of cash flow)	18,114,406

e) Additional investment in subsidiary - Rajyindee Hospital Public Company Limited

2022

At the Board of Directors' Meeting No.5/2022 of the Company on 21 July 2022, the Board of Directors approved the additional investment in a subsidiary - Rajyindee Hospital Public Company Limited by purchasing 2,148,914 ordinary shares of Rajyindee Hospital Public Company Limited from third parties amounting to Baht 12.90 million. Such purchase resulted in the increase in the shareholding interest from 56.91% to 57.41%. The Company paid for all shares on 4 October 2022.

f) Investment in subsidiary - Trang Medical Trading Co., Ltd. (Note 40)

2022

At the Board of Directors' Meeting No.11/2022 of the Company on 11 November 2022, the Board of Directors approved the investment in a subsidiary - Trang Medical Trading Co., Ltd. by purchasing 16,170,000 ordinary shares of Trang Medical Trading Co., Ltd. amounting to Baht 658.53 million. The Company held 55.00% of shareholding interest. The Company paid for all shares in December 2022.

g) Capital increase in subsidiary - Thonburi Bamrungmuang Hospital Co., Ltd.

2022

At the Extra Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting No. 1/2022 of a subsidiary on 23 December 2022, the shareholders approved the par split from 48,927,068 ordinary shares at par value Baht 25.00 to 244,635,340 ordinary shares at par value Baht 5.00 and approved the increase in registered share capital from Baht 1,223,176,700 (244,635,340 ordinary shares at par value Baht 5.00 per share) to Baht 1,473,176,700 (294,635,340 ordinary shares at par value Baht 5.00 per share) by issuing 50,000,000 ordinary shares at par value Baht 5.00 per share. The subsidiary called for 25% of the 50,000,000 ordinary shares totalling Baht 62.50 million. The subsidiary registered the share capital increase with the Ministry of Commerce on 29 December 2022, resulting in the paid-up share capital of Baht 1,285,676,700 at 31 December 2022.

At the Board of Directors' Meeting No.13/2022 of the Company on 23 December 2022, the Board of Directors approved the abstention of share increase in a subsidiary - Thonburi Bamrungmuang Hospital Co., Ltd., resulting in the decrease in shareholding interest from 99.99% to 95.14%.

h) Investment in subsidiary - Thung Song 888 Co., Ltd.

2023

At the Board of Directors' Meeting No.2/2023 of a subsidiary - Thanarad Thung Song Co. Ltd. on 17 September 2023, the Board of Directors of the subsidiary approved to increase its regsitered shares from Baht 1.00 million in Thung Song 888 Co., Ltd. (100,000 ordinary shares, at par value of Baht 10.00) to Baht 10.00 million (1,000,000 ordinary shares, at par value of Baht 10.00). The newly issued shares were fully paid up during the year.

2022

At the Board of Directors' Meeting No.3/2022 of a subsidiary - Thanarad Thung Song Co. Ltd. on 22 September 2022, the Board of Directors of the subsidiary approved the establishment of a subsidiary with the objective of production and sale of electricity to the hospital. The subsidiary registered the establishment of Thung Song 888 Co., Ltd. in Thailand with the Ministry of Commerce on 12 October 2022 with registered share capital of Baht 1.00 million (100,000 ordinary shares at par value Baht 10.00 per share). The Company held 99.99% of shareholding interest and paid for all shares in November 2022.

i) Establishment a subsidiary - Telehealth Care Co., Ltd.

2023

At the Board of Directors' Meeting No. 2/2023 on 31 January 2023, the Board of Directors approved the establishment of a subsidiary (Telehealth Care Co., Ltd.) with the objective of operating health care service and telemedicine. The subsidiary registered with the Ministry of Commerce in January 2023 with registered share capital of Baht 200.00 million (20,000,000 ordinary shares at par value Baht 10.00 per share). The Company held 85% of shareholding interest. The subsidiary called for 25% of the registered ordinary shares and the Company already paid for the shares total of Baht 42.50 million.

j) Capital increase in subsidiary - TH Health Co., Ltd.

2023

At the Board of Directors' Meeting No. 9/2023 on 21 August 2023, the Board of Directors approved an increase in share capital of a subsidiary (TH Health Co., Ltd.) from Baht 1.00 millions (10,000 ordinary shares at par value of Baht 100.00 per share). to Baht 21.00 million (210,000 ordinary shares at par value of Baht 100.00 per share) by issuing of 200,000 ordinary shares at par value of Baht 100.00 per share. The subsidiary registered an increase in share capital with the Ministry of Commerce on 18 September 2023 and called for 25% of the 200,000 registered ordinary shares, totaling Baht 5.00 million in August 2023 and called for 75% of the 200,000 registered ordinary shares, totaling Baht 15.00 million in December 2023, resulting in Baht 21.00 million paid-up share capital as at 31 December 2023.

k) Capital increase in subsidiary - Thonburi Sermrath Co., Ltd.

2023

At the Board of Directors' meeting no. 10/2023 held on 8 September 2023, the Board of Directors approved an increase in share capital of a subsidiary - Thonburi Sermrath Co., Ltd. from Baht 100.00 million (10,000,000 ordinary shares, at par value of Baht 10.00) to Baht 113,300,000 (11,330,000 ordinary shares, at par value of Baht 10.00) by issued new shares of 1,330,000 shares with a par value of Baht 10.00. The subsidiary received a fully paid up and registered an increase in share capital with the Ministry of Commerce on 12 October 2023.

From the same 8 September meeting, the Board of Directors resolved to relinquish its right to increase Thonburi Sermrath Co. Ltd.'s capital. This relinquishment resulted in a reduction of the ownership proportion from 99.98% to 88.24%.

I) Consideration of allowance for impairment of investments

As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, the Group's management has reviewed allowance for impairment of investments in subsidiaries by considering the previous loss from operation, future expected estimated loss and other factors and considered to set the allowance for impairment in amounting to Baht 947.38 million (2022: Bath 947.38 million).

20 Investments in joint ventures (net)

a) As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, investments in joint ventures (net) comprise the following:

			Consolidated financial statements Percentage of Investments shareholding (Equity method)			Separate financial statements Investments (Cost method)		
		·	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Company name	Incorporated in	Nature of business	Percentage	Percentage	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht
Ar Yu International Health Care Company Limited	Republic of the Union of Myanmar	Private hospital activities	40.00	40.00	863,559,424 863,559,424	783,212,024 783,212,024	898,012,168 898,012,168	898,012,168 898,012,168

For the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022, share of profit (loss) from investment in joint ventures are calculated based on financial information which were prepared by management of its joint ventures and were reviewed by auditor. The Group's management views that the value of this investment would not significantly differ if the financial statements are audited by auditor.

The management has reviewed allowance for impairment of investments in joint ventures by considering from past performance, expected performance, and other factors.

b) The movements of investments in joint ventures (net) for the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022 comprise the following:

	Consol financial st Equity r	tatements	Separate financial statements Cost method			
_	2023 Baht	2023 2022 2023				
Beginning net book value of the year Share of profit during the year Share of other comprehensive income	783,212,024 80,327,469	740,999,153 24,800,438	898,012,168 -	898,012,168 -		
accounted for using the equity method	19,931	17,412,433	-	-		
Ending net book value of the year	863,559,424	783,212,024	898,012,168	898,012,168		

c) Investment in Republic of the Union of Myanmar

The Company had contract with GA Mone Pwint Co., Ltd., Ar Yu Ananta Medical Services Co., Ltd., and WJ International Hospital Management Co., Ltd to set up a "Joint Venture" in the name of "Ar Yu International Health Care Company Limited" which registered in Republic of the Union of Myanmar (Joint Venture) which had an objective to provide hospital operations in Republic of the Union of Myanmar.

The joint venture has been registered on 4 April 2017 with registered share capital amounting to US Dollar 100.00 million (10,000,000 ordinary shares at par value US Dollar 10.00 per share).

As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, the Company paid share payment in joint venture totalling US Dollar 28 million (equivalent to Baht 898.01 million) with the shareholding interest at 40%.

Summarised financial information for joint ventures which is accounted for using the equity method.

	Ar Yu International Health Care Company Limited As at 31 December				
	2023 20 Million Baht Million B				
	Willion Bant	Million Baht			
Current assets	211	92			
Non-current assets	1,817	1,857			
Current liabilities	(119)	(243)			
Non-current liabilities	(402)	(380)			
Net assets	1,507	1,326			
		·			
Revenue	1,004	923			
Net gain	201	62			
Other comprehensive income	-	44_			
Total comprehensive income	201	106			

The information above reflects the amounts presented in the financial statements of the joint venture (and not the Group's share of those amounts) adjusted for the differences in accounting policies between the Group and the joint ventures for the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022.

Reconciliation of summarised financial information

Reconciliation of the summarised information presented to the carrying amount of its interest in joint venture.

Summarised financial information

	Ar Yu Internationa Company L	
	2023 Million Baht	2022 Million Baht
Net asset as at 1 January Net gain during the year Other comprehensive income during the year	(293) 201 -	(399) 62 44
Net asset as at 31 December	(92)	(293)
Interest in joint venture (%) Equity in joint venture Investment as at 1 January Deficit of fair value to cost of investment prior to the change in shareholding interest	40.00 (37) 898	40.00 (118) 898
Net book value as at 31 December	864	783

21 Investment properties (net

	Consolidated financial statements						
	Land Buildings						
	Baht	Baht	Baht				
As at 1 January 2022							
Cost	1,883,031,105	3,117,225					
Less Accumulated depreciation Less Accumulated impairment	-	(1,651,204)	(1,651,204) -				
Accumulated impairment							
Net book value	1,883,031,105	1,466,021	1,884,497,126				
For the year ended 31 December 2022							
Opening net book value	1,883,031,105	1,466,021	1,884,497,126				
Disposal - cost	(144,003,465)	-	(144,003,465)				
Depreciation charge	- (40.007.500)	(155,808)	(155,808)				
Allowance for impairment	(16,997,580)	-	(16,997,580)				
Closing net book value	1,722,030,060	1,310,213	1,723,340,273				
As at 31 December 2022							
Cost	1,739,027,640	3,117,225	1,742,144,865				
Less Accumulated depreciation	-	(1,807,012)	(1,807,012)				
<u>Less</u> Accumulated impairment	(16,997,580)	-	(16,997,580)				
Net book value	1,722,030,060	1,310,213	1,723,340,273				
For the year ended 31 December 2023 Opening net book value	1 722 020 060	1,310,213	1 700 040 070				
Addition	1,722,030,060 187,500	1,310,213	1,723,340,273 187,500				
Disposal - cost	(74,307,441)	_	(74,307,441)				
Depreciation charge	- '	(155,808)	(155,808)				
	4 0 4 7 0 4 0 4 4 0	4 454 405					
Closing net book value	1,647,910,119	1,154,405	1,649,064,524				
As at 31 December 2023							
Cost	1,664,907,699	3,117,225	1,668,024,924				
<u>Less</u> Accumulated depreciation	-	(1,962,820)	(1,962,820)				
Less Accumulated impairment	(16,997,580)	-	(16,997,580)				
Net book value	1,647,910,119	1,154,405	1,649,064,524				

As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, the Group's management reviewed the allowance for impairment of investment properties of subsidiaries and found no indicators of impairment.

As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, fair values of the investment properties under land and buildings category of the Group were assessed by independent professionally qualified valuer, who has experience in the location and type of investment properties assessed. The assessment was performed using market approach for land and buildings. The fair values are within level 3 of the fair value hierarchy and the Group does not change the valuation techniques during the year.

As at 31 December 2023, fair values of investment properties under land and buildings (not included the land which in the lawsuit as mentioned in Note 46) category assessed in the consolidated financial statements are Baht 2,882.13 million (2022: Baht 2,924.36 million).

As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, the Group has investment properties - land which have book value (net) in amounting to Baht 16.99 million in the lawsuit as mentioned in Note 46.

As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, the Company has no investment property.

Amounts recognised in profit or loss that are related to investment properties (net) for the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

Revenue
Rental income
Service income

Expenses

Direct operating expenses arising from investment properties that generated rental income and service income for the year Direct operating expenses arising from investment properties that did not generate rental income and service income for the year

	lidated statements		arate statements
2023 Baht	2022 Baht	2023 Baht	2022 Baht
36,000	483,241 -	-	-
36,000	483,241	-	-
77,808	77,808	-	-
-	-	-	-
77,808	77,808	-	-

Property, plant and equipment (net)

						Consolidated fine						
	Land Baht	Unutilised land in operation Baht	Land improvement Baht	Buildings Baht	Building improvements and utility system Baht	Medical tools and equipment Baht	Tools and equipment Baht	Furniture and office equipment Baht	Computer Baht	Motor vehicle Baht	Assets under installation and construction in progress Baht	Total Baht
As at 1 January 2022												
Cost	2,178,555,733	155,476,062	18,870,093	5,541,085,197	2,429,085,791	2.550.326.498	342,400,442	357,102,025	317.790.119	104,709,173	490,711,800	14.486.112.933
Less Accumulated depreciation	2,170,000,700	155,476,062	(4,822,796)	(1,510,287,797)	(1,067,559,812)	(1,398,401,983)	(239,907,000)	(206,947,604)	(193,042,547)	(75,487,958)	490,711,000	(4,696,457,497)
Allowance for impairment		-	(4,022,730)	(1,310,207,737)	(1,007,000,012)	(812,523)	(928,993)	(1,679,332)	(444,999)	(73,407,330)	(9,967,013)	(13,832,860)
Net book value	2,178,555,733	155,476,062	14,047,297	4,030,797,400	1,361,525,979	1,151,111,992	101,564,449	148,475,089	124,302,573	29,221,215	480,744,787	9,775,822,576
		,,	, ,	.,,,,	.,,	.,,	,		,,		,	
For the year ended 31 December 2022 (Restated)												
Opening net book value	2,178,555,733	155,476,062	14,047,297	4,030,797,400	1,361,525,979	1,151,111,992	101,564,449	148,475,089	124,302,573	29,221,215	480,744,787	9,775,822,576
Additions from acquisition of subsidiaries	254,037,500	-	-	561,232,056	7,835,735	42,644,711	1,840,880	945,795	1,875,942	1,269,607	12,740,136	884,422,362
Additions	23,289,745	-	108,311	2,802,097	37,443,168	138,885,258	14,774,148	15,541,648	14,603,656	13,469,600	661,841,595	922,759,226
Borrowing costs	-	-	-	-	=	=	-	-	-	-	4,524,558	4,524,558
Transfer from advance payment for												
fixed assets	-	-	-	1,949,304	1,966,952	748,606	969,902	679,018	- 045.057	2,214,900	18,137,624	26,666,306
Transfer in (out)	-	-	30,804,354	182,909,400	222,141,399	1,991,241	15,524,373	15,594,958	945,057	-	(469,910,782)	-
Decrease from the disposal of investment in a subsidiary												
- cost	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(63,130)	(33,900)	-	-	(97,030)
 accumulated depreciation 	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,220	2,470	-	-	6,690
Disposals - cost	-	-	-	-	(33,181,356)	(26,463,996)	(13,562,945)	(2,606,868)	(2,734,439)	(1,861,500)	-	(80,411,104)
- accumulated	-	-	-	-	31,508,850	25,552,753	12,904,316	2,527,181	2,666,412	1,860,282	-	77,019,794
Depreciation charge				(0.050.050)	(0.004.500)	(0.500.505)	(4.000.470)	(0.040.00=)	(0.004.000)	(000 000)	(4.445.045)	(00.000.100)
Write-off - cost	-	-	-	(3,952,952)	(6,321,599)	(2,506,537)	(1,892,470)	(3,919,927)	(2,321,390)	(923,000)	(4,445,315)	(26,283,190)
- accumulated depreciation	-	-	(0.447.004)	3,952,952	2,038,866	1,883,138	1,694,153	2,405,810	2,188,094	922,999	-	15,086,012
Depreciation charge Impairment charge	-	-	(2,447,864)	(210,212,571)	(210,812,982)	(234,066,975)	(28,706,459)	(56,468,380)	(35,533,774) 1,729	(9,328,550)	- 4,220,648	(787,577,555) 4,222,377
Transfer from ROU (Note 23)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,729	-	4,220,040	4,222,311
- cost	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	6,915,270	3,867,000	_	10,782,270
- accumulated depreciation		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(6,915,270)	(1,159,702)	-	(8,074,972)
Closing net book value (Restated)	2,455,882,978	155,476,062	42,512,098	4,569,477,686	1,414,145,012	1,099,780,191	105,110,347	123,115,414	105,962,430	39,552,851	707,853,251	10,818,868,320
As at 31 December 2022 (Restated)												
Cost	2,455,882,978	155,476,062	49,782,758	6,636,229,460	2,673,649,597	2,884,165,365	371,903,373	390,464,829	345,928,750	129,323,511	713,599,616	16,806,406,299
<u>Less</u> Accumulated depreciation Allowance for impairment	<u>-</u>	-	(7,270,660)	(2,066,751,774)	(1,259,504,585)	(1,783,572,651) (812,523)	(265,864,033) (928,993)	(265,670,083) (1,679,332)	(239,523,050) (443,270)	(89,770,660)	(5,746,365)	(5,977,927,496) (9,610,483)
Net book value (Restated)	2,455,882,978	155,476,062	42,512,098	4,569,477,686	1,414,145,012	1,099,780,191	105,110,347	123,115,414	105,962,430	39,552,851	707,853,251	10,818,868,320

						Consolidated fina	ncial statements					
	Land Baht	Unutilised land in operation Baht	Land improvement Baht	Buildings Baht	Building improvements and utility system Baht	Medical tools and equipment Baht	Tools and equipment	Furniture and office equipment Baht	Computer Baht	Motor vehicle Baht	Assets under installation and construction in progress Baht	Total Baht
As at 1 January 2023 Cost - previously reported Effect from purchase price allocation from investment in subsidiaries	2,481,262,978 (25,380,000)	155,476,062	49,782,758	6,636,229,460	2,673,649,597	2,884,165,365	371,903,373	390,464,829	345,928,750	129,323,511	713,599,616	16,831,786,299 (25,380,000)
Cost - restated <u>Less</u> Accumulated depreciation Allowance for impairment	2,455,882,978 - -	155,476,062 - -	49,782,758 (7,270,660)	6,636,229,460 (2,066,751,774)	2,673,649,597 (1,259,504,585)	2,884,165,365 (1,783,572,651) (812,523)	371,903,373 (265,864,033) (928,993)	390,464,829 (265,670,083) (1,679,332)	345,928,750 (239,523,050) (443,270)	129,323,511 (89,770,660)	713,599,616 - (5,746,365)	16,806,406,299 (5,977,927,496) (9,610,483)
Net book value	2,455,882,978	155,476,062	42,512,098	4,569,477,686	1,414,145,012	1,099,780,191	105,110,347	123,115,414	105,962,430	39,552,851	707,853,251	10,818,868,320
For the year ended 31 December 2023 Opening net book value Additions Borrowing costs Transfer from advance payment for fixed assets Reclassification - cost - accumulated depreciation Transfer in (out) Disposals - cost - accumulated depreciation Write-off - cost - accumulated depreciation Depreciation charge Impairment charge Transfer from ROU (Note 23) - cost - accumulated depreciation	2,455,882,978 6,412,112 - - 3,968,000 - - - - - - - - - -	155,476,062 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	42,512,098 - - (16,048,462) 404,509 - - - (2,032,793) - -	4,569,477,686 1,053,950 - (1,853,580,981) 358,015,583 1,585,519 (2,394,618) 2,243,872 (8,948,252) 7,641,131 (122,413,879) - -	1,414,145,012 42,322,524 - 10,019,266 1,797,866,074 (310,236,647) 321,763,831 (35,989,835) 35,645,000 (31,846,256) 24,763,862 (370,487,732)	1,099,780,191 258,785,080 - 10,483,949 - 2,417,782 (33,545,176) 32,346,968 (22,654,714) 22,051,257 (263,617,566)	105,110,347 17,298,280 - 827,415 - 9,893,932 (10,101,967) 9,888,607 (1,769,343) 1,690,808 (31,275,931)	123,115,414 18,240,643 - 7,040,087 52,793,369 (48,183,445) 11,517,499 (11,867,005) 11,248,536 (5,594,763) 5,394,838 (62,053,972) - 6,656,544 (4,789,073)	105,962,430 24,936,021 - 554,614 - 5,334,112 (3,361,882) 3,278,246 (205,976) 197,050 (37,131,255) - 4,619,686 (4,619,546)	39,552,851 7,152,371 - 1,913,955 - (5,425,359) 4,554,607 (900,000) 226,849 (12,114,809) - 3,867,002 (3,408,700)	707,853,251 743,621,151 8,648,269 73,864,460 15,002,000 (352,512,675) (4,766,850) - - - 4,997,899	10,818,868,320 1,119,822,132 8,648,269 104,703,746 - - (107,452,692) 99,205,836 (71,919,304) 61,965,795 (901,127,937) 4,997,899 15,143,232 (12,817,319)
Closing net book value	2,466,263,090	155,476,062	24,835,352	2,952,680,011	2,897,965,099	1,106,047,771	101,562,148	103,518,672	99,563,500	35,418,767	1,196,707,505	11,140,037,977
As at 31 December 2023 Cost Less Accumulated depreciation Allowance for impairment	2,466,263,090	155,476,062 - -	33,734,296 (8,898,944) -	4,773,945,078 (1,821,265,067)	4,777,785,201 (1,879,820,102)	3,099,652,286 (1,992,791,992) (812,523)	388,051,690 (285,560,549) (928,993)	469,251,203 (364,053,199) (1,679,332)	377,805,325 (277,798,555) (443,270)	135,931,480 (100,512,713) -	1,197,455,971 - (748,466)	17,875,351,682 (6,730,701,121) (4,612,584)
Net book value	2,466,263,090	155,476,062	24,835,352	2,952,680,011	2,897,965,099	1,106,047,771	101,562,148	103,518,672	99,563,500	35,418,767	1,196,707,505	11,140,037,977

	Separate financial statements											
	Land Baht	Unutilised land in operation Baht	Land improvements Baht	Buildings Baht	Building improvements and utility system Baht	Medical tools and equipment Baht	Tools and equipment	Furniture and office equipment Baht	Computer Baht	Motor vehicle Baht	Assets under installation and construction in progress Baht	Total Baht
As at 1 January 2022												
Cost <u>Less</u> Accumulated depreciation	1,046,761,775 -	155,476,062	1,489,319 (187,589)	2,734,154,419 (1,214,242,094)	1,213,750,921 (739,820,526)	1,480,490,174 (930,949,688)	231,977,375 (186,442,006)	143,645,678 (111,129,060)	224,936,599 (134,396,776)	58,540,462 (45,837,746)	143,970,195 -	7,435,192,979 (3,363,005,485)
Net book value	1,046,761,775	155,476,062	1,301,730	1,519,912,325	473,930,395	549,540,486	45,535,369	32,516,618	90,539,823	12,702,716	143,970,195	4,072,187,494
For the year ended 31 December 2022 Opening net book value Additions Transfer from advance payment for fixed assets Transfer in (out)	1,046,761,775 16,541,744 -	155,476,062 - -	1,301,730 - - - 16,048,462	1,519,912,325 1,908,477 - 32,160,619	473,930,395 22,155,404 1,934,452 189,303,028	549,540,486 86,257,963 -	45,535,369 6,511,088 123,000 15,337,293	32,516,618 5,105,385 641,759 15,564,075	90,539,823 8,571,067 - 812,805	12,702,716 6,747,415 -	143,970,195 304,396,233 16,415,529 (269,226,282)	4,072,187,494 458,194,776 19,114,740
Disposals - cost - accumulated depreciation Write-off - cost - accumulated depreciation Depreciation charge	- - - -	- - - -	- - - - - (553,441)	- - - - - (72,603,901)	(25,582,243) 23,909,739 (6,293,099) 2,010,367 (116,046,995)	(24,644,172) 23,471,476 (605,601) 599,748 (118,632,508)	(12,143,143) 11,449,743 (13,450) 12,410 (16,717,043)	(2,567,271) 2,525,779 (148,502) 148,473 (14,113,061)	(755,498) 672,364 - - (21,191,609)	(1,861,500) 1,860,283 (923,000) 922,999 (3,598,764)	(224,700)	(67,553,827) 63,889,384 (8,208,352) 3,693,997 (363,457,322)
Transfer from ROU (Note 23) - cost - accumulated depreciation	- -	<u>-</u>	-	- -	- -	-	-	- -	6,915,270 (6,915,270)	- -	<u>-</u>	6,915,270 (6,915,270)
Closing net book value	1,063,303,519	155,476,062	16,796,751	1,481,377,520	565,321,048	515,987,392	50,095,267	39,673,255	78,648,952	15,850,149	195,330,975	4,177,860,890
As at 31 December 2022 Cost Less Accumulated depreciation	1,063,303,519	155,476,062 -	17,537,781 (741,030)	2,768,223,515 (1,286,845,995)	1,395,268,463 (829,947,415)	1,541,498,364 (1,025,510,972)	241,792,163 (191,696,896)	162,241,124 (122,567,869)	240,480,243 (161,831,291)	62,503,377 (46,653,228)	195,330,975 -	7,843,655,586 (3,665,794,696)
Net book value	1,063,303,519	155,476,062	16,796,751	1,481,377,520	565,321,048	515,987,392	50,095,267	39,673,255	78,648,952	15,850,149	195,330,975	4,177,860,890
As at 1 January 2023 Cost Less Accumulated depreciation	1,063,303,519	155,476,062 -	17,537,781 (741,030)	2,768,223,515 (1,286,845,995)	1,395,268,463 (829,947,415)	1,541,498,364 (1,025,510,972)	241,792,163 (191,696,896)	162,241,124 (122,567,869)	240,480,243 (161,831,291)	62,503,377 (46,653,228)	195,330,975	7,843,655,586 (3,665,794,696)
Net book value	1,063,303,519	155,476,062	16,796,751	1,481,377,520	565,321,048	515,987,392	50,095,267	39,673,255	78,648,952	15,850,149	195,330,975	4,177,860,890
For the year ended 31 December 2023 Opening net book value Additions Transfer from advance payment for fixed assets Reclassification - cost - accumulated depreciation	1,063,303,519 4,912,112 -	155,476,062 - -	16,796,751 - - (16,048,462) 404,509	1,481,377,520 - - (1,845,164) 80,413	565,321,048 15,245,573 - 17,893,626 (484,922)	515,987,392 147,570,788 650,000	50,095,267 6,880,768 78,298	39,673,255 4,104,102 26,750	78,648,952 9,090,474 407,000 -	15,850,149 242,465 - -	195,330,975 374,892,923 18,119,667 -	4,177,860,890 562,939,205 19,281,715 -
Transfer in (out) Disposals - cost - accumulated depreciation Write-off - cost	- - - -	- - -	- - - -	1,585,519 (2,394,618) 2,243,872	119,488,836 (36,354,355) 35,772,666	(16,813,130) 14,005,673 (210,000)	9,433,258 (7,017,317) 6,835,267 (142,432)	4,550,442 (7,828,767) 7,599,496	5,250,438 (387,080) 313,926	(3,088,700) 3,088,698	(140,308,493) - - -	(73,883,967) 69,859,598 (352,432)
 accumulated depreciation Depreciation charge 	-	-	(148,932)	(73,706,074)	(157,353,935)	209,999 (125,172,815)	128,527 (17,533,577)	(14,225,579)	(20,892,911)	(3,679,296)	-	338,526 (412,713,119)
Transfer from ROU (Note 23) - cost	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	277,558	-	-	277,558
- accumulated depreciation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(277,558)	-	-	(277,558)
Closing net book value	1,068,215,631	155,476,062	1,003,866	1,407,341,468	559,528,537	536,227,907	48,758,059	33,899,699	72,430,799	12,413,316	448,035,072	4,343,330,416
As at 31 December 2023 Cost Less Accumulated depreciation	1,068,215,631	155,476,062	1,489,319 (485,453)	2,765,569,252 (1,358,227,784)	1,511,542,143 (952,013,606)	1,672,696,022 (1,136,468,115)	251,024,738 (202,266,679)	163,093,651 (129,193,952)	255,118,633 (182,687,834)	59,657,142 (47,243,826)	448,035,072	8,351,917,665 (4,008,587,249)
Net book value	1,068,215,631	155,476,062	1,003,866	1,407,341,468	559,528,537	536,227,907	48,758,059	33,899,699	72,430,799	12,413,316	448,035,072	4,343,330,416

Unutilised land in operation is land with defined purpose for hospital operation expansion. Therefore, it is not classified as investment properties and presented in property, plant and equipment in both consolidated and separate financial statements.

Borrowing costs of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023 of Baht 8.65 million arising from financing entered into for the construction of buildings and building improvements (2022: Baht 4.52 million arising from financing entered into for the construction of land improvements, buildings, building improvements, utility system, and tools and equipment) were capitalised during the year and are included in additions. The Group used a capitalisation rate of 2.49% (2022: 1.83% - 2.66%) to represent the actual borrowing cost of the loan used to finance the project.

A subsidiary has purchased medical tools and equipment by entering into an installment agreement with third parties. The repayment schedule is in accordance with the repayment schedule specified in the contract and the interest rates are charged as agreed. As at 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2022, the outstanding liabilities are as follows:

Consol financial ir	
Unaudited 31 December 2023 Baht	Audited 31 December 2022 Baht
96,095,475 - 30,574,146 (51,649,549)	96,960,680 12,350,000 37,525,914 (50,741,119)
75,020,072 (41,948,283)	96,095,475 (48,873,913) 47,221,562
	financial ir Unaudited 31 December 2023 Baht 96,095,475 - 30,574,146 (51,649,549) 75,020,072

As at 31 December 2023, two subsidiaries (2022: a subsidiary) has credit facilities with domestic financial institutions amounting to Baht 813.30 million. (2022: Baht 402.80 million). Such credit facilitates are secured by the mortgage of some land and buildings of such subsidiaries.

As at 31 December 2023, land and buildings with cost amounting to Baht 1,012.15 million (2022: Baht 403.42 million) have been pledged with the financial institutions as collateral against bank overdrafts, borrowings from financial institutions and bank guarantees (Note 26, 28 and 43).

As at 31 December 2023, a subsidiary has disposed assets held for sale, which has not book value amounting to Baht 13.38 million.

23 Right-of-use assets (net)

		Consolidated financial statements					
	Land Baht	Buildings and building improvements Baht	Furniture and office equipment Baht	Computer Baht	Vehicle Baht	Software Baht	Total Baht
As at 1 January 2022							
Cost	3,281,984,240	39,672,726	14,128,379	41,755,423	30,906,761	669,062	3,409,116,591
Less Accumulated depreciation	(1,158,323,209)	(28,015,486)	(9,786,507)	(37,007,749)	(10,688,845)	(162,956)	(1,243,984,752)
Net book value	2,123,661,031	11,657,240	4,341,872	4,747,674	20,217,916	506,106	2,165,131,839
For the year ended 31 December 2022 (Restated)							
Opening net book value	2,123,661,031	11,657,240	4,341,872	4,747,674	20,217,916	506,106	2,165,131,839
Additions during the year	96,451,555	14,677,092	892,201	1,413,798	7,379,724	-	120,814,370
Additions from acquisition of subsidiaries	1,909,198	-	-	-	-	-	1,909,198
Write-off due to the termination during the year							
- Cost	(2,745,520)	(10,185,484)	(332,420)	(13,702,007)	(4,167,611)	-	(31,133,042)
- Accumulated depreciation	2,745,520	10,185,484	332,420	13,702,007	4,167,611	-	31,133,042
Cancellation during the year							
- Cost	(100,545,445)	(1,719,379)	-	-	-	-	(102,264,824)
- Accumulated depreciation	5,290,986	378,539	-	-	-	-	5,669,525
Lease modifications and reassessments	05.000.400						05.000.400
- Cost	25,390,466	-	-	-	-	-	25,390,466
- Accumulated depreciation	(7,523,101)	-	-	-	-	-	(7,523,101)
Transfer to property, plant and equipment (Note 22)				(C 04E 070)	(2.007.000)		(40.700.070)
- Cost	-	-	-	(6,915,270)	(3,867,000)	-	(10,782,270)
- Accumulated depreciation	(4.40.005.000)	- (44 000 477)	- (2,000,742)	6,915,270	1,159,702	-	8,074,972
Depreciation charge	(140,025,602)	(11,686,177)	(2,060,743)	(4,379,583)	(7,803,073)	(66,906)	(166,022,084)
Net book value at the end of the year (Restated)	2,004,609,088	13,307,315	3,173,330	1,781,889	17,087,269	439,200	2,040,398,091

	Consolidated financial statements						
		Buildings and building	Furniture and office			• "	
	Land Baht	improvements Baht	equipment Baht	Computer Baht	Vehicle Baht	Software Baht	Total Baht
As at 31 December 2022							
Cost	3,302,788,776	42,444,955	14,688,160	22,551,944	30,251,874	669,062	3,413,394,771
Less Accumulated depreciation	(1,298,179,688)	(29,137,640)	(11,514,830)	(20,770,055)	(13,164,605)	(229,862)	(1,372,996,680)
Net book value	2,004,609,088	13,307,315	3,173,330	1,781,889	17,087,269	439,200	2,040,398,091
For the year ended 31 December 2023							
Opening net book value	2,004,609,088	13,307,315	3,173,330	1,781,889	17,087,269	439,200	2,040,398,091
Additions during the year	494,294	59,871,861	9,768,599	22,411,117	1,435,075	-	93,980,946
Write-off due to the termination during the year							
- Cost	-	(26,373,405)	(6,737,082)	(16,518,459)	(2,379,181)	-	(52,008,127)
- Accumulated depreciation	-	26,373,405	6,737,082	16,518,459	2,379,181	-	52,008,127
Cancellation during the year							
- Cost	-	(1,676,702)	-	-	-	-	(1,676,702)
- Accumulated depreciation	-	593,832	-	-	-	-	593,832
Transfer to property, plant and equipment (Note 22)							
- Cost	-	-	(6,656,544)	(4,619,686)	(3,867,000)	-	(15,143,230)
- Accumulated depreciation	-	-	4,789,073	4,619,546	3,408,698	-	12,817,317
Transfer to intangible assets (Note 24)							
- Cost	-	-	-	-	-	(669,062)	(669,062)
- Accumulated depreciation	- (4.40.004.440)	- (4.4.405.007)	(5.004.750)	(5.400.500)	(7, 400, 705)	240,679	240,679
Depreciation charge	(142,901,143)	(14,105,867)	(5,021,753)	(5,193,539)	(7,499,765)	(10,817)	(174,732,884)
Net book value at the end of the year	1,862,202,239	57,990,439	6,052,705	18,999,327	10,564,277	-	1,955,808,987
As at 31 December 2023							
Cost	3,303,283,070	74,266,709	11,063,133	23,824,916	25,440,768	-	3,437,878,596
Less Accumulated depreciation	(1,441,080,831)	(16,276,270)	(5,010,428)	(4,825,589)	(14,876,491)	-	(1,482,069,609)
Net book value	1,862,202,239	57,990,439	6,052,705	18,999,327	10,564,277	-	1,955,808,987

Label Juniary 120 Bulling and bulling involvements of purposers of the proposers of t		Separate financial statements				
Control Cont			and building improvements	and office equipment		
Restaurnulated depreciation 18,044,053 1,288,042 11,652 19,569,230 28,959,287		40,477,004	0.044.050	440.404	00 500 005	07 700 040
Por the year ended 31 December 2022 Opening net book value						
Opening net book value 4,43,631 1,243,610 101,659 3,014,065 28,799,085 Additions during the year - cost 100,451,552 2,081,00 37,000 1,107,000 1	Net book value	24,433,631	1,243,610	101,659	3,014,065	28,792,965
Additions during the year with the office of the termination during the year cost (2,745,520) (2,643,066) - (13,702,077) (19,071,833) (For the year ended 31 December 2022					
White-off due to the termination during the year - cost (2,745,520) (2,643,608) - (1370,2007) (19,071,833) Cancellation during the year - cost - (441,486) - (37,555) - (441,486) - (451,486) - (451,486) - (451,486) - (451,486) - (451,486) - (451,486) - (451,486) - (451,486) - (451,486) - (451,486) - (458,487) - (458,487) - (458,487) - (458,487) - (458,487) - (458,487) - (458,487) - (458,487) - (458,487) - (458,487) - (458,487) - (458,487) - (458,487)				101,659	3,014,065	
Cancellation during the year - cost Cancellation Ca	Additions during the year	100,451,555	2,983,107	397,802	-	103,832,464
Cancellation during the year - cost	Write-off due to the termination during the year - cost			-		
Seasy modifications and reassessments cost	- accumulated depreciation	2,745,520		-	13,702,007	19,071,833
Ease modifications and reassessements- cost		-		-	-	
Page	· ·	-	165,557	=	-	
Transfer to property, plant and equipment (Note 22) - cost			-	-	-	
Page		(7,523,101)	-	-		
Public Net book value at the end of the year 135,286,997 1,523,097 242,470 213,693 137,266,257 1,523,097 1,523,097 242,470 213,693 137,266,257 1,523,097 1,523,097 242,470 213,693 137,266,257 1,523,097		-	-	-		
Net book value at the end of the year As at 31 December 2022 Cost Cost Cost Cost Cost Cost Cost Cost	· ·	- (= 10= == 1)	- (2 (2 2 2 2 4)	- (0=0.004)		
As at 31 December 2022 Cost Cost Less Accumulated depreciation Net book value Trunsfer to property, plant and equipment - cost - accumulated depreciation Net book value at the end of the year As at 31 December 2023 Net book value Transfer to property, plant and equipment - cost - accumulated depreciation Net book value at the end of the year As at 31 December 2023 Net book value As at 31 December 2023 Net book value As at 31 December 2025 Net book value As at 31 December 2025 Net book value As at 31 December 2026 Cost Cost As at 31 December 2026 Cost Cost As at 31 December 2026 Cost Cost Cost Cost Cost Cost Cost Cos	Depreciation charge	(7,465,554)	(2,427,691)	(256,991)	(2,800,372)	(12,950,608)
165,774,185	Net book value at the end of the year	135,286,997	1,523,097	242,470	213,693	137,266,257
Less Accumulated depreciation (30,287,188) (1,005,870) (271,513) (1,752,325) (33,316,896) Net book value 135,286,997 1,523,097 242,470 213,693 137,266,257 For the year ended 31 December 2023 Opening net book value 155,286,997 1,523,097 242,470 213,693 137,266,257 Additions during the year 484,5987,396 116,180 - 45,597,870 Virte-off ue to the termination during the year-cost - (852,267) (513,982) (1,688,460) 3,054,709 Cancellation during the year - cost - (1,676,702) - - (1,676,702) - - (1,676,702) - - (1,676,702) - - (1,676,702) - - (1,676,702) - - (1,676,702) - - (1,676,702) - - - 593,832 - - 593,832 - - - 593,832 - - - 277,558 277,558 - - 277,558	As at 31 December 2022					
For the year ended 31 December 2023 1,523,097 242,470 213,693 137,266,257 Opening net book value 135,286,997 1,523,097 242,470 213,693 137,266,257 Additions during the year 494,294 45,987,396 116,180 - 46,597,870 Write-off due to the termination during the year - cost - (852,267) (513,982) (1,688,460) (3,054,709) Cancellation during the year - cost - 852,267 513,982 1,688,460) 3,054,709 Cancellation during the year - cost - (1,676,702) - - (1,676,702) - accumulated depreciation - 593,832 - - (1,676,702) - accumulated depreciation - - 593,832 - - (277,558) Transfer to property, plant and equipment - cost - - - - 277,558 277,558 - accumulated depreciation - - - - 277,558 277,558 Depreciation charge 125,275,337 40,877,685 <td< td=""><td>Cost</td><td>165,574,185</td><td>2,528,967</td><td>513,983</td><td>1,996,018</td><td>170,583,153</td></td<>	Cost	165,574,185	2,528,967	513,983	1,996,018	170,583,153
Property	Less Accumulated depreciation	(30,287,188)	(1,005,870)	(271,513)	(1,752,325)	(33,316,896)
Opening net book value 135,286,997 1,523,097 242,470 213,693 137,266,257 Additions during the year 494,294 45,987,396 116,180 - 46,597,870 Write-off due to the termination during the year - cost	Net book value	135,286,997	1,523,097	242,470	213,693	137,266,257
Additions during the year Write-off due to the termination during the year - cost - (852,267) (513,982) (1,688,460) (3,054,709) - accumulated depreciation Cancellation during the year - cost - (1,676,702) (1,676,702) - accumulated depreciation Cancellation during the year - cost - (1,676,702) (277,558) - accumulated depreciation Cancellation during the year - cost - (1,676,702) (277,558) - accumulated depreciation Cancellation during the year - cost - (1,676,702) (277,558) - accumulated depreciation Cancellation during the year - cost - (1,676,702) (277,558) - accumulated depreciation Cancellation during the year - cost - (1,676,702) (277,558) - accumulated depreciation Cancellation during the year - cost - (1,676,702) - accumulated depreciation - (277,558) - accumulated depreciation - (277,558) - accumulated depreciation - (10,505,954) (5,549,938) (256,991) (213,693) (16,526,576) Net book value at the end of the year As at 31 December 2023 Cost - (16,068,479) (45,987,394) (116,181) - (212,172,054) - (45,917,373) - (45,917,373) - (45,917,373)	For the year ended 31 December 2023					
Additions during the year Write-off due to the termination during the year - cost - (852,267) (513,982) (1,688,460) (3,054,709) - accumulated depreciation Cancellation during the year - cost - (1,676,702) (1,676,702) - accumulated depreciation Cancellation during the year - cost - (1,676,702) (277,558) - accumulated depreciation Cancellation during the year - cost - (1,676,702) (277,558) - accumulated depreciation Cancellation during the year - cost - (1,676,702) (277,558) - accumulated depreciation Cancellation during the year - cost - (1,676,702) (277,558) - accumulated depreciation Cancellation during the year - cost - (1,676,702) (277,558) - accumulated depreciation Cancellation during the year - cost - (1,676,702) - accumulated depreciation - (277,558) - accumulated depreciation - (277,558) - accumulated depreciation - (10,505,954) (5,549,938) (256,991) (213,693) (16,526,576) Net book value at the end of the year As at 31 December 2023 Cost - (16,068,479) (45,987,394) (116,181) - (212,172,054) - (45,917,373) - (45,917,373) - (45,917,373)	Opening net book value	135,286,997	1,523,097	242,470	213,693	137,266,257
- accumulated depreciation Cancellation during the year - cost - caccumulated depreciation - accumulated depreciation - 593,832 - 593,832 - 593,832 - 593,832 - 6277,558 - 277,55		494,294	45,987,396	116,180	- -	46,597,870
Cancellation during the year - cost - accumulated depreciation - (1,676,702) (1,676,702) (1,676,702) 593,832 - (1,676,702) 593,832 - 593,832 - 593,832 593,832 593,832 (277,558) (277,	Write-off due to the termination during the year - cost	-	(852,267)	(513,982)	(1,688,460)	(3,054,709)
- accumulated depreciation - 593,832 5		-	852,267	513,982	1,688,460	
Transfer to property, plant and equipment - cost - accumulated depreciation - - - - - (277,558)		-		-	-	
- accumulated depreciation Depreciation charge (10,505,954) (5,549,938) (256,991) (213,693) (16,526,576) Net book value at the end of the year As at 31 December 2023 Cost Less Accumulated depreciation 166,068,479 45,987,394 116,181 - 212,172,054 (40,793,142) (5,109,709) (14,522) - (45,917,373)	· ·	-	593,832	=	-	
Depreciation charge (10,505,954) (5,549,938) (256,991) (213,693) (16,526,576) Net book value at the end of the year 125,275,337 40,877,685 101,659 - 166,254,681 As at 31 December 2023 Cost 166,068,479 45,987,394 116,181 - 212,172,054 Less Accumulated depreciation (40,793,142) (5,109,709) (14,522) - (45,917,373)		-	=	=		
Net book value at the end of the year As at 31 December 2023 Cost Less Accumulated depreciation 125,275,337 40,877,685 101,659 - 166,254,681 166,068,479 45,987,394 116,181 - 212,172,054 (40,793,142) (5,109,709) (14,522) - (45,917,373)	·		-	-		
As at 31 December 2023 Cost	Depreciation charge	(10,505,954)	(5,549,938)	(256,991)	(213,693)	(16,526,576)
Cost 166,068,479 45,987,394 116,181 - 212,172,054 Less Accumulated depreciation (40,793,142) (5,109,709) (14,522) - (45,917,373)	Net book value at the end of the year	125,275,337	40,877,685	101,659	-	166,254,681
<u>Less Accumulated depreciation</u> (40,793,142) (5,109,709) (14,522) - (45,917,373)	As at 31 December 2023					
	Cost			116,181	-	
Net book value 125,275,337 40,877,685 101,659 - 166,254,681	Less Accumulated depreciation	(40,793,142)	(5,109,709)	(14,522)	-	(45,917,373)
	Net book value	125,275,337	40,877,685	101,659	-	166,254,681

24 Intangible assets (net)

	Consolidated financial statements					
•		Software				
	Software	under installation	Customer relationships	Total		
	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht_		
As at 1 January 2022						
Cost	385,729,046	8,466,190	_	394,195,236		
Less Accumulated amortisation	(150,462,431)	-	_	(150,462,431)		
Less Accumulated impairment	(18,186)	-	-	(18,186)		
Net book value	235,248,429	8,466,190	<u>-</u>	243,714,619		
For the year ended 31 December 2022 (Restated)						
Opening net book value	235,248,429	8,466,190	-	243,714,619		
Additions from acquisition of subsidiaries	9,065,076	-	61,425,417	70,490,493		
Additions	6,354,685	29,092,393	-	35,447,078		
Transfer in (out) Transfer from advance payment for fixed assets	7,472,204 37,450	(7,472,204)	-	37,450		
Write-off		_	-	·		
- Cost	(2,129,291)	-	-	(2,129,291)		
- Accumulated depreciation	1,974,532	-	- (74.4.000)	1,974,532		
Amortisation charge Allowance for impairment	(51,381,525)	-	(714,238)	(52,095,763)		
Allowance for impairment	18,153	-	-	18,153		
Closing net book value	206,659,713	30,086,379	60,711,179	297,457,271		
As at 31 December 2022 (Restated)						
Cost	427,431,508	30,086,379	61,425,417	518,943,304		
Less Accumulated amortisation	(220,771,762)	-	(714,238)	(221,486,000)		
Less Accumulated impairment	(33)	-	-	(33)		
Net book value	206,659,713	30,086,379	60,711,179	297,457,271		
For the year ended 31 December 2023						
Opening net book value	206,659,713	30,086,379	60,711,179	297,457,271		
Additions	26,878,066	92,182,770	-	119,060,836		
Transfer in (out) Transfer from advance payment for fixed assets	46,457,718 18,527	(46,457,718)	-	- 18,527		
Transfer from right-of-use assets (Note 23)	10,521	-	-	10,521		
- Cost	669,062	-	-	669,062		
- Accumulated depreciation	(240,679)	-	-	(240,679)		
Disposals						
- Cost	(15,301)	-	-	(15,301)		
- Accumulated depreciation	12,065	-	-	12,065		
Write-off - Cost	(3,833,623)	(1,629,400)	_	(5,463,023)		
- Accumulated depreciation	3,821,373	-	-	3,821,373		
Amortisation charge	(58,169,196)	(17,205)	(3,674,349)	(61,860,750)		
Closing net book value	222,257,725	74,164,826	57,036,830	353,459,381		
As at 31 December 2023						
Cost	497,605,957	74,182,031	61,425,417	633,213,405		
Less Accumulated amortisation	(275,348,199)	(17,205)	(4,388,587)	(279,753,991)		
Less Accumulated impairment	(33)	-	-	(33)		
Net book value	222,257,725	74,164,826	57,036,830	353,459,381		

Software Baht Software Bah		Separat	te financial stater	nents
As at 1 January 2022 Software Baht installation Baht Total Baht As at 1 January 2022 20st 148,789,152 2,107,900 150,897,052 Less Accumulated amortisation (77,787,645) - (77,787,645) Net book value 71,001,507 2,107,900 73,109,407 For the year ended 31 December 2022 Opening net book value 71,001,507 2,107,900 73,109,407 Additions 4,213,274 4,275,591 8,488,865 Transfer in (out) 1,819,000 (1,819,000) - Amortisation charge (15,516,397) - (15,516,397) Closing net book value 61,517,384 4,564,491 66,081,875 As at 31 December 2022 154,821,426 4,564,491 159,385,917 Less Accumulated amortisation (93,304,042) - (93,304,042) Net book value 61,517,384 4,564,491 66,081,875 For the year ended 31 December 2023 10,549,840 (10,549,840) - Opening net book value 11,517,384 4,564,491 66,			Software	
As at 1 January 2022 Baht Baht Baht Cost 148,789,152 2,107,900 150,897,052 Less Accumulated amortisation (77,787,645) - (77,787,645) Net book value 71,001,507 2,107,900 73,109,407 For the year ended 31 December 2022 Opening net book value 71,001,507 2,107,900 73,109,407 Additions 4,213,274 4,275,591 8,488,865 Transfer in (out) 1,819,000 (15,516,397) - (15,516,397) Closing net book value 61,517,384 4,564,491 66,081,875 As at 31 December 2022 154,821,426 4,564,491 159,385,917 Less Accumulated amortisation (93,304,042) - (93,304,042) Net book value 61,517,384 4,564,491 66,081,875 For the year ended 31 December 2023 61,517,384 4,564,491 66,081,875 Opening net book value 61,517,384 4,564,491 66,081,875 Additions 18,015,654 59,450,740 77,		• "		
As at 1 January 2022 Cost Less Accumulated amortisation (77,787,645) Net book value 71,001,507 2,107,900 73,109,407 For the year ended 31 December 2022 Opening net book value 71,001,507 2,107,900 73,109,407 Additions 4,213,274 4,275,591 8,488,865 Transfer in (out) 1,819,000 1,819,000 1,819,000 Amortisation charge (15,516,397) Closing net book value 61,517,384 4,564,491 66,081,875 As at 31 December 2022 Cost Less Accumulated amortisation (93,304,042) Net book value 61,517,384 4,564,491 66,081,875 For the year ended 31 December 2023 Opening net book value 61,517,384 4,564,491 66,081,875 For the year ended 31 December 2023 Opening net book value 61,517,384 4,564,491 66,081,875 For the year ended 31 December 2023 Opening net book value 61,517,384 4,564,491 66,081,875 For the year ended 31 December 2023 Opening net book value 61,517,384 4,564,491 66,081,875 For the year ended depreciation 10,549,840 10,5				
Cost Less 148,789,152 (77,787,645) 2,107,900 150,897,052 (77,787,645) Net book value 71,001,507 2,107,900 73,109,407 For the year ended 31 December 2022 Opening net book value 71,001,507 2,107,900 73,109,407 Additions 4,213,274 4,275,591 8,488,865 Transfer in (out) 1,819,000 (1,819,000) 15,516,397 Closing net book value 61,517,384 4,564,491 66,081,875 As at 31 December 2022 Cost 154,821,426 4,564,491 159,385,917 Less Accumulated amortisation (93,304,042) - (93,304,042) Net book value 61,517,384 4,564,491 66,081,875 For the year ended 31 December 2023 Opening net book value 61,517,384 4,564,491 66,081,875 For the year ended 31 December 2023 (15,301) - (15,301) - (15,301) - (15,301) - (15,301) - (15,301) - (15,301) - (15,301) - </th <th>A 4 I</th> <th>Bant</th> <th>Bant</th> <th>Bant</th>	A 4 I	Bant	Bant	Bant
Less Accumulated amortisation (77,787,645) - (77,787,645) Net book value 71,001,507 2,107,900 73,109,407 For the year ended 31 December 2022 Opening net book value 71,001,507 2,107,900 73,109,407 Additions 4,213,274 4,275,591 8,488,865 Transfer in (out) 1,819,000 (1,819,000) - (15,516,397) Closing net book value 61,517,384 4,564,491 66,081,875 As at 31 December 2022 Cost 154,821,426 4,564,491 159,385,917 Less Accumulated amortisation (93,304,042) - (93,304,042) Net book value 61,517,384 4,564,491 66,081,875 For the year ended 31 December 2023 61,517,384 4,564,491 66,081,875 For the year ended 31 December 2023 61,517,384 4,564,491 66,081,875 Additions 18,015,654 59,450,740 77,466,394 Transfer in (out) 10,549,840 (10,549,840) - Disposals - - (15,301)		140 700 150	2 107 000	150 007 052
Net book value 71,001,507 2,107,900 73,109,407 For the year ended 31 December 2022 71,001,507 2,107,900 73,109,407 Additions 4,213,274 4,275,591 8,488,865 Transfer in (out) 1,819,000 (1,819,000) - Amortisation charge (15,516,397) - (15,516,397) Closing net book value 61,517,384 4,564,491 66,081,875 As at 31 December 2022 154,821,426 4,564,491 159,385,917 Less Accumulated amortisation (93,304,042) - (93,304,042) Net book value 61,517,384 4,564,491 66,081,875 For the year ended 31 December 2023 61,517,384 4,564,491 66,081,875 For the year ended 31 December 2023 61,517,384 4,564,491 66,081,875 For the year ended 31 December 2023 61,517,384 4,564,491 66,081,875 For the year ended 31 December 2023 61,517,384 4,564,491 66,081,875 For the year ended 31 December 2023 61,517,384 4,564,491 66,081,875 <tr< td=""><td></td><td>, ,</td><td>2,107,900</td><td></td></tr<>		, ,	2,107,900	
For the year ended 31 December 2022 Opening net book value Additions Transfer in (out) Amortisation charge Closing net book value As at 31 December 2022 Cost Less Accumulated amortisation Net book value Additions To the year ended 31 December 2022 Cost Less Accumulated amortisation To the year ended 31 December 2023 Opening net book value 61,517,384 A,564,491 A,564,491 B,593,879,17 B,603,304,042 Net book value 61,517,384 A,564,491 B,66,081,875 For the year ended 31 December 2023 Opening net book value 61,517,384 A,564,491 B,66,081,875 For the year ended 31 December 2023 Opening net book value 61,517,384 A,564,491 B,66,081,875 B,764 B,774 B,784	Less Accumulated amortisation	(11,101,043)		(11,101,043)
Opening net book value 71,001,507 2,107,900 73,109,407 Additions 4,213,274 4,275,591 8,488,865 Transfer in (out) 1,819,000 (1,819,000) - Amortisation charge (15,516,397) - (15,516,397) Closing net book value 61,517,384 4,564,491 66,081,875 As at 31 December 2022 - (93,304,042) - (93,304,042) Net book value 61,517,384 4,564,491 159,385,917 - (93,304,042) <	Net book value	71,001,507	2,107,900	73,109,407
Additions Transfer in (out) Amortisation charge (15,516,397) Closing net book value (15,516,397) As at 31 December 2022 Cost Less Accumulated amortisation (93,304,042) Net book value (15,517,384) A,564,491	For the year ended 31 December 2022			
Transfer in (out) Amortisation charge (1,819,000 (1,819,000) - (15,516,397) - (15,516,397) Closing net book value 61,517,384 4,564,491 66,081,875 As at 31 December 2022 Cost 154,821,426 4,564,491 159,385,917 Less Accumulated amortisation (93,304,042) - (93,304,042) Net book value 61,517,384 4,564,491 66,081,875 For the year ended 31 December 2023 Opening net book value 61,517,384 4,564,491 66,081,875 Additions 18,015,654 59,450,740 77,466,394 Transfer in (out) 10,549,840 (10,549,840) - Disposals (15,301) - (15,301) - Accumulated depreciation (15,301) - (15,301) - Accumulated depreciation (16,768,402) - (1,444,500) - Accumulated depreciation (16,768,402) - (16,768,402) Closing net book value 73,311,240 52,020,891 125,332,131 As at 31 December 2023 Cost 183,371,619 52,020,891 235,392,510				73,109,407
Amortisation charge (15,516,397) - (15,516,397) Closing net book value 61,517,384 4,564,491 66,081,875 As at 31 December 2022 Cost 154,821,426 4,564,491 159,385,917 Less Accumulated amortisation (93,304,042) - (93,304,042) Net book value 61,517,384 4,564,491 66,081,875 For the year ended 31 December 2023 Opening net book value 61,517,384 4,564,491 66,081,875 Additions 18,015,654 59,450,740 77,466,394 Transfer in (out) 10,549,840 (10,549,840) Disposals - Cost (15,301) - (15,301) - Accumulated depreciation 12,065 - 12,065 Write-off - Cost - (1,444,500) (1,444,500) - Accumulated depreciation - (1,444,500) - Accumulated depreciation 73,311,240 52,020,891 125,332,131 As at 31 December 2023 Cost 183,371,619 52,020,891 235,392,510				8,488,865
Closing net book value 61,517,384 4,564,491 66,081,875 As at 31 December 2022 Cost 154,821,426 4,564,491 159,385,917 Less Accumulated amortisation (93,304,042) - (93,304,042) Net book value 61,517,384 4,564,491 66,081,875 For the year ended 31 December 2023 61,517,384 4,564,491 66,081,875 Additions 18,015,654 59,450,740 77,466,394 Transfer in (out) 10,549,840 (10,549,840) - Disposals - (15,301) - (15,301) - Accumulated depreciation 12,065 - 12,065 Write-off - (1,444,500) (1,444,500) - Accumulated depreciation - - (1,444,500) (16,768,402) Closing net book value 73,311,240 52,020,891 125,332,131 As at 31 December 2023 183,371,619 52,020,891 235,392,510			(1,819,000)	<u>-</u>
As at 31 December 2022 Cost	Amortisation charge	(15,516,397)	-	(15,516,397)
Cost Less 154,821,426 (93,304,042) 4,564,491 (93,304,042) 159,385,917 (93,304,042) Net book value 61,517,384 4,564,491 (4,564,491) 66,081,875 (60,081,875) For the year ended 31 December 2023 Opening net book value 61,517,384 (15,17,384) 4,564,491 (4,564,491) 66,081,875 (60,081,875) Additions 18,015,654 (10,549,840) 59,450,740 (10,549,840) 77,466,394 (10,549,840) Transfer in (out) 10,549,840 (10,549,840) - (15,301) (10,549,840) - Cost (15,301) (12,065) - (15,301) (10,549,840)	Closing net book value	61,517,384	4,564,491	66,081,875
Cost Less 154,821,426 (93,304,042) 4,564,491 (93,304,042) 159,385,917 (93,304,042) Net book value 61,517,384 4,564,491 (4,564,491) 66,081,875 (60,081,875) For the year ended 31 December 2023 Opening net book value 61,517,384 (15,17,384) 4,564,491 (4,564,491) 66,081,875 (60,081,875) Additions 18,015,654 (10,549,840) 59,450,740 (10,549,840) 77,466,394 (10,549,840) Transfer in (out) 10,549,840 (10,549,840) - (15,301) (10,549,840) - Cost (15,301) (12,065) - (15,301) (10,549,840)	As at 31 December 2022			
Less Accumulated amortisation (93,304,042) - (93,304,042) Net book value 61,517,384 4,564,491 66,081,875 For the year ended 31 December 2023 61,517,384 4,564,491 66,081,875 Additions 18,015,654 59,450,740 77,466,394 Transfer in (out) 10,549,840 (10,549,840) - Disposals (15,301) - (15,301) - (15,301) - Accumulated depreciation 12,065 - 12,065 Write-off - (1,444,500) (1,444,500) - Accumulated depreciation - - - - Amortisation charge (16,768,402) - (16,768,402) Closing net book value 73,311,240 52,020,891 125,332,131 As at 31 December 2023 183,371,619 52,020,891 235,392,510		154,821,426	4,564,491	159,385,917
For the year ended 31 December 2023 Opening net book value Additions Fransfer in (out) Disposals - Cost - Accumulated depreciation Write-off - Cost - Accumulated depreciation Amortisation charge Closing net book value As at 31 December 2023 Cost Cost Cost - Cost	<u>Less</u> Accumulated amortisation		<u> </u>	(93,304,042)
Opening net book value 61,517,384 4,564,491 66,081,875 Additions 18,015,654 59,450,740 77,466,394 Transfer in (out) 10,549,840 (10,549,840) - Disposals (15,301) - (15,301) - Accumulated depreciation 12,065 - 12,065 Write-off - (1,444,500) (1,444,500) - Accumulated depreciation - - - (16,768,402) - Amortisation charge (16,768,402) - (16,768,402) Closing net book value 73,311,240 52,020,891 125,332,131 As at 31 December 2023 183,371,619 52,020,891 235,392,510	Net book value	61,517,384	4,564,491	66,081,875
Opening net book value 61,517,384 4,564,491 66,081,875 Additions 18,015,654 59,450,740 77,466,394 Transfer in (out) 10,549,840 (10,549,840) - Disposals (15,301) - (15,301) - Accumulated depreciation 12,065 - 12,065 Write-off - (1,444,500) (1,444,500) - Accumulated depreciation - - - (16,768,402) - Amortisation charge (16,768,402) - (16,768,402) Closing net book value 73,311,240 52,020,891 125,332,131 As at 31 December 2023 183,371,619 52,020,891 235,392,510	For the year anded 21 December 2022			
Additions Transfer in (out) Disposals - Cost - Accumulated depreciation Write-off - Cost - Accumulated depreciation Write-off - Cost - Accumulated depreciation Closing net book value As at 31 December 2023 Cost 18,015,654 59,450,740 77,466,394 10,549,840 (10,549,840) - (15,301) - (1		61 517 384	1 561 101	66 081 875
Transfer in (out) 10,549,840 (10,549,840) - Disposals (15,301) - (15,301) - Accumulated depreciation 12,065 - 12,065 Write-off - (1,444,500) (1,444,500) - Accumulated depreciation - - - - Amortisation charge (16,768,402) - (16,768,402) Closing net book value 73,311,240 52,020,891 125,332,131 As at 31 December 2023 183,371,619 52,020,891 235,392,510				
Disposals - Cost - Accumulated depreciation Write-off - Cost - Accumulated depreciation Write-off - Cost - Accumulated depreciation - Cost - Accumulated depreciation - Cost - Morrisation charge Closing net book value Tost -				-
- Cost (15,301) - (15,301) - Accumulated depreciation Write-off - Cost - (1,444,500) (1,444,500) - Accumulated depreciation - (16,768,402) - Accumulated depreciation - (16,768,402) - Closing net book value 73,311,240 52,020,891 125,332,131 As at 31 December 2023 Cost 183,371,619 52,020,891 235,392,510	` '	-,,-	(-,,,	
Write-off - (1,444,500) (1,444,500)		(15,301)	-	(15,301)
- Cost - (1,444,500) (1,444,500) - Accumulated depreciation Amortisation charge (16,768,402) - (16,768,402) Closing net book value 73,311,240 52,020,891 125,332,131 As at 31 December 2023 Cost 183,371,619 52,020,891 235,392,510		12,065	-	12,065
- Accumulated depreciation Amortisation charge (16,768,402) - (16,768,402) Closing net book value 73,311,240 52,020,891 125,332,131 As at 31 December 2023 Cost 183,371,619 52,020,891 235,392,510			(4.444.500)	(4, 444, 500)
Amortisation charge (16,768,402) - (16,768,402) Closing net book value 73,311,240 52,020,891 125,332,131 As at 31 December 2023 Cost 183,371,619 52,020,891 235,392,510		-	(1,444,500)	(1,444,500)
Closing net book value 73,311,240 52,020,891 125,332,131 As at 31 December 2023 Cost 183,371,619 52,020,891 235,392,510	•	(16 768 402)		- (16 768 402)
As at 31 December 2023 Cost 183,371,619 52,020,891 235,392,510	Amortisation charge	(10,700,402)	-	(10,700,402)
Cost 183,371,619 52,020,891 235,392,510	Closing net book value	73,311,240	52,020,891	125,332,131
	As at 31 December 2023			
<u>Less</u> Accumulated amortisation (110,060,379) - (110,060,379)	Cost	183,371,619	52,020,891	235,392,510
	Less Accumulated amortisation	(110,060,379)	-	(110,060,379)
Net book value 73,311,240 52,020,891 125,332,131	Net book value	73,311,240	52,020,891	125,332,131

25 Deferred tax assets (liabilities) (net)

Deferred tax assets (liabilities) (net) as at 31 December 2023 and 2022 comprise the following:

	Conso financial s	lidated tatements	Sepa financial s	
	2023 Baht	2022 Baht	2023 Baht	2022 Baht
Deferred tax assets (liabilities) (net) which presented in statements of financial position				
Deferred tax assets (net)Deferred tax liabilities (net)	184,646,504 (309,820,810)	90,567,095 (318,831,033)	- (100,936,863)	- (96,058,583)
	(125,174,306)	(228,263,938)	(100,936,863)	(96,058,583)

The movements of deferred tax assets (liabilities) (net) for the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

	Consol financial s		Sepa financial s	
	2023 Baht	2022 Baht	2023 Baht	2022 Baht
Opening balance of the year Additions (decrease) from acquisition of subsidiaries Increase (decrease) to profit or loss (Note 38) Increase (decrease) to other	(228,263,938) - 96,193,204	(203,844,071) (48,288,362) 33,331,438	(96,058,583) - (12,166,575)	(114,878,355) - 28,282,715
comprehensive income	6,896,428	(9,462,943)	7,288,295	(9,462,943)
Closing balance of the year	(125,174,306)	(228,263,938)	(100,936,863)	(96,058,583)

As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, deferred tax (net) is calculated by using the liability method on temporary differences at the tax rate of 20%

at the tax rate of 20%					
		Conso	lidated financial sta	atements	
	1 January 2023 Baht	Increase (decrease) from acquisition of a subsidiary Baht	Increase (decrease) to profit or loss Baht	Increase (decrease) to other comprehensive income Baht	31 December 2023 Baht
Deferred tax assets					
Allowance for obsolete inventories Employee benefit obligations Lease liabilities (net) Difference in interest expense which	15,446,316 90,158,387 40,673,672	- - -	953,297 (4,153,625) 26,049,561	287,703 -	16,399,613 86,292,465 66,723,233
calculated by effective interest rate method	3,023,232	_	(1,112,524)	_	1,910,708
Accumulated deficit	39,293,310	-	99,710,385	-	139,003,695
Difference in cost of assets between	,,		,		,,
accounting and tax approach Difference in depreciation expense	12,470,291	-	618,599	-	13,088,890
between accounting and tax approach	6,513,467	-	(69,298)	-	6,444,169
Allowance for impairment	149,693	-	-	-	149,693
Deferred revenue	5,758,309	=	(1,374,214)	-	4,384,095
Employee motivation liabilities	525,250	-	1,225,000	-	1,750,250
Allowance for advance payment for vaccine	34,326,720	=	-	-	34,326,720
Allowance for goods return	-	<u> </u>	1,142,272	-	1,142,272
	248,338,647	-	122,989,453	287,703	371,615,803
Deferred tax liabilities Difference in depreciation expense between					
accounting and tax approach	(95,288,377)		(17,121,247)	-	(112,409,624)
Assets under lease liabilities	(34,812,607)		(23,407,895)	=	(58,220,502)
Unrealised gain from financial assets	(116,777,459)		(380,934)	6,608,725	(110,549,668)
Prepaid front-end fee Borrowing cost as cost of	(733,480)	-	114,665	-	(618,815)
developing holistic care project Fair value of land leasehold	(398,212)	-	800,658	-	402,446
rights and leased buildings	(222,772,450)	-	13,888,504		(208,883,946)
Prepaid employee motivation	(5,820,000)	-	(690,000)	-	(6,510,000)
	(476,602,585)	-	(26,796,249)	6,608,725	(496,790,109)
Deferred tax assets (liabilities) (net)	(228,263,938)	-	96,193,204	6,896,428	(125,174,306)

				1.4. 16		_	
			Consolic	dated financial			
		In	crease			Increase ecrease)	
			crease)	Increas		to other	
	1 January	•		(decrease)		ehensive	31 December
	2022	of a sub		profit or lo		income	2022
	Baht	0. 4. 04.4.	Baht	Ba		Baht	Baht
Deferred tax assets							
Allowance for obsolete inventories	2,147,880		34,179	13,164,2	57	-	15,446,316
Employee benefit obligations	83,549,159		15,485	1,493,74	13	-	90,158,387
Lease liabilities (net)	41,218,599	3	88,218	(933,14	1 5)	-	40,673,672
Difference in interest expense which							
calculated by effective interest rate method	3,923,729		-	(900,49		-	3,023,232
Accumulated deficit	35,229,113		-	4,064,19	97	-	39,293,310
Difference in cost of assets between accounting and tax approach	12,153,185			317,10	16		12,470,291
Difference in depreciation expense	12,133,103		_	317,10	00	-	12,470,231
between accounting and tax approach	19,923,577		_	(13,410,1	10)	-	6,513,467
Allowance for impairment	149,693		_	-	,	-	149,693
Deferred revenue	1,255,149		-	4,503,16	60	-	5,758,309
Employee motivation liabilities	-		-	525,25		-	525,250
Allowance for advance payment for vaccine	-		-	34,326,72	20	-	34,326,720
	199,550,084	5,6	37,882	43,150,68	31	-	248,338,647
Deferred tax liabilities							
Difference in depreciation expense between							
accounting and tax approach	(82,267,558)		_	(13,020,8	19)	_	(95,288,377)
Assets under lease liabilities	(33,694,099)		81,840)	(736,66		-	(34,812,607)
Unrealised gain from financial assets	(104,581,467)		(13,329)	(2,719,72		,462,943)	(116,777,459)
Prepaid front-end fee	(1,025,165)		-	291,68	35	-	(733,480)
Borrowing cost as cost of developing holistic care project	(435,108)		-	36,89	96	-	(398,212)
Fair value of land leasehold							
rights and leased buildings Prepaid employee motivation	(181,390,758)	(53,5	31,075) -	12,149,38 (5,820,00		-	(222,772,450) (5,820,000)
. repaid employee metration				(0,020,0	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		(0,020,000)
	(403,394,155)	(53,9	26,244)	(9,819,24	43) (9	,462,943)	(476,602,585)
Deferred tax assets (liabilities) (net)	(203,844,071)	(49.2	288,362)	33,331,43	29 (0	,462,943)	(228,263,938)
Deletted tax assets (ilabilities) (tiet)	(203,044,071)	(40,2	.00,302)	33,331,40)O (3	,402,343)	(220,203,930)
	-		Sena	rate financia	l statemer	nte	
	-		ОСРИ	ate illianola	Incre		
					(decre		
			Ir	ncrease	•	ther	
	1.1	anuary			omprehen		31 December
	1 3	2023		or loss	•	ome	2023
		Baht	pront	Baht		Baht	Baht
	-	Dani		Dani		Danii	Daiit
Deferred tax assets							
	15 1	22.040					15 100 010
Allowance for obsolete inventories		22,918	(2.1	- 205 207\	670	E70	15,122,918
Employee benefit obligations		06,152		395,397)	679	,570	62,790,325
Lease liabilities (net)	24,7	41,695	6,0	520,765	-		31,362,460
Difference in interest expense which				==			
calculated by effective interest rate method)23,233	. ,	112,524)	-		1,910,709
Employee motivation liabilities		25,250	1,2	225,000	-		1,750,250
Allowance for advance payment for vaccine	34,3	326,720		-	_		34,326,720
	4.40.0	15.000	0.4	207.044	070	F70	4.47.000.000
	143,2	245,968	3,	337,844	679	,570	147,263,382
Deferred to the Heldittee							
Deferred tax liabilities							
Difference in depreciation expense between accounting			(0.1				(400 000 000)
and tax approach		31,194)		901,762)	-		(100,232,956)
Assets under lease liabilities	•	46,875)		986,474)	-		(30,733,349)
Unrealised gain from financial assets		673,000)		(40,848)	6,608	,725	(110,105,123)
Prepaid front-end fee		733,482)		114,665	-		(618,817)
Prepaid employee motivation	(5.8	320,000)	(6	690,000)	-		(6,510,000)
	(3,0	,/		300,000)			
		•		•	0.000	705	(0.40, 000, 0.45)
		304,551)		504,419)	6,608	,725	(248,200,245)
Deferred tax liabilities (net)	(239,3	•	(15,	•	6,608 7,288		(248,200,245)

-		Separate finan	cial statements	
	1 January 2022 Baht	Increase (decrease) to profit or loss Baht	Increase (decrease) to other comprehensive income Baht	31 December 2022 Baht
Deferred tax assets				
Allowance for obsolete inventories	2,010,905	13,112,013	-	15,122,918
Employee benefit obligations	66,719,101	(1,212,949)	-	65,506,152
Lease liabilities (net) Difference in interest expense which	4,159,234	20,582,461	-	24,741,695
calculated by effective interest rate method	3,923,729	(900,496)	-	3,023,233
Employee motivation liabilities	=	525,250	=	525,250
Allowance for advance payment for vaccine	-	34,326,720	-	34,326,720
<u>-</u>	76,812,969	66,432,999	-	143,245,968
Deferred tax liabilities Difference in depreciation expense between accounting				
and tax approach	(82,267,558)	(9,063,636)	=	(91,331,194)
Assets under lease liabilities	(3,901,572)	(20,845,303)	-	(24,746,875)
Unrealised gain from financial assets	(104,564,481)	(2,645,576)	(9,462,943)	(116,673,000)
Prepaid front-end fee	(957,713)	224,231	-	(733,482)
Prepaid employee motivation	-	(5,820,000)	-	(5,820,000)
<u>-</u>	(191,691,324)	(38,150,284)	(9,462,943)	(239,304,551)
Deferred tax liabilities (net)	(114,878,355)	28,282,715	(9,462,943)	(96,058,583)

As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, the Group and the Company did not recognise deferred tax assets (liabilities) which such amount can be deductible with tax expense in the future are as follows:

	Consoli financial st		Separate financial statements		
	2023	2022	2023	2022	
	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	
Unused tax losses					
- 2023	-	33,944,256	-	-	
- 2024	9,603,114	11,449,528	-	-	
- 2025	38,117,189	51,605,925	-	-	
- 2026	2,462,888	7,170,182	-	-	
- 2027	33,102,895	5,496,031	-	-	
- 2028	82,005,879	-	-		
Allowance for impairment of investments	-	-	189,476,528	189,476,528	
Allowance for expected credit loss					
- Trade accounts receivable	17,715,628	17,983,855	16,370,511	14,454,208	
 Advance payment, prepaid expenses and 					
other receivable	3,862,961	4,045,197	3,838,822	3,838,822	
 Short term loan to a related company 	-	-	10,400,000	10,400,000	
Allowance for obsolete inventories	4,296,610	4,886,248	-	-	
Allowance for sales return	-	350,853	-	-	
Deferred revenue	-	118,500	-	-	
Employee benefit obligations	-	2,050,363	-	2,050,363	

Deferred tax assets (liabilities) of the Group and the Company are only recognised to the future taxable profits, which is probable that the deferred tax assets can be utilised.

	Conso	lidated	Separate		
	financial s	statements	financial	statements	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	
	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	
Bank promissory notes	4,335,000,000	4,380,000,000	3,795,000,000	4,040,000,000	
Bank overdrafts	37,679,974	6,411,164	18,374,166	-	
Trust receipts	134,493,964	49,127,643	-	-	
Letter of credit	150,164,576	89,790,994	-	-	
	4 657 338 514	4 525 329 801	3 813 374 166	4 040 000 000	

		olidated statements	Separate financial statements Interest rate (% per annum)			
	Interest rate	(% per annum)				
	2023	2022	2023	2022		
Bank promissory notes	1. Interest rate in	1. Interest rate in	1. Interest rate in	Interest rate in		
	Financial Market	Financial Market	Financial Market	Financial Market		
	 MLR MLR less Fixed rate AF MRR 	2. MLR				
Bank overdrafts	 MLR less fixed rate MOR 		1. MLR less Fixed rate	-		
+	MOR plus Fixed rate					
Trust receipts	 Interest rate in Financial Market 	Interest rate in Financial Market	-	-		
Letter of credit	Interest rate in Financial Market	Interest rate in Financial Market	-	_		

As at 31 December 2023, bank promissory notes of the Group are promissory notes which due for repayment at call and promissory notes which have the maturity date within 10 months and the repayment is due in August 2024 (2022: promissory notes which due for repayment at call and promissory notes which have the maturity date within 6 months and repayment is due in March 2023) and bank promissory notes of the Company has the promissory notes which due for repayment at call and promissory notes which have the maturity date within 3 months and the repayment is due in March 2024 (2022: promissory notes which due for repayment at call and promissory notes which have the maturity date within 6 months and repayment is due in March 2023).

As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, trust receipts of the Group represents the short-term credit from two local banks which have the maturity date within 180 days for using as working capital to purchase medical supplies and equipment from overseas.

As at 31 December 2023, letters of credit of the Group represents the short-term credit with a domestic financial institution which has the maturity date within 180 days for payment of a subsidiary to sub-contractor (2022: letters of credit of the Group represents the short-term credit from two local banks which have the maturity date within 180 days for payment of a subsidiary to sub-contractor and for purchasing medical supplies and equipment from overseas).

As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, the Group has short-term credit facilities with a domestic financial institution which has credit that can be drawn down amounting to Baht 400.00 million. The credit limit is combined line between Thonburi Healthcare Group Public Company Limited and a subsidiary. The Group has to follow the condition with specified in credit agreement.

As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, the Group has short-term credit facilities with no collateral for promissory notes, aval of promissory notes, letter of credit, trust receipts, forward contract and other short-term credit facilities with domestic financial institutions. Such credit can be drawn down amounting to Baht 300.00 million. The credit limit is combined line between Thonburi Healthcare Group Public Company Limited and a subsidiary.

27 Trade and other accounts payable

		Consolidated		Separate financial statements		
		(Restated)				
	Note	2023	2022 Baht	2023 Baht	2022 Bobt	
	Note	Baht	Dant	Dant	Baht	
Trade accounts payable						
- other companies		534,314,553	508,006,624	238,782,351	235,003,399	
- related companies	41 a)	35,138,894	39,779,840	29,197,185	78,859,790	
Other accounts payable	,	, ,			, ,	
- other companies		128,163,357	94,720,394	49,338,830	41,290,585	
- related companies	41 a)	3,095,161	58,835	16,100,733	17,732,165	
Fixed assets payable	/	-,,	,	.,,	, - ,	
- other companies		145,955,611	129,439,868	100,771,851	61,880,132	
- related companies	41 a)	2,025,799	4,098,140	2,054,093	3,119,862	
Intangible asset payable	/	, ,	, , , , , ,	, ,	-, -,	
- other companies		20,645,553	12,001,589	-	_	
- related company	41 a)	3,210,000	-	3,250,000	40,000	
Interest payable	/	-, -,		-,,	-,	
- other companies		26,194,035	28,355,909	21,331,705	24,128,107	
- related companies	41 a)	-	-	1,816,726	442,460	
Dividend payable	/	23,701,825	20,739,356	23,701,825	20,724,356	
Accrued doctor fee		178,130,516	175,645,738	112,734,517	117,470,515	
Accrued staff salary, wage and bonus		224,421,113	200,501,808	157,227,055	129,116,478	
Accrued expenses		, , -	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	-, -, -	
- other companies		83,145,517	78,998,185	18,494,008	22,587,169	
- related companies	41 a)	-	· -	-	5,426,815	
Unearned income	/	33,128,442	26,402,139	15,685,131	15,243,888	
Deposit received		28,939,822	29,569,330	3,479,035	2,800,017	
Retention payable		88,281,230	76,975,308	26,726,069	17,606,468	
Deferred revenue		1,216,798	1,072,500	-	-	
Deferred revenue from		, ,				
condominium unit sold						
- other companies		487,132	6,275,740	-	-	
- related company	41 a)	21,433,340	22,515,800	-	-	
Advance received from down	/	,,-	, ,			
payment of condominium unit		23,707,845	14,291,228	-	-	
Advance received from other companies /		-,,	,,			
individuals		24,463,749	28,212,858	2,203,856	2,634,496	
			·		•	
		1,629,800,292	1,497,661,189	822,894,970	796,106,702	

28 Long-term loans from financial institutions

The movements of long-term loans from financial institutions for the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

Consolidated		Separate		
financial s	tatements	financial statements		
2023	2022	2023	2022	
Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	
6 556 769 384	6 095 690 093	4 640 322 850	5,085,000,000	
-	133,790,000	-	-	
710,000,000	1,660,322,850	700,000,000	460,322,850	
(2,013,473,205)	(1,333,033,559)	(1,542,469,435)	(905,000,000)	
5,253,296,179	6,556,769,384	3,797,853,415	4,640,322,850	
(6,979,846)	(8,853,077)	(3,094,083)	(3,667,405)	
5,246,316,333	6,547,916,307	3,794,759,332	4,636,655,445	
(1,733,935,292)	(1,580,844,650)	(1,316,048,260)	(1,173,641,143)	
	,		,	
(1,421,114,238)	-	(450,000,000)	-	
2,091,266,803	4,967,071,657	2,028,711,072	3,463,014,302	
	financial s 2023 Baht 6,556,769,384 710,000,000 (2,013,473,205) 5,253,296,179 (6,979,846) 5,246,316,333 (1,733,935,292) (1,421,114,238)	financial statements 2023 2022 Baht Baht 6,556,769,384 6,095,690,093 - 133,790,000 710,000,000 1,660,322,850 (2,013,473,205) (1,333,033,559) 5,253,296,179 6,556,769,384 (6,979,846) (8,853,077) 5,246,316,333 6,547,916,307 (1,733,935,292) (1,580,844,650) (1,421,114,238) -	financial statements financial statements 2023 2022 2023 Baht Baht Baht 6,556,769,384 6,095,690,093 4,640,322,850 710,000,000 1,660,322,850 700,000,000 (2,013,473,205) (1,333,033,559) (1,542,469,435) 5,253,296,179 6,556,769,384 3,797,853,415 (6,979,846) (8,853,077) (3,094,083) 5,246,316,333 6,547,916,307 3,794,759,332 (1,733,935,292) (1,580,844,650) (1,316,048,260) (1,421,114,238) - (450,000,000)	

Outstanding balances of long-term loans from financial institutions as at 31 December 2023 and 2022 comprise the following:

	Consolidated financial statements		Sepa financial s	
	2023 2022		2023	2022
	Baht Baht		Baht	Baht
Due within 1 year Due between 1 to 5 years Due after 5 years	3,158,935,292	1,580,844,650	1,766,048,260	1,173,641,143
	1,824,360,887	4,433,196,734	1,761,805,155	2,926,681,707
	270,000,000	542,728,000	270,000,000	540,000,000
Less Prepaid front-end fee (net)	5,253,296,179	6,556,769,384	3,797,853,415	4,640,322,850
	(6,979,846)	(8,853,077)	(3,094,083)	(3,667,405)
Total long-term loans	5,246,316,333	6,547,916,307	3,794,759,332	4,636,655,445

	Outstanding	g borrowings			
	2023	2022		Interest rate	
Company	(Million Baht)	(Million Baht)	Bank	(% per annum)	Mortgaged assets
Parent	3,797.85	4,640.32	Thailand		
				rate per annum and THOR plus	
				fixed interest rate per annum)	
4 Subsidiaries	1,455.44	1,916.45	Thailand	1. MLR less fixed interest rate per annum 2. Prime rate fixed interest rate per annum 3. BIBOR plus fixed interest rate per annum and 4. Fixed interest rate per annum (2022: 1. MLR less fixed interest rate per annum 2. Prime rate fixed interest rate per annum 3. BIBOR plus fixed interest rate per annum and 4. Fixed interest rate per annum	3. Secured by deposits of subsidiaries (Note 16)

Total 5,253.29 6,556.77

The Group and the Company are under the debt covenant criteria of loan agreements which require the Group to maintain the financial ratio, proportion of management shareholders, negative pledge and other requirements in accordance with each loan agreement.

As at 31 December 2023, the Group and the Company could not maintain some financial ratio conditions according to the loan agreements. On 13 and 14 February 2024, the Group and the Company received waived letters for such conditions from the financial institutions for the 2023 financial statements. However, long-term loans of Baht 1,421,114,238 and Baht 450,000,000 are classified as current liabilities in the consolidated and separated financial statement, respectively, because the waived letters from the financial institutions were received after the reporting date. Such long-term loans will be classified according to the agreements in first quarter of 2024.

The carrying amounts and fair values of long-term loans are as follows:

	Consolidated financial statements			
	2023		2022	
	Carrying amounts Baht	Fair values Baht	Carrying amounts Baht	Fair values Baht
Loans from financial institutions	5,246,316,333	5,127,477,335	6,547,916,307	6,299,065,320
	Separate financial statements			
	20)23	20	22
	Carrying		Carrying	
	amounts	Fair values	amounts	Fair values
	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht
Loans from financial institutions	3,794,759,332	3,675,933,232	4,636,655,445	4,483,757,596

The fair values are calculated from discounted cash flows, using a discount rate based upon the borrowing rate which the management expects to be available to the Group and the Company at the statement of financial position date. The Fair values are within level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

As a result of borrowing at floating interest rates and mainly in Thai Baht, the carrying amounts of borrowings approximate their fair values.

The Group's and the Company's interest rate risks from borrowings are as follows:

	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
	2023 Baht	2022 Baht	2023 Baht	2022 Baht
Loans at floating rates Loans at fixed rates Loans at fixed rates which will be repriced to floating rates within	5,239,996,333 6,320,000	6,515,696,307 8,960,000	3,794,759,332	4,636,655,445
1 year Later than 1 year but not later than 5 years	-	- 23,260,000	-	-

The effective interest rates as at 31 December 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
	2023 % per annum	2022 % per annum	2023 % per annum	2022 % per annum
Loans from financial institutions	2.23 to 6.57	2.00 to 4.50	4.09 to 6.00	3.12 to 3.88

Unused credit facilities

As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, the unused credit facilities comprise the following:

-			Consolidated fina	ancial statements	8	
-		2023			2022	
_	Bank overdrafts	Long-term loans	Working capital and guarantee	Bank overdrafts	Long-term loans	Working capital and guarantee
Floating interest rate - Unlimited period (Baht) - Unlimited period (US Dollar)	101,194,192 -	376,530,000 -	2,039,240,186 6,840,000	169,219,991 -	588,207,150 -	1,994,041,193 3,902,941
_			Separate finance	cial statements		_
		2023			2022	
			Working			Working
	Bank overdrafts	Long-term Ioans	capital and guarantee	Bank overdrafts	Long-term loans	capital and guarantee
Floating interest rate - Unlimited period (Baht) - Unlimited period (US Dollar)	53,625,834 -	50,000,000	1,780,353,758 6,840,000	72,000,000	251,677,150 -	1,552,019,634 3,580,000

29 Lease liabilities (net

The Group and the Company entered into lease agreements for land, buildings and building improvements, furniture and office equipment, computers, vehicles and software as at 31 December 2023 and 2022, lease liabilities are as follows:

	Consol financial s		Separate financial statements	
	2023 Baht	2022 Baht	2023 Baht	2022 Baht
	Dan	20.10	24.11	24.11
Lease liabilities Additions from acquisition of subsidiaries	419,931,245	354,880,380	299,263,089	263,386,699
- Liabilities	-	2,100,000	-	-
- Interest	-	(187,841)	-	-
<u>Less</u> Deferred interest	(149,171,872)	(149,139,300)	(142,450,784)	(139,636,779)
Present value of lease liabilities	270,759,373	207,653,239	156,812,305	123,749,920
Less Current portion of lease liabilities (net)	(78,072,208)	(21,613,429)	(11,431,177)	(8,672,198)
	192,687,165	186,039,810	145,381,128	115,077,722

Future payments of lease liabilities are to be made as follows:

	Conso financial s		Sepa financial s	
Due for payment	2023 Baht	2022 Baht	2023 Baht	2022 Baht
Bue for payment	Dant	Dant	Dant	Dant
Within 1 year	88,054,928	30,337,005	18,374,100	14,124,899
Later than 1 year but not later than 5 years	98,817,517	87,920,575	58,096,380	41,139,000
Later than 5 years	233,058,800	238,722,800	222,792,609	208,122,800
	419 931 245	356 980 380	299 263 089	263 386 699

The movements of lease liabilities (net) for the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht
				_
Opening balance of the year	207,653,239	212,415,223	123,749,920	21,126,810
Additions from acquisition of subsidiaries	-	1,941,093	-	-
Additions during the year	93,980,946	119,440,282	46,597,870	98,458,378
Lease modifications and reassessments	-	17,325,788	-	17,325,788
Termination rental agreements during the year	(1,098,336)	(104,556,276)	(1,098,336)	(279,149)
Interest paid (Note 37)	11,251,357	10,249,044	7,400,349	4,635,155
Cash payments	(41,027,833)	(49,161,915)	(19,837,498)	(17,517,062)
Closing balance of the year	270,759,373	207,653,239	156,812,305	123,749,920

30 Employee benefit obligations

The amounts recognised in the statements of financial position are as follows:

	Consol financial st		Separate financial statements	
	2023 Baht	2022 Baht	2023 Baht	2022 Baht
Present value of unfunded obligations	434,401,186	452,015,781	311,481,936	327,530,765

The movement of employee benefit obligations for the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht
Beginning balance of the year Additions from acquisition of subsidiaries Current service cost Interest cost Remeasurements of employee benefit	452,015,781	430,351,220	327,530,765	333,595,519
	-	25,577,429	-	-
	33,168,295	33,028,921	21,518,467	22,133,416
	7,710,654	6,737,436	5,519,579	5,185,871
obligations - Gain from changes of assumptions - Loss that occurred from experience Adjustment from transfer-in of employees Employee benefits paid during the year	(13,402,914)	-	(6,446,553)	-
	16,299,156	-	9,844,402	-
	-	-	(2,469,695)	-
	(61,389,786)	(43,679,225)	(44,015,029)	(33,384,041)
Ending balance of the year	434,401,186	452,015,781	311,481,936	327,530,765

Employee benefit obligations recognised in the statement of comprehensive income for the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

	Consoli financial st		Separate financial statements		
	2023	2022	2023	2022	
	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	
ce cost	33,168,295	33,028,921	21,518,467	22,133,416	
	7,710,654	6,737,436	5,519,579	5,185,871	
	40,878,949	39,766,357	27,038,046	27,319,287	

Current service cos Interest cost These expenses were included in the cost of hospital operations, cost of goods sold, cost of other services, selling expenses and administrative expenses as follows:

	Consol financial st		Sepa financial st	
	2023 Baht	2022 Baht	2023 Baht	2022 Baht
Cost of hospital operations/ Cost of goods sold/ Cost of other services	26,373,912	24,106,095	17,788,883	17,777,148
Selling expenses Administrative expenses	1,278,854 13,226,183	1,163,912 14,496,350	423,668 8,825,495	404,216 9,137,923
·	40,878,949	39,766,357	27,038,046	27,319,287

The principal actuarial assumptions are as follows:

	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
	2023 2022		2023	2022
Discount rate (% per annum) Expected future salary increase (% per annum) Employee turnover ratio (% per annum) Retirement age (year)	2.36 to 4.55 2.50 to 5.00 0.00 to 30.00 55 and 60	0.51 to 5.52 2.50 to 10.00 0.00 to 40.00 55 and 60	2.36 to 4.55 2.50 to 5.00 1.00 to 30.00 55	0.51 to 3.59 2.50 to 5.00 0.00 to 25.00 55

Sensitivity analysis for significant assumptions are as follows:

Post-employment benefits

	_	Increase (decrease) on employee benefit obligation			
		Consol		Sepa	
	<u> </u>	financial st	atements	financial st	atements
	Change in	2023	2022	2023	2022
	assumptions	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht
Discount rate	Increase by 1%	(32,494,097)	(32,087,306)	(23,003,314)	(23,352,119)
Discount rate	Decrease by 1%	37,211,128	36,447,490	26,313,973	26,462,598
Salary increase rate	Increase by 1%	36,115,319	39,703,858	25,508,798	29,071,831
Salary increase rate	Decrease by 1%	(32,211,799)	(35,253,722)	(22,779,345)	(25,860,280)
Turnover rate	Increase by 1%	(21,669,304)	(27,248,202)	(14,581,801)	(19,540,535)
Turnover rate	Decrease by 1%	25,193,262	31,945,957	16,609,045	22,515,142

The above sensitivity analysis are based on a change in an assumption while holding all other assumptions constant. In practice, this is unlikely to occur, and changes in some of the assumptions may be correlated. When calculating the sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to significant actuarial assumptions the same method, present value of the defined benefit obligation calculated with the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period.

The weighted average duration of the defined obligation of the Group and the Company for the year ended 31 December 2023 is 13.3 years (2022: the Group and the Company is 11.7 years).

Expected maturity analysis of retirement benefits as at 31 December 2023 and 2022 comprise the following:

Post-employment benefits					
Conso	lidated	Sepa	arate		
financial s	statements	financial s	tatements		
2023 2022		2023	2022		
Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht		
57,951,543	52,222,075	39,285,112	44,486,375		
171,019,778	171,641,056	119,797,924	127,570,408		
997,214,206	818,002,039	641,410,709	562,146,500		
1,226,185,527	1,041,865,170	800,493,745	734,203,283		

Within 1 year More than 1 year but less than 5 years More than 5 years

31 Treasury shares

In January 2022, the Company reissued 3,268,800 treasury shares at the price between Baht 37.00 to Baht 38.75, totalling Baht 123,672,813.

At the Board of Director's Meeting No. 1/2022 of the Company on 26 January 2022, the Board of Directors approved the capital reduction for unsold treasury share of 1,612,600 shares. The Company registered the capital reduction with the Ministry of Commerce on 3 February 2022 and transferred the treasury share reserve of baht 97,072,047 to unappropriated retained earnings. After the capital reduction, the Company has the ordinary share of 847,467,400 shares.

32 Legal reserve

Under the Public Limited Company Act, the Company is required to set aside as a legal reserve at least 5 percent of its net profit after accumulated deficit brought forward (if any) until the reserve is not less than 10 percent of the registered capital. The legal reserve is not distributable as a dividend. The legal reserve has to be approved from annual general shareholders' meeting.

As at 31 December 2023, the retained earnings - unappropriated in the consolidated financial statements included the legal reserve of three subsidiaries, totalling Baht 50,622,524. (2022: three subsidiaries, totalling Baht 46,603,824).

33 Dividend payment

Parent company - Thonburi Healthcare Group Public Company Limited

2023

At the Board of Directors' Meeting of the Company No. 1/2023 on 3 January 2023, the Board of Directors approved the interim dividend payments from its operation during 1 January 2022 to 30 September 2022 to its shareholders at Baht 0.30 per share, totaling Baht 254.23 million. The Company paid dividend to shareholders in January 2023.

At the Board of Directors' Meeting of the Company No. 3/2023 on 23 February 2023, the Board of Directors approved the dividend payments from its operation for the year 2022 to its shareholders at Baht 0.60 per share, totaling Baht 508.47 million. Such dividend payment has been approved at the Annual General Shareholders' Meeting of the year 2023 on 26 April 2023. The Company paid dividend to shareholders in May 2023.

2022

At the Board of Directors' Meeting of the Company No. 1/2022 on 26 January 2022, the Board of Directors approved the interim dividend payments from its operation during 1 January 2021 to 30 September 2021 to its shareholders at Baht 0.40 per share, totaling Baht 338.99 million. The Company paid dividend to shareholders in February 2022.

At the Board of Directors' Meeting of the Company No. 2/2022 on 15 February 2022, the Board of Directors approved the dividend payments from its operation for the year 2021 to its shareholders at Baht 0.50 per share, totaling Baht 423.73 million. Such dividend payment has been approved at the Annual General Shareholders' Meeting of the year 2022 on 28 April 2022. The Company paid dividend to shareholders in May 2022.

Subsidiary - Rajyindee Hospital Public Company Limited

2023

At the Annual General Shareholders' Meeting No. 1/2023 on 27 April 2023, the meeting approved the dividend payments from its operation for the year 2022 to its shareholders at Baht 0.18 per share. The subsidiary had paid interim dividend to its shareholders at Baht 0.03 per share. The subsidiary paid the remaining dividend at Baht 0.15 per share, totaling Baht 64.50 million, to its shareholders on 28 April 2023.

2022

At the Annual General Shareholders' Meeting on 27 April 2022, the meeting approved the dividend payment from its operation for the year 2021 to its shareholders at Baht 0.06 per share, totalling Baht 25.80 million. The subsidiary paid dividend to shareholders on 27 April 2022.

Subsidiary - Trang Medical Trading Co., Ltd.

2023

At the Annual General Shareholders' Meeting No. 1/2023 on 5 April 2023, the meeting approved the dividend payment from its operation for the year 2022 to its shareholders at Baht 2.5 per share. The subsidiary paid interim dividend to shareholders at Baht 2.00 per share, remaining at 0.50 per share, totaling Baht 14.70 million. The subsidiary paid dividend to shareholders on 28 April 2023.

At the Board of Directors' Meeting No. 5/2023 of the subsidiary on 30 November 2023, the Board of Directors approved the interim dividend payment from its operation during 1 January 2023 to 30 September 2023 to its shareholders at Baht 1.00 per share, totalling Baht 29.40 million. The subsidiary paid dividend to shareholders in December 2023.

Subsidiary - Thonburi Sermrath Co., Ltd.

2022

At the Board of Directors' Meeting No. 1/2022 of the subsidiary on 25 May 2022, the Board of Directors approved the interim dividend payment from its retained earnings of 2021 to its shareholders at Baht 2,000.00 per share, totalling Baht 20.00 million. The subsidiary paid dividend to shareholders in June 2022.

34 Non-controlling interests

	Consol financial st	
	2023 Baht	2022 Baht
Beginning balance of the year - previously reported Effect from purchase price allocation from investment in subsidiaries	997,802,306 (17,025,422)	470,658,888
Beginning balance of the year - restated Share of net profit of subsidiaries Decrease in non-controlling interests from dividend payment of subsidiaries Increase in non-controlling interests from investment in subsidiaries Decrease in non-controlling interests from changes in shareholding interests Decrease in non-controlling interests from disposal of investment in subsidiary Increase in non-controlling interests from capital increase of a subsidiary Increase in non-controlling interests from share-based payment	980,776,884 96,039,867 (47,312,558) 7,506,749 28,310,868 - - 1,914,711	470,658,888 74,840,546 (16,677,937) 387,638,210 91,475,049 (3,719,117) (23,438,755)
Ending balance of the year	1,067,236,521	980,776,884

35 Other income

		olidated statements	Separate financial statements	
	For the year ended 31 December 2023 Baht	For the year ended 31 December 2022 Baht	For the year ended 31 December 2023 Baht	For the year ended 31 December 2022 Baht
Dividend income				
- investments in subsidiaries (Note 19 a), 41 b))	-	_	61,287,442	42,022,063
- investments in associates (Note 18 b), 41 b))	-	-	38,997,157	29,317,219
- investment in equity securities				
- other companies (Note 11,17)	42,230,413	72,934,146	42,230,413	72,934,146
- related companies (Note 17), 41b))	6,090,210	12,566,900	4,590,210	5,066,900
Gain on disposal of financial assets (Note 11)	1,234,497	-	-	-
Gain on disposal of property, plant and				
equipment (net) and intangible assets (net)	67,364		67,364	-
Gain on disposal of investment properties	17,758,446	109,320,490	-	-
Interest income	5 004 440	44074577	0.050.745	0.040.400
- other companies	5,004,440	14,374,577	3,058,715	2,342,106
- related companies (Note 41 b))	1,055,013	-	143,548,711	170,084,166
Membership income	18,458,833 19,089,928	16,423,856 15,305,877	18,458,833 15,146,101	16,423,856 11,014,298
Rental income - other companies - related companies (Note 41 b))	19,009,920	174,766	1,203,364	3,047,383
Gain on measured fair value of	-	174,700	1,203,304	3,047,303
financial assets (Note 11)	1,904,671	13,598,597	204,238	13,227,879
Others - other companies	30,584,988	161,580,029	9,162,700	14,584,518
- related companies	248,000	28,116,219	1,125,567	293.547
		2, 2,210	, -,	,
	143,726,803	444,395,457	339,080,815	380,358,081

36 Expense by nature

The following expenditure items for the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022 are classified by nature as follows:

		Consolidated		Sep	Separate		
	_	financial s	statements	financial s	financial statements		
	•	For the	For the	For the	For the		
		year ended	year ended	year ended	year ended		
		31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December		
		2023	2022	2023	2022		
	Natas				_		
	Notes	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht		
Medicine, medical supplies							
		(4 404 047 400)	(0.000.454.440)	(755 007 700)	(4 000 000 000)		
and medical equipment used		(1,424,217,406)	(2,009,454,140)	(755,227,788)	,		
Laboratory and x-ray		(323,149,061)			(198,764,583)		
Doctor fee		(2,017,822,486)	(1,738,161,022)	(1,267,713,159)	(1,206,784,111)		
Staff costs		(2,860,537,703)	(2,581,522,325)	(1,634,049,134)	(1,606,078,814)		
Depreciation charges on plant		,		,	,		
and equipment, investment							
properties and right-of-use of assets	21 22 23	(1,076,016,629)	(953,755,447)	(429,239,695)	(376,407,930)		
	21, 22, 20	(1,070,010,023)	(333,733,777)	(423,233,033)	(370, 407, 330)		
Amortisation charges on	0.4	(04.000.750)	(50.005.500)	(40 700 400)	(45 540 007)		
intangible assets	24	(61,860,750)	(52,095,763)	(16,768,402)	(15,516,397)		
Repair and maintenance							
expenditure and service expenses		(240,145,626)	(214,659,572)	(155,721,083)	(136,620,645)		
Marketing expenses		(159,461,260)	(154,346,676)	(62,524,609)	(55,908,567)		
Utilities expenses		(222,566,747)	(186,147,758)	(107,128,648)	(93,868,281)		
Rental expenses		(55,220,859)	(237,217,759)	(13,974,961)	(69,025,351)		
r torital expenses		(55,220,059)	(201,211,100)	(10,37 7,301)	(03,023,331)		

37 Finance costs

	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
	For the year ended 31 December 2023 Baht	For the year ended 31 December 2022 Baht	For the year ended 31 December 2023 Baht	For the year ended 31 December 2022 Baht
Interest expense from borrowings				
- financial institutions	(432,226,831)	(287,473,620)	(329,517,836)	(250,148,108)
- related companies (Note 41 b))	-	(19,179)	(4,593,624)	(899,960)
Interest expense from lease liabilities				
 related companies (Note 41 b)) 	-	-	(1,936,011)	-
- other companies	(11,251,357)	(10,249,044)	(5,464,338)	(4,635,155)
Interest expense from other long-term liabilities	(3,625,394)	(4,370,907)	-	-
Amortization charges on front-end fee	(2,373,231)	(2,733,823)	(1,073,322)	(2,064,157)
	(449,476,813)	(304,846,573)	(342,585,131)	(257,747,380)

38 Income tax

Reconciliations of income tax for the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

		Consolidated financial statements		arate statements
	For the year ended 31 December 2023 Baht	For the year ended 31 December 2022 Baht	For the year ended 31 December 2023 Baht	For the year ended 31 December 2022 Baht
Current income tax:				
Current income tax on taxable profit for the year Write-off withholding tax	(199,642,565) (327,050)	(392,866,156) (10,908)	(120,875,435)	(254,638,953)
Adjustments over(under) recorded income tax of prior year	3,660,809	5,141,113	399,687	(296,153)
Total current income tax	(196,308,806)	(387,735,951)	(120,475,748)	(254,935,106)
Deferred income tax: Origination and reversal of temporary				
differences (Note 25)	96,193,204	33,331,438	(12,166,575)	28,282,715
	(100,115,602)	(354,404,513)	(132,642,323)	(226,652,391)

The income tax on the Group's profit before tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the basic tax rate of the home country of each company as follows:

	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
	For the year ended 31 December 2023 Baht	For the year ended 31 December 2022 Baht	For the year ended 31 December 2023 Baht	For the year ended 31 December 2022 Baht
Profit before income tax	492,252,458	2,030,939,685	856,423,916	1,264,035,320
Tax calculated at a tax rate of 20%	(98,450,492)	(406,187,937)	(171,284,783)	(252,807,064)
Tax effect of: Income not subject to tax Income subject to tax Expense not deductible for tax purpose Additionally taxable expense transactions Temporary differences for which no deferred tax was recognised Reversal of unutilised deferred tax asset Accumulated deficits Over(under) record income tax of prior year Write-off prepaid withholding tax	11,605,400 4,898 (5,977,846) 14,986,307 54,455,074 (6,933,599) (73,139,103) 3,660,809 (327,050)	15,606,311 24,588 (16,690,838) 21,547,806 58,280,420 78,331 (32,193,399) 5,141,113 (10,908)	29,436,586 (901,449) 11,156,097 (1,448,461) - 399,687	29,872,881 (5,517,270) 19,634,555 (17,539,340) - (296,153)
	(100,115,602)	(354,404,513)	(132,642,323)	(226,652,391)

39 Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit attributable to common shareholders by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
	For the	For the	For the	For the
	year ended	year ended	year ended	year ended
	31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Profit attributable to shareholders of the parent for the year (Baht) Weighted average number of ordinary shares (shares)	295,406,825	1,601,694,626	723,781,592	1,037,382,929
	847,467,400	847,349,579	847,467,400	847,349,579
Basic earnings per share (Baht per share)	0.35	1.89	0.85	1.22

There are no potential dilutive ordinary shares in issue during the reporting period. Thus, the dilutive earnings per share is not presented.

40 Business Acquisition

At the Board of Directors' Meeting No. 11/2022 of the Company on 11 November 2022, the Board of Directors approved the investment in a subsidiary - Trang Medical Trading Co., Ltd. by purchasing 16,170,000 ordinary shares amounting to Baht 658.53 million. The Company held 55% of shareholding interest expected to expand market share from this business acquisition. The Company paid for all shares in December 2022.

The assets and liabilities recognised as a result of the acquisition are as follows:

	Fair value as at acquisition date (as previously report) Baht	Adjustment Baht	Fair value as at acquisition date (Restated) Baht
Cash and cash equivalents	53,381,661	-	53,381,661
Financial assets measured at fair value	,,		,,
through profit of loss (current assets)	80,005,028	-	80,005,028
Trade and other accounts receivable	116,774,908	(35,290,096)	81,484,812
Inventories	16,007,029	-	16,007,029
Non-current assets classified as held for sale	-	13,377,252	13,377,252
Other current assets	2,683,404	2,737,780	5,421,184
Restricted deposits at financial institutions Financial assets measured at fair value	300,000	-	300,000
through other comprehensive income (non-current assets)	52,500,000	-	52,500,000
Property, plant and equipment	909,802,362	(25,380,000)	884,422,362
Right-of-use assets	1,909,198	-	1,909,198
Intangible assets	70,490,493	-	70,490,493
Other non-current assets	2,990,231	-	2,990,231
Trade and other accounts payable	(103,967,765)	527,610	(103,440,155)
Accrued income tax	(4,320,242)	4,320,242	-
Other current liabilities - Others	(6,376,097)	(527,610)	(6,903,707)
Long-term loans from financial institutions	(133,790,000)	-	(133,790,000)
Lease liabilities	(1,941,093)	-	(1,941,093)
Liabilities from purchase of medical tools and equipment	(13,200,000)	-	(13,200,000)
Deferred tax liability	(50,688,912)	2,400,550	(48,288,362)
Employee benefit obligations	(25,577,429)	-	(25,577,429)
Net identifiable assets acquired	966,982,776		929,148,504
Less: Non-controlling interests	(435,142,249)	17,025,422	(418,116,827)
	531,840,527		511,031,677
Goodwill	126,693,040	20,808,850	147,501,890
Net outflow of cash to acquire subsidiary	658,533,567		658,533,567
Purchase consideration - cash outflow			
			Baht
Outflow of cash to acquire subsidiary, net of cash acqu	ired		
Cash consideration			658,533,567
Less: Balances acquired - Cash			(53,381,661)
Net outflow of cash - investing activities			605,151,906

According to TFRS 3 Business Combinations, the effect from purchase price allocation will be adjusted retrospectively on 11 November 2022. For the estimation previously recognised at the acquisition date, it was already adjusted effect from the purchase price allocation. Group recorded the adjustment with Goodwill amounting to Baht 20.81 million.

The effect of the purchase price allocation of business combination of Trang Medical Trading Co., Ltd. to the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2022 is presented as follows:

	Previously		
	reported Baht	Adjustment Baht	Restated Baht
Current assets:			
Trade and other accounts receivable (net)	2,245,848,143	(35,290,096)	2,210,558,047
Other current assets	18,465,848	2,737,780	21,203,628
Non-current assets classified as held for sale	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	13,377,252	13,377,252
Non-current assets:			
Property, plant and equipment (net)	10,844,248,320	(25,380,000)	10,818,868,320
Goodwill	126,693,040	20,808,850	147,501,890
Current liabilities:			
Trade and other accounts payable	(1,498,188,799)	527,610	(1,497,661,189)
Other current liabilities – Others	(26,449,744)	(527,610)	(26,977,354)
Accrued income tax	(190,922,793)	4,320,242	(186,602,551)
Non-current liability:			
Deferred tax liability (net)	(321,231,583)	2,400,550	(318,831,033)
Equity	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Non-controlling interests	(997,802,306)	17,025,422	(980,776,884)

Revenue and profit contribution

The revenue included in the consolidated statement of income from 11 November 2022 to 31 December 2022 contributed by Trang Medical Trading Co., Ltd. was Baht 37,976,091. Trang Medical Trading Co., Ltd. also contributed profit of Baht 11,348,868 over the same period.

Had Trang Medical Trading Co., Ltd. been consolidated from 1 January 2022, the consolidated income statement for the year ended 31 December 2022 would show revenue of Baht 377,761,431 and profit of Baht 72,972,266.

41 Related-party transactions

Enterprises and individuals that directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, control, or are controlled by, or are under common control with, the Company, including holding companies, subsidiaries and fellow subsidiaries are related parties of the Company. Associates and individuals owning, directly or indirectly, an interest in the voting power of the Company that gives them significant influence over the enterprise, key management personnel, including directors and officers of the Company and close members of the family of these individuals and companies associated with these individuals also constitute related parties.

In considering each possible related-party relationship, attention is directed to the substance of the relationship, and not merely the legal form.

As at 31 December 2023, most of the shares of the Company are held by Vanasin family and Ramkhamhaeng Hospital Public Company Limited totalling 24.99% and 21.85%, respectively (2022: held by Vanasin family and Ramkhamhaeng Hospital Public Company Limited totalling 24.56% and 21.67%, respectively) and the remaining 53.16% (2022: 53.77%) of the shares is widely held.

The significant investments in associates, subsidiaries and joint ventures are disclosed in Notes 18, 19 and 20.

Relationships between the Company and related parties are as follows:

<u>List of related parties</u>	Country/Nationality	Relationship
Rajyindee Hospital Public Company Limited	Thai	Subsidiary
DS All Co., Ltd.	Thai	Subsidiary
Thonburi Realty Development Co., Ltd.	Thai	Subsidiary
Rajthanee Realty Co., Ltd.	Thai	Subsidiary
Thonburi Sermrath Co., Ltd.	Thai	Subsidiary
Modular Software Expertise Co., Ltd.	Thai	Subsidiary
Thonburi Wellbeing Co., Ltd.	Thai	Subsidiary
Healthiva Co., Ltd. (formerly named "Uttradit Thonburi Hospital Co.,Ltd.")	Thai	Subsidiary
Thonburi Bamrungmuang Hospital Co., Ltd.	Thai	Subsidiary
Thanarad Thung Song Co., Ltd.	Thai	Subsidiary
TH Health Co., Ltd.	Thai	Subsidiary
Thonburi Canabiz Public Company Limited	Thai	Subsidiary
		(until March 2022)
Trang Medical Trading Co., Ltd.	Thai	Subsidiary
. g		(Since November 2022)
Thonburi Property Management Co., Ltd.	Thai	Indirect subsidiary
Lanta Vechakit Co., Ltd.	Thai	Indirect subsidiary
Thung Song 888 Company Limited	Thai	Indirect subsidiary
Ubonrak Co., Ltd.	Thai	Associate
Sirivej Chanthaburi Public Company Limited	Thai	Associate
Thonburi Rangsit Hospotal Co., Ltd.	Thai	Associate
Phatara Hospital Co., Ltd.	Thai	Associate
•		(Since May 2022)
Ar Yu International Health Care Company Limited	Republic of the Union of Myanmar) Joint venture
Rajthanee Pattanakarn (2014) Co., Ltd.	Ťhai	Common shareholders
Rajnara Hospital Co., Ltd.	Thai	A relative of directors
Siroros Hospital Public Company Limited	Thai	A relative of directors
Chumvej Hospital Public Company Limited	Thai	Shareholders and common
, , ,		directors with subsidiary
Rajthanee Realty Co., Ltd.	Thai	Common shareholders and common directors
		with subsidiary
Ramkhamhaeng Hospital Public Company Limited	Thai	Shareholders and common directors
Thai Medical Group Co., Ltd.	Thai	Common shareholders
Golden Bright Asia Pacific Investment Ltd.	Hong Kong	Under common control of shareholders
WJ International Hospital Management Co., Ltd.	Hong Kong	Under common control of shareholders
Global Health Investment Ltd.	Hong Kong	Under common control of shareholders
Computed Tomography Urupong Co., Ltd.	Thai	Common shareholders
Rachphattana Real Estate Company Limited	Thai	Common shareholders
Mediverse Co., Ltd.	Thai	Common directors
Bewell Saigon Health Clinic Co., Ltd. Vietnam	Vietnam	Common directors

Related-party transactions are as follows:

a) Outstanding balances as at 31 December 2023 and 2022 arising from purchase/sales of goods and services and others are as follows:

are as follows:				
	Consoli	dated	Sepa	rate
	financial st	atements	financial s	tatements
		Restated		
	2023 Baht	2022 Baht	2023 Baht	2022 Baht
Trade accounts receivable	Dani	Dani	Dani	Dani
Subsidiaries	_	_	79,575,188	75,607,685
Associates	2,468,153	383,240	117,700	123,140
Joint ventures (net)	5,578,846	5,623,708	5,515,965	5,560,826
Related companies	290,710	5,300	-	-
	8,337,709	6,012,248	85,208,853	81,291,651
Other accounts receivable				
Subsidiaries	-	_	34,011,798	25,114,384
Associates	54,000	_	54,000	-
Joint venture	71,700	71,700	71,700	71,700
Related companies	8,460,061	930,045	193,658	106,959
	8,585,761	1,001,745	34,331,156	25,293,043
Fixed assets receivable				
Subsidiaries	-	-	2,167,034	-
	_	-	2,167,034	-
Interest ressiveble			, - ,	
Interest receivable Subsidiaries			323,348,069	204,456,607
Related companies	1,031,027	521,314	44,067	204,430,007
·	1,031,027	521,314	323,392,136	204,456,607
Dividend on about	, ,	,	, ,	, ,
Dividend receivable Related company	990,880	_	990,880	-
. ,				
	990,880	-	990,880	<u> </u>
Advance payments			4 4 4 4 0 7 0	
Subsidiary	-	-	1,141,079	<u>-</u>
	-	-	1,141,079	<u> </u>
Prepaid expenses				
Subsidiary	-	-	1,615	1,615
Related company	1,609,884	-	-	-
	1,609,884	-	1,615	1,615
Rental deposit				
Subsidiaries	-	-	466,800	141,803
	-	_	466,800	141,803
Too do consenso a societa			,	,
Trade accounts payable Subsidiaries	_	_	10,933,167	51,353,007
Associates	174,923	-	-	-
Related companies	34,963,971	39,779,840	18,264,018	27,506,783
	35,138,894	39,779,840	29,197,185	78,859,790
Other accounts payable				
Subsidiaries	_	_	16,006,173	17,673,330
Related companies	3,095,161	58,835	94,560	58,835
	3,095,161	58,835	16,100,733	17,732,165
		,	,,	,,

	Consoli	dated	Sepai	rate
	financial st		financial st	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht
Fixed assets payable				
Subsidiaries	_	_	280,600	518,722
Related companies	2,025,799	4,098,140	1,773,493	2,601,140
	0.005.700	1 000 110	0.054.000	0.440.000
	2,025,799	4,098,140	2,054,093	3,119,862
Intangible assets payable				
Subsidiary	-	-	40,000	40,000
Related company	3,210,000	-	3,210,000	
	3,210,000	-	3,250,000	40,000
Accrued interest expense Subsidiary	-	-	1,816,726	442,460
	-	-	1,816,726	442,460
A samual average				
Accrued expense Subsidiary	-	-	-	5,426,815
	-	-	-	5,426,815
Defermed December				
Deferred Revenue Related individual / company	21,433,340	22,515,800	-	-
	21,433,340	22,515,800	-	
1 P.1 196				
Lease liabilities (net) Subsidiary		_	41,767,794	
Related individual	17,064,081	23,074,498	17,064,081	23,074,498
	17,064,081	23,074,498	58,831,875	23,074,498

b) Significant revenue and expense transactions with related parties for the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

Revenue from sales of medical supplies
Revenue from service and consulting
Revenue from rental
Revenue from the sale of condominium units
Other income
Dividend income
Interest income
Purchase of inventory
Purchase of property, plant and equipment
Purchase of intangible assets
Interest expense
Repair expense & professional fee
Service expense
Rental expense
Other expense

					the year ended	d 31 December 2	2023				
	C	Consolidated fina	ancial statemen	ts			Separate financial statements				
			Related	Related					Related	Related	
Subsidiaries	Associates	Joint ventures	companies	individuals	Total	Subsidiaries	Associates	Joint ventures	companies	individuals	Total
Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht
_	1,552,305	536,760	1,046,327	_	3,135,392	11,992,937	_	_	2,900	_	11,995,837
-	4,117,522	-	7,575,228	-	11,692,750	26,225,729	660,000	_	-	-	26,885,729
-	-	-	-	-	-	993,364	-	-	-	_	993,364
-	-	-	14,840,800	-	14,840,800	-	-	-	-	-	
-	48,000	-	17,958,446	-	18,006,446	1,125,567	-	-	-	-	1,125,567
-	-	-	6,090,210	-	6,090,210	61,287,442	38,997,157	-	4,590,210	-	104,874,809
-	-	-	1,055,013	-	1,055,013	143,504,644	-	-	44,067	-	143,548,711
-	-	-	53,279,849	-	53,279,849	4,264,466	-	-	50,915,818	-	55,180,284
-	-	-	47,707,746	-	47,707,746	2,730,267	-	-	31,937,203	-	34,667,470
-	-	-	72,528,250	-	72,528,250	687,000	-	-	57,954,500	-	58,641,500
-	-	-	-	-	-	6,529,635	-	-	-	-	6,529,635
-	2,833	-	109,068,694	-	109,071,527	54,737,678	-	-	47,021,226	-	101,758,904
-	-	-	-	-	-	36,750	-	-	-	-	36,750
-	87,480	-	82,210	-	169,690	1,026,952	-	-	2,210	-	1,029,162
-	117,550	40,682	48,150	-	206,382	6,192,209	-	40,682	-	-	6,232,891

	For the year ended 31 December 2022											
		C	Consolidated fina	ancial statemen	ts	•		Separate financial statements				
				Related	Related				•	Related	Related	
	Subsidiaries Baht	Associates Baht	Joint ventures Baht	companies Baht	individuals Baht	Total Baht	Subsidiaries Baht	Associates Baht	Joint ventures Baht	companies Baht	individuals Baht	Total Baht
Revenue from sales of medical supplies	-	4,403,968	73,758	11,430,710	-	15,908,436	15,414,726	3,717,931	-	7,596,057	-	26,728,714
Revenue from service and consulting	-	1,530,000	-	592,062	-	2,122,062	24,642,363	660,000	-	-	-	25,302,363
Revenue from rental	-	-	-	174,766	-	174,766	3,047,383	-	-	-	-	3,047,383
Revenue from the sale of condominium units	-	-	-	358,914,210	-	358,914,210	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other income	-	48,000	=	132,704,976	-	132,752,976	545,068	-	-	-	-	545,068
Dividend income	-	-	=	12,566,900	-	12,566,900	42,022,063	29,317,219	-	5,066,900	-	76,406,182
Interest income	-	-	-	-	-	-	170,084,166	-	-	-	-	170,084,166
Purchase of inventory	-	-	-	94,751,285	-	94,751,285	7,835,042	-	-	84,016,466	-	91,851,508
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	-	-	-	32,795,518	-	32,795,518	2,695,627	-	-	31,352,060	-	34,047,687
Purchase of intangible assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest expense	-	-	-	19,179	-	19,179	899,960	-	-	-	-	899,960
Repair expense & professional fee	-	16,908,170	-	82,762,922	-	99,671,092	61,026,861	16,739,800	-	51,273,069	-	129,039,730
Service expense	-	-	-	-	-	-	98,400	-	-	-	-	98,400
Rental expense	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,839,080	-	-	-	-	3,839,080
Other expense	-	-	-	5,894,300	-	5,894,300	1,034,535	-	-	5,778,000	-	6,812,535

Managements and directors' remuneration

Managements and directors' remuneration for the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022 comprises the following:

	Consol financial s		Separate financial statements		
	2023 2022		2023	2022	
	Baht Baht		Baht	Baht	
Management and directors remuneration - Salaries and other short-term benefits - Post employment benefit	217,766,652	153,495,814	99,313,575	86,553,465	
	1,835,037	3,236,584	1,322,885	1,266,331	
Total	219,601,689	156,732,398	100,636,460	87,819,796	

Management benefit expenses represent benefits which management received from the Group.

Directors' remuneration is approved at the Board of Directors' meeting.

c) Short-term loans to related parties (net)

The movement of short-term loans to related parties (net) for the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

		lidated tatements	Separate financial statements		
	For the year ended 31 December 2023 Baht	For the year ended 31 December 2022 Baht	For the year ended 31 December 2023 Baht	For the year ended 31 December 2022 Baht	
Short-term loans to related parties					
Beginning balance of the year	-	-	3,631,578,900	5,250,959,242	
Additions during the year Repayment during the period	107,848,931	-	1,160,348,931	575,100,000	
- Principal	(85,000,000)	-	(950,500,000)	(2,194,480,342)	
	22,848,931	-	3,841,427,831	3,631,578,900	
Allowance for expected credit loss	-	-	(52,000,000)	(52,000,000)	
Ending balance of the year (net)	22,848,931	-	3,789,427,831	3,579,578,900	

Outstanding balances of short-term loans to related parties (net) as at 31 December 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

	Consoli financial st		Separate financial statements							
	2023 Baht							2023 2022 2023 Baht Baht Baht		2022 Baht
Chart tarm lagra to	Danit	Dani	Dani	Dani						
Short-term loans to										
Subsidiaries	-	-	3,776,578,900	3,579,578,900						
Related companies	22,848,931	-	12,848,931	-						
	22,848,931	_	3,789,427,831	3,579,578,900						

As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, short-term loans to subsidiaries are unsecured loans in Thai Baht and are due for repayment at call. The loans bear interest at the rate as agreed.

As at 31 December 2023, short-term loans to related companies are unsecured loans in Thai Baht and US Dollar and are due for repayment at call. The loans bear interest at the rate as agreed.

d) Short-term loans from a related party

The movement of short-term loans from a related party for the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

		lidated tatements	Separate financial statements		
	For the year ended year ended 31 December 31 December 2023 2022 Baht Baht		For the year ended 31 December 2023 Baht	For the year ended 31 December 2022 Baht	
Short-term loans from a related company					
Beginning balance of the year	-	-	244,000,000	46,000,000	
Additions during the year	-	200,000,000	402,000,000	409,000,000	
Repayment during the year	-	(200,000,000)	(63,000,000)	(211,000,000)	
Ending balance of the year	-	-	583,000,000	244,000,000	

As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, short-term loans from a related party represents unsecured short-term loans from a subsidiary in Thai Baht. The loan bears interest rate at the rate as agreed and is due for repayment at call.

e) Long-term loan to a subsidiary

The movement of long-term loan to a subsidiary for the year ended 31 December 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

		lidated statements	Separate financial statements		
	For the year ended year ended 31 December 2023 2022 Baht Baht		For the year ended 31 December 2023 Baht	For the year ended 31 December 2022 Baht	
Long-term loan to a subsidiary					
Beginning balance of the year	-	-	191,500,000	-	
Additions during the year	-	-	-	195,000,000	
Repayment during the year	-	-	(21,000,000)	(3,500,000)	
Current portion of long-term loan	-	-	(21,000,000)	(21,000,000)	
Ending balance of the year	-	-	149,500,000	170,500,000	

As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, long-term loan to a subsidiary represents unsecured long-term loan in Thai Baht. The loan bears interest rate at the rate as agreed and is due for repayment in February 2032.

42 Reserve for share-based paymen

During the year 2023, a subsidiary granted the right to shareholders, employees, and management of the subsidiary and its related parties to buy newly issued shares at price of Baht 30.00 per share, which is lower than its fair value at the grant date at the price of Baht 44.00 per share. The Company recognised expense from share-based payment in profit or loss of Baht 16,281,552, with a corresponding increase in reserve for share-based payments in equity of Baht 14,366,841 and non-controlling interests of Baht 1,914,711 in consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023.

The fair value of shares determined using the discounted cash flow approach.

43 Commitments

43.1 Lease commitments

The Group and the Company have entered into non-cancellable lease agreements in respect of the lease of land, building, computer, furniture and fixture, tool and equipment, vehicle and computer software.

As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, the Group and the Company have future lease payments required under these non-cancellable agreement as follows:

	Consolio financial sta		Separate financial statements	
_	2023	2022	2023	2022
Due for payment	Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht
Within 1 year	18,584,302	5,000,193	4,545,168	2,049,836
Later than 1 year but not later than 5 years _	2,317,144	924,084	2,103,636	818,991
	20,901,446	5,924,277	6,648,804	2,868,827

43.2 Capital commitments

As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, the Group and the Company have capital commitments as follows:

	Conso financial s		Sepa financial s	
	2023 Baht	2022 Baht	2023 Baht	2022 Baht
Buildings, building improvement				
and utility system	536,777,803	345,010,069	403,203,543	137,513,358
Computer software	24,873,493	15,439,778	19,456,485	5,210,578
Furniture and office equipment	1,359,206	4,273,542	-	3,770,749
Medical equipment	111,709,600	13,319,942	4,828,520	7,508,045
Computer	29,353,877	-	17,619,904	-
Equipment	321,048	354,763	-	300,000
Vehicle	-	600,000	-	-
		·		
	704,395,027	378,998,094	445,108,452	154,302,730

43.3 Other commitments

As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, the Group and the Company have other commitments as follows:

Cost of developing holistic care project Advertising expenses Cleaning and security expenses Repair and maintenance expenses Others

	lidated statement	Separate financial statement			
2023			2022		
Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht		
1,073,827,469	1,073,827,469	-	-		
8,967,761	5,176,963	2,390,808	2,474,910		
134,802,230	63,186,734	46,795,303	50,289,028		
25,350,769	8,082,697	3,271,603	3,727,017		
3,166,398	5,753,864	-	4,348,152		
1,246,114,627	1,156,027,727	52,457,714	60,839,107		

44 Contingent liabilities and guarantees

44.1 Bank guarantees

As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, the Group and the Company have outstanding bank guarantees for the normal course of business as follows:

Guarantee for electricity
Guarantee for management and
operation of hospital management
Guarantee for operation
Guarantee for liability from lawsuit
Guarantee for bidding

	lidated statements	Separate financial statements			
2023	2022 Bobt	2023	2022 Baht		
Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht		
15,482,100	14,548,603	10,088,100	10,441,603		
15,108,003 47,044,450	25,572,798 47,907,209	15,108,003 8,830,720	25,572,798 8,977,422		
-	-	-	-		
10,000,000	-	-	-		
87,634,553	88,028,610	34,026,823	44,991,823		

As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, bank guarantees of the subsidiaries are secured by the mortgage of some land and building (Note 22) and deposits at financial institutions of the subsidiaries.

As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, the Group has credit facilities with no collateral for letter of guarantees with a domestic financial institution. Such credit can be drawn down amounting to Baht 200.00 million. The credit limit is combined line between Thonburi Healthcare Group Public Company Limited and a subsidiary.

44.2 Aval of promissory notes

As at 31 December 2023, the Group and the Company has no the aval of promissory notes (2022: the Group and the Company has the aval of promissory notes which are guaranteed for payment by banks of Baht 4.76 million).

The Group has credit facilities with no collateral for aval of promissory notes with a domestic financial institution. Such credit is the credit limit which is combined line between Thonburi Healthcare Group Public Company Limited and a subsidiary (Note 26).

44.3 Guarantees for related companies

Subsidiaries

As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, the Company is a guarantor of subsidiaries detailed as follows:

		Guarante	e limit
Guarantee for	Currency	2023	2022
Providing guarantee for long-term loans facilities of subsidiaries	Million Baht	2,160.00	2,160.00
Providing guarantee for short-term credit facilities of a subsidiary	Million Baht	100.00	100.00
Providing guarantee for bank overdrafts and promissory notes facilities of subsidiaries	Million Baht	397.00	397.00
Providing guarantee for aval of promissory notes facilities of a subsidiary	Million Baht	50.00	50.00
Providing guarantee for trust receipts and letter of credit facilities of subsidiaries	Million Baht	480.00	280.00
Providing guarantee for bank guarantees facilities of a subsidiary	Million Baht	42.21	42.21
Providing guarantee for forward contract facilities of a subsidiary, combined			
line with the Company	Million Baht	48.88*	48.88*
Providing guarantee for forward contract facilities of a subsidiary	Million Baht	27.00	27.00
Providing guarantee for forward contract facilities of a subsidiary	Million US Dollar	0.70	0.70

Forward contract facilities of a subsidiary which is combined lines with the Company amounting to Baht 48.88 million, are credit facilities which the Company is a guarantor of a subsidiary and the subsidiary is a guarantor of the Company with the same amount.

Joint ventures

The Company is a guarantor of joint ventures in overseas following the standby letter of credit according to the proportion of its holding interest in joint ventures for the borrowings from overseas financial institution.

As at 31 December 2023, the Company has the standby letter of credit for guarantee to joint venture in overseas amounting to US Dollar 2.00 million (2022: US Dollar 5.26 million).

45 Significant contracts

The Group and the Company have significant contracts as follows:

Parent company - Thonburi Healthcare Group Public Company Limited

- 1) The Company has a contract with a related company to use magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) machines for its patients and those of its related companies throughout the contract period.
 - A related company is responsible for providing the MRI machines and other equipment according to the contract terms, and the Company is responsible for providing the hospital space and electricity for the equipment. The Company and a related company will share the revenue as agreed between the parties.
- 2) The Company has management services agreements with a state-owned enterprise. The agreement includes hospital support and other services to follow the public health policy. The Company has to provide management services following the scope specified in the contract throughout the contract period. The Company will receive remuneration at the rate stipulated in the agreement.
- 3) The Company has a joint venture agreement in Republic of Union of Myanmar as disclosed in Note 20.

Subsidiary - Thonburi Sermrath Co., Ltd.

- The Company has the agreement with a private hospital which is a related company. This agreement is the sharing agreement for healthcare about cardiovascular disease at a private hospital. The Company has to perform work follow the scope specified in the contract throughout the contract period. The Company will receive the share income at the rate as stipulated in the agreement.
- 2) The Company has agreements with two state-owned enterprises for medical service and operative of cardiovascular disease patients by using the location of the state hospitals. The Company has to perform work follow the scope specified in the contract throughout the contract period. The Company will receive the remuneration at the rate stipulated in the agreement.
- 3) The Company has the agreements with a state-owned enterprise (2022: none) for provide management service for medical professionals at the location of the state hospitals. The Company has to perform the scope of work in the contract throughout the contract period. The Company will receive the remuneration at the rate stipulated in the agreement.

46 Lawsuit

Subsidiary

The subsidiary filed an objection to the order by the Department of Lands to revoke its land regarding two NS.3K. documents. The Department of Lands has established the revocation committee to consider revoking the certificate of land rights that did not issue in compliance with regulation. However, as at 31 December 2023, there is no revocation order and it is under consideration by such committee.

47 Subsequent events

Parent Company - Thonburi Healthcare Group Public Company Limited

Dividend payment

At the Board of Directors' Meeting No. 2/2024 of the Company on 22 February 2024, the Board of Directors approved the dividend payments from its operation for the year 2023 to its shareholders at Baht 0.45 per share, totaling Baht 381.36 million. The Company will propose for approval the dividend payment at the Annual General Shareholders' Meeting of the Company.

A subsidiary - TH Health Co., Ltd.

1) Increase in share capital of a subsidiary - TH Health Co., Ltd.

At the Board of Directors' Meeting No. 10/2023 of the Company on 2 October 2023, the meeting approved the framework of capital increase in TH Health Co., Ltd. From Baht 21.00 million (200,000 ordinary shares at par value Baht 100.00 per share) to Baht 41.00 million (410,000 ordinary shares at par value Baht 100.00 per share). The additional capital increase can be sold to other not over 49.22% of registered shares.

At the Extra Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting No. 1/2024 of a subsidiary - TH Health Co., Ltd. on 16 January 2024, the meeting approved an increase in registered share capital from Baht 21.00 million (200,000 ordinary shares at par value Baht 100.00 per share) to Baht 41.00 million (410,000 ordinary shares at par value Baht 100.00 per share) by issuing 200,000 ordinary shares at par value Baht 10.00 per share. All additional issued ordinary shares were sold to other. The Company received a payment of additional ordinary shares, and the Company registered the increased share capital with the Ministry of Commerce on 19 January 2024. Such increase resulting in the decrease in shareholding interest from 100.00% to 51.22%

An indirect subsidiary - Lanta Vechakit Co., Ltd.

1) Increase in share capital of an indirect subsidiary - Lanta Vechakit Co., Ltd.

At the extraordinary shareholders' meeting of a subsidiary No. 1/2024 held on 27 January 2024, the shareholders approved an increase in its registered in Lanta Vechakit Co., Ltd. from Baht 45.00 million (4,500,000 ordinary shares, at par value of Baht 10.00) to Baht 100.00 million (10,000,000 ordinary shares, at par value of Baht 10.00). The newly issued shares were fully paid up and increase in registered share capital were registered with the Misnistry of Commerce in January 2024.